"All the News That's Fit to Print."

The New York Times.

THE WEATHER.
Showers and colder to-day; unsettled; moderate winds.

VOL. LIX...NO. 19,084. * * * NEW YORK, MONDAY, APRIL 25, 1910.—EIGHTEEN PAGES. ONE CENT In Greater New York, Jersey City, and Newark. Elsewhere, TWO CENTS.

$30,000,000 DAMAGE TO CROPS BY STORM

Blight Wipes Out Nearly All Fruit in Michigan and Brings Heavy Loss Elsewhere.

KILLS HALF GROWING WHEAT

Prices Now Will Rise Automatically —Cold Wave Moves to the Southern States.

Special to The New York Times.

CHICAGO, April 24.—The big storm which is spreading desolation through the fruit and vegetable districts of the Middle West spread to-day down the Mississippi Valley to the South, bringing freezing weather to Southern Illinois, Arkansas, Missouri, Western Kentucky, Tennessee, and Northern Mississippi.

All told the damage will amount to more than $30,000,000. The Michigan fruit belt—the backbone of the fruit district—is described as almost wiped out for the season. South Water Street commission men agreed last night that the Middle West will have the greatest loss it has ever experienced because of the storm. They also say that high prices automatically will begin at once.

Experts here estimate the losses in ten States as follows: Illinois, $6,000,000; Iowa, $10,000,000; Indiana, $2,000,000; Michigan, $4,000,000; Wisconsin, $3,000,000; Kansas, $1,000,000; Kentucky, $1,500,000; Missouri, $2,000,000; Ohio, $500,000; Nebraska, $1,500,000.

More than $1,000,000 damage to growing crops, fruits, berries, and vegetables has been wrought by the cold weather of the last two days, in the opinion of agricultural and horticultural experts of this section. Fully 50 per cent. of the growing wheat has been killed outright. Alfalfa has suffered similar destruction, while the injury to oats is a matter of speculation. In addition to the loss of these staples, the fruit crop is said to be practically a total loss, with little hope of saving anything except fruit following a second budding of grapes.

Advices here state that the latest estimate of damage to Wisconsin crops by the recent snowstorm and cold weather is fully $3,000,000. Virtually all fruit-tree crops and bush berries have been killed. The only fruits to escape serious damage were strawberries, which were protected by the blanket of snow, and cranberries, which were saved by the flooding of the marshes.

From Lincoln, Neb., come reports of damage to grain from frost of about $100,000. Wheat has not been harmed, according to the authorities of the State University Experimental Farm. Oats in some instances has been killed off, but will revive and come up again. The little corn that has been planted has been killed, but the amount is so small as not to be worth notice.

Estimates on the fruit damage vary from one to two million dollars. Secretary Russell of the State Board of Horticulture says the loss to all fruits, except apples, is nearly complete, and that apples are more than half killed.

News from Manhattan, Kan., stated that while declining to make any estimates, members of the Horticultural Department of the Kansas State Agricultural College had declared that fruit in Kansas had been damaged seriously by the frost. On every night when the temperature reached the freezing point the orchards belonging to the college have been heated with smudge fires and petroleum pots. But in spite of these precautions the fruit in these orchards has been damaged, and it is believed that in orchards not so protected the damage has been considerable, possibly as much as 60 per cent. of the fruit being destroyed.

In striking contrast the area of warm weather in the Northwest spread, so that while the thermometer stood at 28 degrees in Cairo, it registered 82 in Edmonton, and when Memphis shivered under 32 degrees, Medicine Hat was comfortable under sunny skies at 84. Even in Nashville the mercury approached the freezing point, while in Calgary it soared to 82.

The temperature in Chicago varied between 27 and 38 degrees, but most of the time it was slushy, snowy, rainy, windy, and generally disagreeable, rather than cold. The same kind of weather is in store for the city to-morrow, but a promise of warmth and sunshine is held out for Tuesday.

If the fruit and vegetable crops in the vicinity of Chicago can be saved the weather through most of the day was conducive to their salvation, as the experts declare that sudden sun on the frosted plants and trees would have a disastrous effect.

The general situation is indicated by the following table showing the variations in temperature in the States affected: Illinois, 24, 38; Iowa, 26, 44; Wisconsin, 28, 60; Minnesota, 30, 48; North Dakota, 28, 64, Kansas, 36, 48; Nebraska, 32, 48; Missouri, 26, 38; Arkansas, 36, 40; Kentucky, 28, 40; Indiana, 30, 42; Michigan, 30, 42; Ohio, 34, 46; New York, 38, 44; South Dakota, 32, 50; Colorado, 40, 66; Oklahoma, 42, 48; Mississippi, 40, 44; Tennessee, 32, 40, and Wyoming, 40, 64.

Prof. H. J. Cox of the Weather Bureau said to-night:

"It is hard to exaggerate the seriousness of the situation as regards fruits and vegetables. There has been weather as cold as this at this time of year, with no serious damages. The element which makes it dangerous this time is the unseasonably warm March, which brought vegetation to a stage where it is most susceptible to cold.

"Even an ordinary frost would have been serious, but this is a hard freeze, lasting several days. It is true that in the Northwest and in the immediate vicinity of the lakes there was some let-up to-day, but outside of these regions the cold was in many cases more intense than ever. There is no relief in sight for another twenty-four hours, and possibly not for two or three days.

"The States in which the freezing has been severe are Wisconsin, Minnesota, Iowa, Missouri, Nebraska, the Dakotas, Indiana, and Michigan. The cold is now spreading into Ohio, Kentucky, Arkansas, Tennessee, Oklahoma, and Mississippi."

CLEVELAND, Ohio, April 24.—"Killing frosts" have been reported to-day from

Continued on Page 2.

AMERICAN GIRL MURDERED?

Body of Miss Estella Reid Found on Beach Near Naples.

NAPLES, April 24.—The finding of the body of a young woman on the beach near here has given rise to the suspicion of murder. Apparently the woman died about three days ago. The body was scantily clothed, and this has led the authorities to believe that the woman was the victim of crime.

The body was identified by the proprietor of the Hotel Castello as that of Miss Estella Reid, supposed to have been an American, who was a guest at the hotel. She was fair and tall, with gray eyes and quite prominent nose, and wore eyeglasses. The supposition that she came from the United States was strengthened to-day, when the police found letters addressed to her from New York and St. Louis, as well as from Canada. Several of these were apparently love letters.

For the last few months Miss Reid had spent her time variously at Lindau, Germany; Turin, Milan, Pisa, and Siena. She proceeded from the last-named place to Naples and went to the Hotel Castello on April 8. She is described as having been eccentric, sometimes spending days in contemplating the view from the terrace. She devoted a portion of her time to painting. It is thought that she was not possessed of any great amount of money.

POLICEMAN HELD HIS SON.

Lieut. Blaney Gave Him the Same Treatment as Other Prisoners.

Lieut. Edmund Blaney, in charge of the Atlantic Avenue Police Station, Brooklyn, proved himself a Spartanlike father yesterday when he caused his own son to be locked up on a charge of disorderly conduct.

Lieut. William J. Eggers was on patrol yesterday morning when he saw two men in a fight at Fulton Street and Brooklyn Avenue. They resisted his efforts to part them, and one of the men told him he was a police Lieutenant's son, and "couldn't be arrested." Lieut. Eggers took the men to the station house.

The face of Lieut. Blaney, many years a policeman, and with a good record, blanched when he saw the prisoners brought before him.

"Disorderly conduct," said Lieut. Eggers.

Repressing his emotion the desk Lieutenant took the prisoners' pedigrees with the customary questions.

"Search them and lock them up," he then said sternly, and the man who arrested them and the doorman led them away to the cells. The prisoners were Charles Blaney, 23 years old, of 371 Decatur Street, a plumber, and William Malone, 19 years old, of 280 Herkimer Street, a steamfitter. Later in Gates Avenue Court sentence was suspended on them by Magistrate Hylan.

A difference of opinion regarding the coming fight between Jeffries and Johnson caused them to clash.

A WOMAN DISTRICT ATTORNEY.

Mrs. Foltz Wins Appointment in Los Angeles as an Assistant.

Special to The New York Times.

LOS ANGELES, April 24.—This city now has probably the only woman Deputy District Attorney in the country. She is Mrs. Clara Shortridge Foltz, who received a commission from District Attorney Fredericks yesterday, and will take the oath of office to-morrow.

The appointment came as a result of a request from the various women's clubs and organizations, which petitioned the District Attorney for representation on his staff. The primary purpose of a woman as a member of the District Attorney's office is to have her assist whenever children or women are concerned in the law.

Mrs. Foltz has been a pioneer among the members of her sex in attaining prominence in public positions. She is the first woman who ever served under the appointment of the Governor as a member of the Board of Trustees of a State Normal School, and is the first woman member of the State Board of Charities and Corrections. Through her efforts the prison parole system in California was added, after she had gained data from the keepers of the largest penitentiaries and reformatories in the country.

"Mrs. Foltz came to this city about eight years ago from California and opened an office in Nassau Street," said Mrs. Travis H. Whitney, another woman lawyer, last night. "She already had practiced at the California bar, and Gen. Benjamin F. Tracy moved for her admission here. She only stayed here about a year, and then went West again.

"She was about 45 years of age at that time, I believe, and had several children, to support whom she had entered the profession, she said."

FIRE BLOCKS THE SUBWAY.

Traffic Below Fifty-ninth Street Tied Up for Twenty-five Minutes.

An uptown Broadway express train was brought to a halt just south of the fifty-ninth Street Subway station at 9:30 o'clock last night by a flaming from the express third rail opposite the station. Something had fallen between the third rail and the running rail, making a short circuit, which was burning out the foreign connection.

The motorman of the express train notified the station agent of the trouble. He notified headquarters, and then the word got to Supt. Merritt at Ninety-sixth Street. He rushed squads of men from Ninety-sixth, Seventy-second, and Forty-second Streets.

While they were getting to the scene, some excited person in the station, seeing the flame, had run to the street and turned in a fire alarm. The station was presently filled with firemen, who were called upon to deal with a problem about which they knew nothing.

The downtown local trains and express trains kept running. Two uptown local trains got by before Supt. Merritt arrived. He then ordered all uptown traffic on both the express and local tracks to stop until the trouble could be investigated. Uptown trains were delayed twenty-five minutes and were lined up from Fifty-ninth Street to the Grand Central Station.

The stuff which caused the short circuit was burned out after a few minutes. The third rail was tested and pronounced all right by the workmen, and then the trains went on.

SHOTLAND,
Tailor, 275 Fifth Ave.,
Authority on Gentlemen's Apparel.—Adv.

BROKER L. J. FIELD SUED FOR $705,000

Carlos Warfield, F. A. Heinze's Friend, Trying to Recover on a Missing Collateral Transaction.

ECHO OF THE PERSCH TRIAL

Further Action by the Grand Jury Looked for in the $50,000 Windsor Trust Loan Deal.

Testimony brought out in the trial last week of Donald Persch for complicity in the loan fraud by which, with the bait of a $50,000 loan, F. A. Heinze was induced to part with $100,000 worth of stocks in his Ohio and Davis-Daly copper companies, taken in conjunction with information that has been obtained in civil actions now being tried in Boston, has been made the basis of two suits brought by Carlos Warfield against Leonard J. Field.

Carlos Warfield is a close associate of F. A. Heinze. About the time Heinze lost his $100,000 worth of copper stocks in the Windsor Trust Company loan transactions in which the trust company contended it was simply used as a stalking horse, Mr. Warfield found that some $700,000 worth of collateral put up by him in loans in Boston was being sold out. In his civil suits in Boston Mr. Warfield has endeavored to bring Mr. Field into the courts, but has been unable to get him into the Massachusetts jurisdiction.

Counsel for Mr. Warfield admitted last night that the testimony brought out last week made him confident of establishing the connection of L. J. Field with the Boston loans, and he said that papers had been served in two actions brought by his client against Mr. Field, one for $129,000 and the other for $576,000.

L. J. Field and his brother, Edwin B. Field, make up the brokerage firm of L. J. Field & Co. of 74 Broadway. Both are sons of Jacob Field, one of the best known floor traders on the Stock Exchange, who has often been credited with doing business for Standard Oil interests. The elder Field makes his office with Charles H. De Witt & Co., also at 74 Broadway.

The Windsor Trust loan transactions were put through in August of last year, and at that time it came out that F. A. Heinze and his friend Warfield had been victimized in a long series of loan deals, which cost them nearly a million dollars. The Warfield loans were made ostensibly by A. D. F. Adams of Boston, who was often seen in L. J. Field's office at the time the deals were being put through.

At the time of the Grand Jury's investigation last summer of the Windsor Trust loan, attempts were made to connect A. D. F. Adams with L. J. Field, but they were not successful. At that time Donald Persch, Charles Katz, Walter L. Clark, and John F. Sherwood, Field's twenty-two-year-old clerk, were indicted. Persch was tried last week, the jury disagreeing, and Katz comes up for trial to-day.

L. J. Field was before the Grand Jury last Summer, and after telling about his part in the Windsor Trust Company loan, finally agreed with Sherwood on a version explaining a $10,000 check deposited to his account after the men implicated in the deal had disposed of the Heinze stock at a profit. He swore that the check was really Sherwood's and that he had deposited it subject to the clerk's call. At the Persch trial last week Sherwood turned State's evidence and described to the jury Field's part in the transaction. The check for $10,175, he testified, represented Field's commission of 25 per cent. for financing the transaction. Persch's defense was largely on the theory that he had been simply a tool used by the principals behind the loan.

During the summing up, Assistant District Attorney Nott said that it was not until Sherwood had testified that the District Atorney's office could do more than suspect the part played by Leonard J. Field. "The District Attorney hopes," he added, "to land every man in the transaction, to land the backer, to land the man higher up."

At the time the loan deal first became known there was much talk about "a man higher up." A member of the Stock Exchange was named. It was also said that it would develop, if the whole truth came out, that some of the profits of the loan transactions had gone to certain men connected with the Standard Oil Company. When young Field was first before the Grand Jury and denied that the $10,000 check indorsed to him by Sherwood was his property, he denied that his father had any part in the loans, or that there was a "man higher up."

The suits brought by Carlos Warfield against L. J. Field are said to indicate much larger operations in the loan field than the Windsor Trust loan. In addition to the transactions in Heinze stocks which have been traced to the Field office, another queer loan transaction, in which A. D. F. Adams of Boston figured along with Field, was a loan of $7,000 made through Persch and his friends on certain shares of Eclipse Oil stock owned by Cram, Mulliken & Co.

In that case the loan was ostensibly made by a man named Risborough of Philadelphia. It was afterward testified that Risborough's name had been forged to the papers. The stock, which had originally been turned over to a man who closely resembled Adams, was found in Field's office.

DIDN'T LIKE THE NEW HOUSE.

3-Year-Old with Prejudices Moves Out and Is Picked Up by the Police.

Clad in nothing but a scanty night-dress, three-year-old John McGowan stood at Sixty-fourth Street and Broadway at 7 o'clock yesterday morning and calmly contemplated the passing traffic with big blue eyes. He seemed completely oblivious of the fact that it was a rather chilly morning and that a lively breeze was blowing against his little bare legs and stirring his yellow curls.

Policeman William T. O'Brien found him there and asked him what he was doing.

"We moved," replied young McGowan, "and I didn't like the new house as well as the old one, so I though I'd go back."

"Where is your new house?" asked the policeman.

"A long way off," replied the youngster, waiving his hand indefinitely southward.

"What street?" inquired the patient officer.

The big blue eyes opened wide. "I don't know, but I don't want to go there, anyhow. I want to go to the old house," was the reply.

O'Brien took him in his arms to the station, where he indignantly denied that he was cold or hungry, or that he had not enjoyed himself on his walk. It was not till last night that the lad was found by his father, Frank McGowan, a brakeman, of 59 West Sixty-fifth Street, who had been hunting him all afternoon.

In order not to miss the many notable features in next Sunday's Times it is important to place orders with news dealers to-day.

BASEBALL HOLDS UP SENATE LEGISLATION

Taft's Railroad Measure Among Those Which Now Wait Upon the Ball Games.

ALDRICH IS DISPLEASED

How Long Do They Last, He Asks—Sherman and Crane, Who Could Tell Him, Are Both at the Diamond.

WASHINGTON, April 24.—The race between the Senate and House for the distinction of being the first to pass President Taft's railroad legislation is attracting unusual interest. Both branches of Congress had hoped to reach votes before the close of the coming week, but the Senate seems to have encountered several obstacles, notably the baseball games, and from present indications it will be ten days probably before the measure is sent to conference.

Saturday afternoon Senator Elkins reported that he had sufficient votes to defeat the Cummins substitute for the Elkins-Crawford provision, which the Senators in charge of the bill want adopted.

"Then let's get a vote," urged Senator Aldrich.

"It wouldn't be safe this afternoon," said Mr. Elkins. "Too many Senators are attending the ball game."

"That would affect both sides, wouldn't it?" persisted Mr. Aldrich.

"I don't know about that," replied Mr. Elkins. "It seems to be our fellows who are away."

"Do these baseball games keep on all Summer?" asked Mr. Aldrich, in a grieved tone. Plainly, he did not know. Vice President Sherman or Senator Crane were at the ball grounds.

Representative Mann of Illinois, who has charge of the bill in the House, succeeded in getting an order for the consideration of the bill for amendments under could have answered, but both of them the five-minute rule. It is likely he can bring the measure to a final vote by Thursday or Friday.

After the Railroad bill is out of the way the House expects to begin work on the postal savings bank measure, although it may require a caucus of the House Republicans to get the bill out of committee. The Senate bill does not meet with general approval in the House, and the contest over it will be spirited.

Hearings will be had on the Moon bill for the regulation of injunctions, and naturally this measure will follow next on the House programme. Statehood legislation probably will be the last of all of the Administration policies to be considered.

President Taft will speak twice in Washington, first on Monday afternoon at the dedication of the Carnegie Library at Howard University, the cornerstone of which he laid a year ago, and then Tuesday at the dedication of the new building of the Bureau of American Republics. Both buildings are gifts of Mr. Carnegie, who will speak on both occasions, and on Monday evening will be the guest of the National Press Club of Washington.

THEOLOGICAL STUDENT LOST.

Comrades Search Country for Youth—Mind Affected by Study.

Special to The New York Times.

PRINCETON, N. J., April 24.—Students of the Princeton Theological Seminary have been searching the shores of Lake Carnegie and the surrounding country all day for Lynden C. L. D'Zilva, a theological student, who disappeared early this morning. It is feared that he has been drowned.

D'Zilva is a member of the middle class at the seminary, and for two or three weeks has been acting strangely. He was seen last at 4 o'clock this morning by Thomas Feehan, the night watchman, asleep on a sofa in the reading room of Hodge Hall, the dormitory in which he roomed.

D'Zilva is a graduate of Royal College in Ceylon, India, where he was born. Two years ago he came to the seminary, and has been studying very hard. One morning three weeks ago he failed to appear for breakfast, and a friend found him in his room acting strangely. The Rev. Paul Martin, registrar of the seminary, sent him to a sanitarium near Philadelphia and last Monday he returned greatly improved in health, under orders to take exercise. The Rev. Mr. Martin had arranged to send him to a farm near Freehold, N. J., to-morrow morning.

The Rev. Mr. Martin to-night said:

"D'Zilva is a fine fellow, and very popular. Since his return from the sanitarium we have not allowed him to do any studying. Yesterday he visited friends at Elizabeth, N. J., and returned last night.

"When his absence was discovered this morning we immediately instituted a search. The near-by country has been thoroughly scoured and the police of neighboring towns and boroughs have been notified."

In D'Zilva's room were found money and a note from D'Zilva requesting that it be used to pay his bills.

HADLEY WILL AID DICKEY.

Insurgents in Missouri to be United in Fight on Warner.

Special to The New York Times.

ST. LOUIS, April 24.—Gov. Hadley has announced that he does not intend to enter the race for the Republican nomination for United States Senator this Fall, and thus he leaves the way clear for Walter S. Dickey, Chairman of the Republican State Committee, to oppose Senator William Warner. Mr. Dickey will have Gov. Hadley's support, also that of the insurgent element among the Republicans in Missouri.

It was the machine perfected by Mr. Dickey that elected Mr. Hadley Governor, and this organization will be used to defeat Senator Warner, an out-an-out standpatter. The Republican Federal crowd will aid Warner.

BOY SPECULATOR SHOOTS HIMSELF

Seventeen-Year-Old Lad Breaks Down Under the Strain of Watching the Market.

BUT NEVER LOST, SO HE SAID

Parents Who Had Tried to Divert His Mind from Wall Street Find Son Dying.

George Dabo, a slender boy, who, according to his friends, was about the youngest speculator in Wall Street, killed himself early yesterday morning in the home of his father, Leon Dabo, an artist, at 1,122 Hudson Street, Hoboken. Young Dabo was 17 years old, but for a year is said to have been dealing in stocks and bonds, buying and selling on margin. He told his intimates that he never met a serious loss. His parents say that the nervous strain induced by his following the stock market, was responsible for his suicide, for several weeks ago, after studying the market quotations, the lad developed melancholia, which grew in intensity until he was a nervous wreck.

The stock transactions of young Dabo were not unknown to his parents. In fact, say those who knew the lad well, the first money with which young Dabo began his short career as a speculator, he received from his father. Just what stocks Dabo dealt in, could not be learned last night. Neither could the name of his broker be learned, for the lad's father was loath to talk much of his son's speculations. While the boy's friends say that he never lost in his stock transactions, they are inclined to wonder why continual success should have driven young Dabo into melancholia.

Mr. Dabo, the boy's father, said yesterday that his son had often told him he expected to be a millionaire before he was 25 years old. As to whether the boy used a system in his deals, Mr. Dabo said he did not know. But, said Mr. Dabo, his son's entire life seemed wrapped up in the stock market and he would follow the ticker tape as though his whole future depended upon the messages concerning stock prices which it contained.

Almost every morning young Dabo would get up early and hasten over to this city to be on hand when the market opened, and he usually stayed in the financial district until the closing hour of the Stock Exchange, say his acquaintances. This was several weeks ago, before he began to develop serious symptoms of a nervous breakdown. As his condition grew worse, he stopped those journeys to his brokers. His father noticed that something was wrong, and the family physician, Dr. M. Rosencranz, was called in.

Dr. Rosencranz advised Mr. Dabo, the father, to keep young George away from Wall Street for a time. It was planned that his mother should take him to Europe, where he might rest and recover his health. But the lad's mind seemed always intent on the stock market. He could not turn it aside, so say his friends.

As the boy's condition grew worse the trip to Europe was postponed several times. But very recently he seemed to be improving. Again plans were made for the trip to Europe, and Mrs. Dabo had decided to start in a few days, intending to spend the Summer abroad with her son.

On Saturday night young Dabo retired early. Not long after midnight his parents were aroused by the sound of a revolver shot which seemed to come from his room. There they found the boy lying on the bed. His temple was blackened by the smoke from the revolver shot, and there was a hole which marked where the bullet entered.

A revolver lay on the bed beside him. Dr. Ronsecranz was summoned at once, but he was unable to bring the lad back to consciousness. Young Dabo died within an hour after the physician reached the house.

FRENCH "BLOC" WINNING.

General Elections Begun—Left Combination Likely to Remain in Power.

PARIS, Monday, April 25.—The general elections to the new Chamber of Deputies yesterday brought out 3,000 candidates for 597 seats.

Available returns at an early hour this morning indicate that the Catholic agitation has had little effect on the "Republican bloc," as the combination of parties of the Left, now in control, is called. Their members will be returned with only slight losses.

Figures at 2 o'clock this morning give the block 75 members returned, the Conservatives 34, and the Socialists 25.

A second ballot will be necessary for 84 of the seats from which returns have thus far been received.

The chief troubles of the day were reported from the towns of Chambon and Eraville. At Chambon a mob wrecked and fired the City Hall, and beat the gendarmes who tried to restore order.

There was a dramatic scene at Eraville, where a man was shot dead by the Mayor, who was presiding over the ballot in the City Hall. The reasons for the shooting, it was afterward stated, were not connected with politics.

FEAR RIOTS IN ATLANTA.

Negro Partly Identified as a Murderer and Four Others Held.

ATLANTA, April 24.—In a moment of consciousness to-day Conductor W. H. Bryson, one of the victims of three negro highwaymen who last night held up and robbed a street car in an Atlanta suburb, partially identified one of the negroes caught in the police dragnet.

This negro and four others, who are held on suspicion of having shot Bryson and killed Motorman S. Brown, are prisoners in the "Tower." Extraordinary precautions have been taken by the county and city police to keep from the thousands of whites who to-day thronged the vicinity of the crime any facts which might tend to cause race hatred. Chief of Police Jennings stated to-night that every precaution had been taken against manifestation of a riot spirit.

SEA LIONS OFF GALVESTON.

No Record of Such Animals in These Waters Before.

GALVESTON, Texas, April 24.—A school of sea lions has been reported in Galveston Ship Channel between the Government jetties by Capt. Prendergast of the United States dredge Galveston.

There is no record of these animals having been seen in these waters until now.

RUBBER MARKET REVIVING.

Settlement Begins To-day, but Serious Trouble Is Not Expected.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, April 24.—Another settlement on the Stock Exchange begins to-morrow, but, though it is a settlement of accounts in which the rubber and oil shakeout took place, serious trouble is not expected.

The rubber market appears to be steadily regaining confidence, so far as the good class of companies is concerned. In all other descriptions last week's history was one of dullness.

SHERMAN IN CONGRESS FIGHT.

His Speech in St. Louis Will Open the Missouri and Illinois Campaigns.

WASHINGTON, April 24.—Vice President Sherman will fire the opening gun in the Congressional campaigns of Missouri and Southern Illinois to-morrow night at a dinner of the City Industrial Association of St. Louis, at which he is to be the guest of honor.

The Vice President, with Representatives J. Sloat Fassett of New York and James W. Fordney of Michigan, former Senator Hemingway of Indiana, and former Representatives James E. Watson of Indiana, left Washington to-day, and will arrive in St. Louis to-morrow afternoon.

HAS NEW GERM DESTROYER.

Brown University Professor Uses Light Ray to Purify Foods.

Special to The New York Times.

BOSTON, April 24.—Prof. E. P. Gorham of Brown University plans to sterilize meat, milk, fish, and every other food product in which disease germs exist and to destroy these germs simply by passing the food products under a ray of light.

Prof. Gorham has been working on his process in secret for some time, and announces that he will make known his discovery and method of applying it within ten days. He indicates that the ultra-violet ray plays a great part in his experiments in his Providence laboratory.

REFORM AGENT DISAPPEARS.

No Trace of Man Employed in Atlantic City Excise Fight.

Special to The New York Times.

ATLANTIC CITY, N. J., April 24.—Mystery surrounds the sudden disappearance of William Crook of Camden, who was hired by the reformers to secure evidence in their crusade on violators of the excise law.

Crook started yesterday afternoon, with Constables, to serve a batch of warrants, when suddenly Crook was missed. His fellow bailiffs looked in vain for him, and started on alone, but up to-night nothing has been heard from him.

Dispatches from Camden indicate that he did not return to that city, and all efforts to find him here have been unavailing.

TAFT INVITES HIS DOUBLE.

He's Sergt. Morley of Pittsburg's Police, and He'll Lunch with President.

Special to The New York Times.

PITTSBURG, Penn., April 24.—President Taft has a double in Thomas J. Morley, Desk Sergeant at the Central Police Station here, and in recognition of this fact the President has invited Mr. Morley to dine with him at Hotel Schenley on May 1, and to sit beside him and watch the baseball game at Forbes Field on the day following. Sergt. Morley has accepted the invitation.

A Pittsburg friend of the President several days ago mailed Mr. Taft a picture of the Police Sergeant wearing a frock coat and high silk hat. The President was so amazed at the likeness to himself that he immediately wrote back:

"I want to meet Mr. Morley when I come to Pittsburg, and be sure that there is a seat reserved alongside of the one I am to occupy at the ball game on May 2."

At the same time Mr. Taft authorized his friend to invite Mr. Morley to have luncheon with him.

"SALOON CLOSED."

Labor of Brooklyn Excise Sleuths Saved by a Simple Sign.

The police in Brooklyn were touched yesterday by the consideration and thoughtfulness displayed by some of the saloon keepers, to whom hard-working detectives were expressing gratitude last night for their efforts to make excise sleuthing easier.

That there might be no uncertainty or misunderstanding in the minds of the policemen, these considerate liquor sellers yesterday each displayed in his front window a neat sign to the following effect:

"This place is closed to-day."

A "plain clothes" man, seeing one of these, would go on up the street deeply impressed.

"There's a thoughtful man for you," he would remark. "If they'd all be as sensible as that they'd save a poor cop no end of trouble."

THINK GIRL WAS KIDNAPPED.

Police Alarm Out for Five-Year-Old Viola Miller, Missing Since Saturday.

A general alarm was sent out yesterday by the police for 5-year-old Viola Miller, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. John Miller of 132 East 128th Street, who disappeared from in front of her home Saturday at noon. She is 3 feet 2 inches in height, weighs about forty pounds, has blue eyes and brown hair, and when last seen wore a calico dress, a gray bear cloth coat, and high topped shoes. Her parents are distracted; they think she has been kidnapped. Mr. Miller is a fruit dealer in Washington Market.

When Mrs. Miller first missed her daughter she thought the child had gone to visit her grandmother, Mrs. Mary Barrett, at 328 East 126th Street. She hurried there, and found that the little girl hadn't been there. The parents have visited the rooms of the Children's Society three or four times since, but they had received no news of their daughter from any source up to last midnight.

DON'T BE A JUNE BUG.

Ex-Gov. Guild of Massachusetts Prints Poem of Advice, Saying They 'Butt In.'

Special to The New York Times.

BOSTON, Mass., April 24.—Ex-Gov. Curtis Guild has blossomed out into a poet of protest against those who "butt in." Printed in big type in his paper yesterday was this:

DON'T BE A JUNE BUG.

The June bug butts in everywhere
From drawing room to shed;
He always gets the angry stare,
He always bumps his head.

A young man called upon Editor Guild yesterday to inquire whether the poem had any political significance or bearing on the La Follette-Lodge merger dialogue, the Senatorial succession, Eugene N. Foss, or any other live topic.

"Young man," said the former Governor, "don't be a June Bug."

AN AIRSHIP RACE FOR $50,000 PRIZE

Paulhan Enters the London-Manchester Competition—White's Machine Damaged.

HIS STORY OF HIS FLIGHT

He Began Well, but the Wind Worsted Him—Anxious to Try Again as Soon as Possible.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, April 24.—Lord Northcliffe's £10,000 ($50,000) prize for an aeroplane flight from London to Manchester seems to give promise of an exciting contest, possibly even an actual race, between two aeroplanes.

M. Paulhan arrived in London to-day and to-morrow morning will give the necessary forty-eight hours' notice of his intention to compete for the prize.

As an accident occurred to-day to Graham White's machine, necessitating repairs which will take till Wednesday, it is on the cards that Messrs. White and Paulhan may be ready to make a start the same day.

Mr. White is receiving much sympathy over what The Daily Mail rightly calls his "glorious failure." The young aviator is anxious for his second bout with the enemy which worsted him in the first round; namely, the wind. Describing the final part of yesterday's flight, Mr. White says:

"At 8:15 I rose from a field near Rugby and set out upon the second stage—to reach a halting point near Crewe. And now began my fight with the wind. I rose slowly. There was an overcast sky. I began to be troubled, first with gusts which rocked the aeroplane from side to side and kept me busy with my balancing lever. From gusts the wind began to blow steadily, and it rose and rose. I was repeatedly blown away from above the railway line and had to fight my way back to it, only to be swept out of my course once more.

"The aeroplane rocked and swayed under the strain, but I kept her perfectly under control.

"But it was an ordeal both for man and machine. What was worse, too, was the fact, which I quickly realized, that I was making slower and slower progress.

"More than once toward the end, that is to say, before I had come down, vicious wind gusts of nearly forty miles an hour in velocity, blew my aeroplane almost completely around. But still I battled on, hoping against hope that the wind would drop and doing my best to cling to my guiding line, the metals below. But instead of getting better, the wind got worse, and then I came into what is known as Leek Valley, one of the windiest spots in England, I am told. Here the flight against the wind became impossible. I was buffeted about to a perilous extent, so I began to realize that I must be quick and come down before disaster overtook me.

"Just by the side of the railway, close to a level crossing near Lichfield, I espied what seemed to be a smooth field, the sort of field I wanted. In no time I came slanting down from a good height, glided safely over the tops of some trees, and took the ground astonishingly well, halting without in any way damaging the aeroplane. I had actually been in the air for three hours six minutes, during which time I had covered 115 miles."

It is understood that M. Dubonnet, who last Saturday flew over Paris, will also enter for Lord Northcliffe's prize.

LATHAM IN THE SEA AGAIN.

Aviator Does His Old Stunt After Accomplishing Good Flights.

NICE, April 24.—There was a fine display to-day of aeroplane flights over the sea in the presence of the Kings of Denmark and Sweden.

Five machines went through a series of evolutions, and Hubert Latham twice accomplished a flight to Antibes, fifteen miles Southwest of Nice, and back.

Mr. Latham started on a third trip, but dropped into the sea, and was fished out unhurt by a torpedo boat.

TWO FLY 140 MILES?

Report That Baron de Caters Has Carried a Passenger That Distance.

PARIS, April 24.—A dispatch from Dijon says that Baron de Caters, the aviator, to-day, in a Farman biplane, beat all cross-country records, flying with a passenger from Mourmelon to nearly ten miles beyond Dijon, a total distance of nearly 140 miles.

No confirmation of this has been received from any source, and as the previous cross-country record with a passenger was about forty miles, aviators are inclined to doubt the truth of the report.

Gale Too Much for German Airships.

BERLIN, April 24.—Misfortune has overtaken the attempt of the aerial fleet to return from Homburg, after being reviewed by the Emperor. Only the Parseval succeeded in struggling against the gale and reaching Cologne. The Zeppelin II., which started at 8 o'clock in the morning, was forced to descend at 2 o'clock in the afternoon near Limburg. The Gross II. is being transported to Cologne by railroad.

TO CONTINUE STEEL STRIKE.

Pressed Steel Car Men Say They Have Plenty of Money and Won't Quit.

PITTSBURG, April 24.—At a meeting of the striking workmen of the Pressed Steel Car Company, held in the headquarters of the Industrial Workers of the World, at McKee's Rocks, to-day, it was decided to continue the strike. About 2,000 strikers were in attendance.

Officials of the organization said that they had plenty of money to keep the strike going and to pay benefits until their demands were complied with.

NEEDN'T GO THIRSTY UNDER THE NEW PLAN

But Excise Observers Note that There Is Less Drinking in Public on Sundays.

TOWN LOOKS ALMOST DRY

But the Initiated Know Where to Find the Oases in Back Rooms and Are Not Barred Out.

Observers of the excise situation who have been watching with interest the working of Mayor Gaynor's plan of enforcement on the few Sundays during which it has been in operation have now come to the conclusion that it is little if any harder for any one with the price to get a drink in New York on Sunday under the Gaynor régime than it was before. But there is far less open drinking. Drinks are now served at tables in back rooms. It is also easier to get served if the applicant for illicit refreshment does not look like a detective.

Practically from one end of the city to the other yesterday this was the situation. Everywhere barrooms were exposed to view, and a stranger in the city might have decided that New York was a "dry" town. But it wasn't.

In only one respect did last Sunday's excise activity on the part of the police appear to have an effect, and that was in the strict observance of that clause of the excise law providing for the exposure of all barrooms as vacant. It is probable that not a dozen saloons violated this section of the law yesterday.

Not far from South Ferry is one of the best-known saloons in the whole city. For years this place has served its customers at tables in the barroom, the bar being inclosed on Sundays with canvas. Yesterday, for the first time in years, no drinks were served there. Instead, customers had to go into the restaurant adjoining, and order drinks there.

In Broadway, not far distant from 110th Street, is another place almost as widely known. Besides the bar exposed to public view on Sunday, this has another somewhat smaller bar, but just as much a bar, over which for years drinks have been served on Sundays. Yesterday afternoon customers were requested to seat themselves at tables and have their drinks brought to them.

In the Harlem district few saloons were not doing business. The Bronx was wet, too, in spots. In Richmond thirty-six affidavits had been turned in at 6 o'clock, and it was said that the number would probably be double when the full report of the day's work was received. Last Sunday Richmond produced sixty-three affidavits.

In Manhattan the earliest reports came from the old West Twentieth Street Station, at the lower edge of the Tenderloin; and the Charles Street and West Thirty-seventh Street Stations. Forty affidavits were turned in at the old West Twentieth Street Station by 7 o'clock, and the expectation was that the number would be at least fifty when they are turned over to District Attorney Whitman this morning. The Charles Street Station, which is the centre of a large saloon district, reported only two affidavits last night. Further uptown, the West Thirty-seventh Street Station reported seven.

If the record of the Twentieth Street Station was maintained in other precincts it would mean over 3,500 affidavits for excise violations, while if the Charles Street Station's report were taken as the average it would mean only 184. The expectation was that the total number of affidavits would at least equal the previous Sunday's record of 500, with the probability of beating it by a good margin.

There was only one arrest, in which excise law figured, reported yesterday, and that was the outcome of a carouse in a saloon in Eighth Avenue, in which several men and women participated. The saloon is at 381 Eighth Avenue, and was cleared out by Policemen Trojan and Reynolds of the West Thirty-seventh Street Station, who entered the place and found three men and six women in a fight in the back room. Christopher Cortes, manager of the place, was held in $500 bail for trial in Special Sessions for violating the excise law. Two of the men and all the women were fined $5 each for disorderly conduct.

The report from Brooklyn last night was that it was just about as easy to get a drink over there as in Manhattan, although the saloon keepers were more cautious than on previous Sundays as to whom they admitted to the back rooms. As in Manhattan and the Bronx, however, the bars were all exposed to view from the street.

The report that many young and new policemen had been shifted from precinct to precinct for "plain clothes" excise duty caused a scare at midnight on Saturday, and for an hour or two even the boldest of the Brooklyn saloon keepers feared to take a chance. As the day grew older, however, their fears lessened, and they resumed business cautiously. While few would admit strangers, known patrons of places were admitted after being looked over at the side door. As on the preceding Sunday, many liquor sellers contrived to carry on business even with their bars clearly exposed to view and with no one entering those rooms. Beer and water pipes were run up from the cellars to bars which had been installed in back rooms and in "club" rooms on the second floors.

Deputy Police Commissioner Reynolds said last night that he had made a tour of the borough, and had found conditions satisfactory from the police point of view. The rule calling for the exposing of bars to view from the street, he said, had been generally obeyed, so far as he had seen.

No report had been received from Queens late last night. That borough reported only four affidavits a week ago, and the police authorities expected that a better record would be made yesterday.

ALBANY, N. Y., April 24.—State Excise Commissioner Clement reports that from Oct. 1, 1909, to April 1, 1910, his department collected in costs and penalties in bond actions and cancellation proceedings about $284,800, which is more than $36,000 in excess of the total expenses of the department during the same period.

"The effect," said Commissioner Clement to-day, "is wholesome and encourages obedience to the law. Liquor dealers who think are beginning to realize that they cannot afford to violate the law. The losses are liable to be greater than the profits."

PRIDE CAUSED HER SUICIDE.

Mrs. King, in Poverty, Would Not Ask Aid of Relatives.

Special to The New York Times.

MIDDLETOWN, N. Y., April 24.—Because she had failed to make a living for herself and little daughter, Anabel, and was too proud to ask assistance of her husband's mother, Mrs. Annie King of 310 West Twenty-fifth Street, New York, jumped into the Walkill River at Midway Park, near this city, Saturday afternoon. Her body was recovered at 1 o'clock this afternoon, after having been in the water twenty-four hours.

Mrs. King was 40 years old, the wife of Joseph King, a farmer of Van Burenville, Orange County. Thirteen months ago her husband lost a foot in an accident. He could not earn a living and was compelled to make his home with his mother. The wife was too independent to do so so too, and, taking her twelve-year-old child, went to New York, where she worked as a laundress and also took boarders.

On April 13 the grandmother received a letter from the little girl saying that her mother had been very ill and unable to work, and the boarders had all left. Mrs. King did not write to her husband or his mother.

Mrs. King sent her child to a neighbor in New York Saturday morning and took a train to Middletown. Apparently she intended to go to her mother-in-law for help. After walking about Middletown for two hours, however, she boarded a trolley car and went to the Walkill River. Laying her purse containing $3.07 and a rent receipt on the bank of the river, she jumped into the water. Apparently she could not bring herself to ask aid of her relatives.

NEW STRAUS MILK STATION.

Laboratory to Save Babies to be Opened in Washington To-day.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, April 24.—The Nathan Straus pasteurizing laboratory will begin operations to-morrow. For several weeks agents of Mr. Straus have been busily engaged in installing machinery, and the laboratory is now fully equipped with steam boilers, pasteurizers, refrigerators, and bottle washers, which will insure to the babies of Washington pure milk during the coming Summer months—the season at which infant mortality is the highest.

At the depot also there may be obtained, free of charge, medical examination and prescriptions for sick babies. A specialist on infants' diseases will be there from 2 to 4 o'clock each day.

Milk from the Straus depot is given to the poor under a physician's order or upon the order of a visiting nurse of agent of the Associated Charities. To the general public it will be sold at a nominal price.

PLEADS FOR PURER MILK.

Dr. Darlington Thinks Inspection Better Than Pasteurization.

In a lecture on milk at Public School 83, in East 110th Street, last night, Dr. Thomas Darlington, former Health Commissioner, made a plea for less pasteurization. What we need, he said, is pure milk and not dirty milk boiled. Better inspection of milk at farms and dairies, he thought, would do away with the need of pasteurization.

The price of milk, said Dr. Darlington, must inevitably increase in New York, partly because there is a constantly increasing demand for it, and partly because it costs more to produce good, clean milk than it does impure milk, and the public more and more are demanding pure milk.

"I am not opposed to all manner of pasteurization," said Dr. Darlington, "because in some instances, if recommended by a physician, it may be of value. It is the commercialized pasteurization of milk that I object to principally. It is better to have no bacteria in the milk at all, and this can be accomplished by educating the farmers to exercise care in the handling of the milk supply and by increasing the number of Inspectors who will see that the rules of the Board of Health are complied with.

"Last Fall and this Spring there were epidemics of typhoid fever in this city, and they were traced directly to a contaminated milk supply. I believe if a farmer knew that when he didn't scald his pails or wash his hands he was causing the death of babies, he would be more careful. Last Summer 157 trained nurses and 150 physicians made a house-to-house canvass of a certain section of the city and told housekeepers how to take care of milk. The result was that the death rate of babies in this section fell off 20 per cent."

In conclusion, Dr. Darlington said:

"The man who loves his neighbor will not spit on the sidewalk or sell bad milk or keep dogs that bark at night."

EXPECT TAX DECISION TO-DAY

There Still Remain Four Days, However, for Supreme Court to Act.

WASHINGTON, April 24.—The decision of the Supreme Court of the United States in the corporation tax case, which involves, in various aspects, the constitutionality of the tax, is looked for by many to-morrow; but the court has given absolutely no intimation as to when the decision will be rendered. Only four more decision days remain in the present term of the court.

This week marks the close of the argument of cases before the court, unless a special order should be entered for the argument of some particular case, such, for instance, as the controversy between the two Virginias for the division of the debt of the Old Dominion. Among the cases expected to be argued are two involving the liability of railroads to their employes—one from Texas, the other from Kentucky.

Appropriate action in memory of the late Associate Justice Brewer will be taken by the bar of the Supreme Court on Saturday. Gossip continues unabated about the President's selection of a successor to Justice Brewer, but nobody, not even the President himself, pretends to know who, at last, will be found in the seat of the venerable Kansas jurist. There is little doubt that the place, in one way or another, has been offered to Gov. Charles E. Hughes of New York. There are few here who believe the Governor will accept the position.

IMPORTS OVER $1,000,000,000.

Export Figures for Nine Months Even Higher, Official Summary Shows.

WASHINGTON, April 24.—Foreign trade of the United States is booming. Large increases are apparent in a summary of the export and import trade for March alone, and the nine months ended with March, just compiled by the Bureau of Statistics of the Department of Commerce and Labor. Imports of raw materials have grown largely, and the exports of manufacturers from those same raw materials have also increased.

There were more than $1,000,000,000 worth of imports during the nine months ended with March, and the total domestic exports exceeded the imports slightly. Hides, crude rubber, sugar, and coffee continue to lead the imports. Cotton, crude oil, copper, wheat, and some foodstuffs continue to stand at the head of the exports.

CIGARS UNITED

The natural trend of business in this country is toward the chain store idea, and so long as it saves money to the consumer it will grow. United Cigar Stores bring producer and consumer together retailing its own cigars at wholesale prices.

This week it's a

3 for 25c CIGAR

Name—ORLANDO

The size is Media Perfecto.

At every price there are **different kinds** of cigars—Havana, Porto Rican, Manila, Domestic, Key West, etc.—some mild, some medium, some strong.

This **Orlando,** Media Perfecto size, is the kind the doctor orders when he says: "Cut out heavy cigars for awhile." It's a "Domestic" cigar, the "Seed and Havana" type—extremely mild, very pleasant—a fine "after breakfast" cigar. **Not a heart flutter in a dozen of them.**

UNITED CIGAR STORES

A REVOLT IN CUBA SOON SUPPRESSED

Prompt Action of the Government Terrifies the Insurgent Negroes.

PLANNED ANTI-WHITE WAR

Also the Overturn of the Government—Excitement in Havana Is Gradually Dying Down.

HAVANA, April 24.—Further arrests are being made in various parts of the island of negroes suspected of being implicated in th econspiracy to organize a movement against the Government, but no disturbance of the peace anywhere is reported. The turbulent negro element is apparently terrified by the prompt action of the Government and the display of military force in the dispatch of regulars and rural guards to Santa Clara and Oriente Provinces. Prisoners from all sections are being brought under strong guard to Havana for trial before the special court, and there is every reason to believe that the movement has been completely crushed.

Señor Pasalodos, secretary to President Gomez, speaking for the President to-night, said that the Government had early information that a small number of the Radical leaders and members of the Independent Party of Color had planned simultaneous uprisings, with the intent to institute war against the whites and overturn the Government. In consequence of the prompt action of the authorities, all the leaders, he said, had been arrested. They number about sixty, and these will be promptly tried according to law.

The Government has reason to suspect, Señor Pasalodos continued, that the movement has the support of certain elements not openly affiliated with the negroes, and this matter is now the subject of close investigation. There is no doubt, the Secretary declared, that an armed uprising was intended, but to what extent those implicated in the movement were possessed of weapons is at present not known. An active search is being made for concealed arms.

Advices from the western end, Pinar del Rio, show that the blacks were on the verge of an uprising when the news of the arrests came, whereupon tranquility and confidence were restored. Rumors of wholesale discharges of negro members of the rural guard are denied, the loyalty of that force not being doubted. The excitement in Havana is rapidly subsiding.

LIBERALS COLD TO WOOD.

Gomez and Adherents Not Nearly as Cordial as Old Palma Party.

HAVANA, April 24.—Of greater interest to the people of Cuba than any other event in the island in many months was the recent brief visit of Major Gen. Leonard Wood. The arrival of the ex-Governor General was hailed with enthusiasm, and during the three days of his stay even politics was forgotten. It was evident that his popularity had waned but little after an absence of eight years. From the moment the Montana entered the harbor until the morning she sailed, the General and Mrs. Wood were the recipients of attentions on all sides and were overwhelmed with invitations to banquets, balls, and receptions.

While, as a matter of course, President Gomez received the former ruler of Cuba with distinguished honors, it was noticeable that the warmth of Gen. Wood's reception was much more marked on the part of the higher elements of society, represented by former members of and sympathizers with the old Moderado Party of President Palma, than by adherents of the present dominant Liberal Party. Men like Ernesto Fonts-Sterling, Gen. Freire Andrade, and Gen. Montalvo, all members of the Palma Cabinet; ex-Vice President Domingo Capote, ex-Gov. Nunez, Ramon Mendoza, and Gen. Alejandro Rodrigues were among the first to board the Montana when she reached her moorings, while apart from the personal representative of Gen. Gomez and a few officials hardly any Liberals were present. This was also noticeable at the private entertainments given in the General's honor.

A few suspicious persons affected to perceive a sinister significance in the General's visit, as possibly indicating a tendency of the United States to interfere in the affairs of Cuba, but almost unanimously the visit was taken as a compliment to Cuba, and there can be no doubt that it has done much to cement the bonds of good-feeling between the two countries. Already there is much discussion and much pleasant anticipation of the projected visit of ex-President Roosevelt.

From many parts of the interior come complaints of distress among the laboring population, owing to low wages and the high price of the necessaries of life, for which they throw the blame on President Gomez, who, they declare, has failed to fulfill his ante-election promises that prompt measures would be taken for their relief. With the sugar season now rapidly drawing to a close, many thousands of laborers will be thrown out of work for three or four months, and the distress and discontent will be greatly increased. Conditions such as these are prone to produce anti-government manifestations and probably serious disorders, and already the situation is regarded wth apprehension.

With the apparent intention of being the better prepared to deal promptly with any disorder, the Government has adopted the policy of stationing garrisons at various points instead of holding the whole of the regular army at Camp Columbia. It was at first proposed to station a battalion of infantry in each of the six provinces, but this was opposed by Gen. Pino Guerra, who desired to keep the whole army under his immediate command, and the matter was finally compromised by sending one battalion of infantry each to Matanzas, Santa Clara, and Santiago de Cuba, leaving five battalions of infantry and the field artillery at Columbia with a squadron of Rural Guards trained as cavalry by Capt. Parker of the Eleventh United States Cavalry.

The Government has decided to accept the generous offer of Washington to issue to Cuba a sufficient quantity of the latest model rifles and equipments at the cost of manufacture.

Congress has at last taken up the discussion of the annual budget, and there is now a fair chance that it will be approved before the end of the session. The budget, as submitted by the President to Congress, shows proposed expenditures of $29,620,521, against estimated revenues of $34,773,680, leaving a surplus of $5,159,169.

IN WAY OF STADIUM BRIDGE.

War Department and Slaughter House Impede Action on $300,000 Gift.

Special to The New York Times.

CAMBRIDGE, Mass., April 24.—The erection of the $300,000 Harvard Stadium bridge, the gift of Larz Anderson, cannot begin until the permission of the War Department has been obtained for a structure without a draw. Mr. Anderson believes that the War Department can be assured that the bridge will allow Government boats to pass under it to and from the Watertown Arsenal.

The Brighton slaughter house also wants assurance that its wharfage rights will not be infringed upon, but the license of the abattoir is now being held up by Mayor Fitzgerald of Boston because of his belief that the section is too thickly populated for the existence of a slaughter house.

The Cities of Boston and Cambridge have already placed $110,000 at the disposal of the Bridge Committee if the money is needed. The committee prefers that the money be used in buying up property on both sides of the river to make broader approaches.

SEIZE FAILED FIRM'S COTTON.

Receivers for Knight, Yancey & Co. Enjoin Shipment of 4,200 Bales.

MOBILE, Ala., April 24.—The first seizure of cotton shipped under bills of lading issued by Knight, Yancey & Co., was made at Mobile to-day, when Deputy United States Marshal White served an injunction on Capt. Arthur Parker of the British steamship Meltonian, restraining the movement of 4,200 bales of cotton loaded in the steamship and consigned to Havre, France. The injunction was issued by the United States District Court for the Southern District of Alabama on Saturday night on the application of Attorney J. C. Rich, acting for Clarence E. Frost and W. S. Lovall, receivers for the failed cotton company.

Latham & Co. of Havre and the Elder-Dempster Steamship Company, owners of the steamer Meltonian, are named in the injunction, which is issued until further orders of the court are made in the premises.

There are 2,200 more bales of cotton on the wharf where the Meltonian is berthed waiting to be loaded into the steamer, but no attachment has been issued against this cotton so far as is known. The Meltonian's cargo would have been completed and the vessel cleared within two days, and she is billed to sail on Wednesday.

John Knight of Knight, Yancey & Co. was born in Selma, and moved to this city with his father when he was a mere lad. He is about 38 years of age, and the oldest of four brothers—John, Ray, Jr., Fred, and Ogden Knight. His father, the late Ray Knight, was general freight agent for the East Tennessee, Rome & Dalton Railway.

John Knight's business ability was made manifest shortly after he left the public schools of Anniston, where he was educated. He went first into the real estate and insurance business, and passed from that into cotton, being associated first with Sanders, Swan & Co., then with Johnston, Nosbit & Co., and later with Inman & Co., all of which concerns had Anniston offices.

He left Anniston about fifteen years ago and went to Decatur, where he organized the firm of Knight, Henry & Co., and later the firm which has just failed.

Mr. Knight made remarkable success in Decatur. He owned several water craft, it is said, besides automobiles and fine horses. In his early life John Knight figured in society, and a glance through the negatives of a local photographer's gallery shows many groups of social gatherings, of which he is the centre. He is married and is the father of several children.

HELD AS BLACK HANDERS.

Two Locked Up in Newark Believed to Round Up Much Wanted Band.

Charged with larceny, the police of Newark, N. J., have under arrest two Italians, who are believed to be members of a Black Hand gang, responsible for two bomb explosions in the Second Precinct a year ago. Another man, said to be a member of the same band, is locked up in Manhattan, and four other prisoners now in the Essex County Jail are said to be the result of seven months' police work by detectives in Newark, New York, and other cities.

The two latest arrests by the Newark police were made by Detectives Goodwin and Hannon, who took into custody Sabina Accomondo of 35 Cutler Street, and Vincenzo Payano of 64 Crane Street, Newark. Both keep saloons. Though the charge against them was that of "larceny," bail was refused by the police of the Second Precinct Station by order of Prosecutor Wilbur Mott, whose detectives have been working in conjunction with those of Capt. John E. Brown's.

The charges are said to be a technicality to cover more serious charges, but neither the Captain or his men would admit this. When asked about the case yesterday Capt. Brown said:

"The record on the blotter will have to stand. I cannot say whether the case has any connection with a recent arrest in New York."

Friends of Accomondo have retained a lawyer, who also refused to go into the details of the case. He declared that he had offered bail up to $10,000, but that the police refused to accept it.

Headquarters Detectives Tenore and Cordano of the Italian Squad, with Prosecutor's Detective De Rogatis, questioned the prisoners yesterday for several hours, at the end of which signed statements were taken.

Prior to the two last arrests, the four other Italians now in jail were quietly locked up on technical charges sufficient to hold them, but not to excite suspicion of the real cause of their arrests.

The arrest in New York is regarded as more important than any yet made. The man, who is supposed to be named Senua, is believed to have been connected with Black Hand outrages and other crimes.

Two more arrests which are expected may clear up the wrecking of a house and store at Garside Street and Seventh Avenue and a house in Eighth Avenue, Newark. The buildings were wrecked by crudely constructed bombs, following a series of "Black Hand" letters to the owners. There was an attempt also to blow up St. Rocco's Church, in Bedford Street. The front of the building was badly damaged, and for a time the Italians refused to attend mass in the church.

The wrecking of the church was to accomplish the death of its pastor, the Rev. Father Zuccerella, who since has removed to another parish.

STARVING FUGITIVE CAUGHT.

Canadian Accused of Murder Found Hiding Near Ogdensburg.

OGDENSBURG, N. Y., April 24.—Arthur Holmes, who is charged with murdering Nathan Bolton, a well-to-do farmer, while they were dressing hogs at Cardinal, Ont., on Thursday, was captured by a posse to-day near Iroquois. He was found hiding under a pile of railroad ties, weak from hunger and exposure.

Bolton had just sold his farm at Cardinal to Holmes, and was helping him dress hogs when, it is charged, Holmes struck him down with an axe.

$30,000,000 DAMAGE TO CROPS BY STORM

Continued from Page 1.

practically all the principal points in Ohio. In Columbus, Cincinnati, and Cleveland the mercury fell below the freezing point on Saturday night, and, according to United States Forecaster James Kenealey, frost, snow, and rain are the immediate outlook.

ST. PAUL, Minn., April 24.—The temperature has been slowly rising in the Northwest since midnight, and indications to-night are for warmer weather. Reports from the entire Northwest indicate that barley, oats, rye, and corn were badly damaged in yesterday's cold wave, but the soil still is in fine condition for plowing, and it is not too late for reseeding. Small gardeners and fruit growers suffered heavily.

TOPEKA, Kan., April 24.—There were light frosts in low-lying fruit sections of Kansas this morning, but in most parts of the State the high winds prevented frosts. For to-morrow morning, however, the Weather Bureau predicts heavy frosts, and horticulturists fear the destruction of the fruit crop.

OKLAHOMA CITY, April 24.—A light frost prevailed in the lowlands of Oklahoma last night. Crops are not seriously damaged, but their growth is retarded. Reports to the State Board of Agriculture indicate that fruit has been damaged throughout the eastern and southeastern parts of Oklahoma.

NASHVILLE, Tenn., April 24.—At times, approaching storm proportions, flurries of snow were intermittent here throughout to-day. The Government thermometer registered 41 at noon. It was 38 early this morning. Clouds probably will prevent frost to-night. So far the damage in Tennessee from the present cold snap has been slight.

"Into the woods thenceforth in haste she went,
To seek for herbs that might him remedy;
There whither the divine tobacco grew."

SPENSER'S Indian maiden, thus exquisitely portrayed, was the natal exponent of divine tobacco. Confidently she roamed the pathless forest in search of a growth of tobacco, which instinct and tribal tradition told her would be a panacea for the warrior's wounds.

The care-worn commercial warrior of to-day finds his panacea in the delicious aroma of

LA MARQUISE CIGARETTES

of a "vintage"

4 DROWN, 4 SAVED IN SUNDAY BOATING

Two Lost When One Tries to Save His Companion—Upset Canoe Causes a Death.

YOUTH RESCUES 2 WOMEN

Two Men Saved After Clinging Half an Hour to the Keel of an Overturned Boat in the Sound.

There were several boating accidents in and around this city yesterday. Four persons were drowned, while four others, including two women, were saved from a similar death.

At Gloucester, N. J., Joseph Borman and John Riley, both of Philadelphia, were drowned in the Delaware River while hundreds of pleasure seekers looked on, unable to assist them.

The men were rowing in a skiff when Riley, who was unable to swim, fell overboard. Borman sprang to his assistance, and for a time held his head above the water, but both sank just as another boat was about to reach them.

On the Hackensack River Alexander Sinclair of Toronto, Canada, was drowned near Bogota when his canoe was upset by a gust of wind. Sinclair was within fifty feet of the bank, but he was seized with cramps and sank. The body was recovered.

Russell Black of Trenton, N. J., saved both his mother and a young woman guest from drowning in the Delaware River.

Russell, his mother, and the young woman were in a canoe, when the young woman upset it. Russell grabbed his mother, and as the girl sank forced himself and his mother below the waves and grabbed her, also. Then, with the women clinging to him, Russell swam to the shore, where he fainted. The women revived him, and all were taken heme.

After clinging to the bottom of their boat half an hour Edward J. Gilligan, proprietor of the Clason Point Inn, and Cornelius Quinn, Commodore of the Clason Point Yacht Club, were rescued from Long Island Sound by Detective Louis Schindler of the Westchester Police Station and Max Rosenbach of Brooklyn, who rowed out from Clason Point and drew the exhausted men into their boat. Gilligan and Quinn were revived by Dr. Francis Lawrence of City Island.

Early in the afternoon Gilligan and Quinn started for a cruise in a steam launch, The Elk, but soon after the launch was surrounded by a school of porpoises interfering so much with the manoeuvring of the boat that the men put back.

After the launch had been made fast to the buoy, which was off shore, they jumped into a small boat and started for the pier. Suddenly the boat was caught in the swift current and overturned.

Gilligan and Quinn, incumbered by heavy clothing, dared not attempt to swim to the pier, but clung to the capsized boat until rescued.

In Jersey City Louis Rose, 10 years old, of 567 Grand Street, was drowned while chasing a batted ball. With several other boys he was playing ball on open lots at Prior and Grand Streets. A high fly was knocked, and young Rose in his eagerness to get it, ran blindly into a pond of water twelve feet deep that was once used as a reservoir by the Public Service Railway Company.

In the presence of about fifty persons, including the boy's parents, Mr. and Mrs. Louis Rose, and his brother, Bailey Rose, Thomas Hamill of Washburn Place hooked the little body and dragged it out of the dater. The boy had been under water fully twenty minutes, and life was extinct.

John McKenna, a youth who lives at 55 Hudson Boulevard, and several other boys who had been playing ball with young Rose, jumped into the water in an effort to save him, but they could not reach him.

An undertaker removed the body from the Public Service Railway Company's power house, where it was carried by Hamill, to the boy's home.

MEXICAN CLAIM TO EL PASO.

Death of Minister Mariscal Left Matter Unsettled.

WASHINGTON, April 24.—The State Department is awaiting with much interest the appointment of a Mexican Minister for Foreign Affairs to succeed the late Minister, Ignacio Mariscal.

The submission by this Government of a plan for the settlement of the celebrated Chamiseal zone case, which involves the question of whether a portion of the City of El Paso, Texas, does not, under the boundary treaty with Mexico, belong to that country, was under consideration by Minister Mariscal at the time of his death.

Officials here are not willing to discuss in any way the suggestions made to Mexico for the settlement of this case; but, inasmuch as the United States is the leading exponent among the nations of the doctrine of arbitration for the settlement of international differences, it is not unlikely that the proposition made o Mexico may involve the reference of this case to some eminent jurist or statesman of a neutral power for definite settlement. In any event, it is not believed that the United States would consent, except as the possible result of a decision of arbitration, to the conveyance to Mexico of the land in dispute.

FIRE AT NIGHT ROUTS SIXTY.

Driven Out Into Snowstorm, One Woman May Die.

CHICAGO, April 24.—Clad in night clothing, sixty persons were driven into a snowstorm early to-day, by an alleged incendiary fire in the Cledan apartment building, 740 East Forty-fifth Street.

Mrs. E. E. Ballard was carried from the structure probably mortally burned, and four others, overcome by smoke, were rescued by firemen.

Fire Attorney Hogan is investigating the origin of the blaze, which did nominal damage.

THREE ICEHOUSES ABLAZE.

New Rochelle Firemen Have Six Hours' Fight at the Trust's Plant There.

Special to The New York Times.

NEW ROCHELLE, N. Y., April 24.—Fire destroyed the roofs of three large ice houses, owned by the American Ice Company, on North Street, to-day. The fire started at 9 o'clock this morning, and as a high wind was blowing, the firemen were unable to get it under control until after 3 o'clock in the afternoon.

The buildings contained 15,000 tons of ice, which had been packed in salt hay as an experiment, instead of sawdust, which is generally used, and it is believed the hay caused spontaneous combustion. Much of the ice was melted.

$160,000 PHILADELPHIA FIRE.

Twelve Firemen Overcome at Destruction of Big Department Store.

PHILADELPHIA, April 24.—Twelve firemen were overcome by smoke to-day at a fire which destroyed the department store of George B. Davis & Co., Fortieth Street and Lancaster Avenue. The burned store was the largest in West Philadelphia.

The loss is estimated at $160,000; covered by insurance. The origin is unknown.

FIRE MAY CAUSE FLOOD.

Burning of Lighting Plant Weakened Dam at Brainerd, Minn.

BRAINERD, Minn., April 24.—The municipal power and lighting plant, situated at the Weyerhauser Dam, burned last night, casting the city into darkness. The loss is estimated at $40,000. The fire has weakened the dam, and farmers along the river have been notified to be prepared in case it should break.

Guards have been posted to notify the farmers if there is danger. It is thought that the fire was started by sparks from a locomotive.

LAKE CHARLES FIRE LOSS.

City Authorities Now Think It Will Be About $800,000.

LAKE CHARLES, La., April 24.—That the loss entailed by the fire which visited Lake Charles yesterday amounts to approximately $800,000, falling far short of the earlier estimates of the damage, is the reckoning of city officials here to-night following a thorough inspection of the burned district.

Aid is being sent from various points to the homeless ones.

THREE DIE IN HOTEL FIRE.

Search of Ruins in Cincinnati Fails to Show More Bodies.

CINCINNATI, April 24.—Searching parties who worked during the day on the ruins of the Hotel Thomas, destroyed by fire last night, failed to find any more bodies. It is believed now that all but three escaped from the building. Two of the dead were employes of the hotel.

The loss was estimated at $30,000, almost covered by insurance.

LEAPS FROM BLAZING HOTEL.

Roomer Trapped by the Flames Goes Out a Third Floor Window—Unhurt.

Finding his escape cut off by flames from a window on the third floor of the Elton Hotel, at 759 Elton Avenue, the Bronx, last night to the sidewalk, a distance of thirty feet, and escaped unhurt. Then he ran to a box on the corner and turned in an alarm.

The Elton Hotel is a three-story brick building owned and occupied by Tony Weitlaier. Mugler and two other roomers lived on the top floor, where there were two unoccupied rooms. In one of these fire of unknown origin started about 9 o'clock last night. Mugler, the only roomer at home, smelled smoke and ran into the hall, finding it a mass of flames and smoke. He ran back into his room and leaped out of the window.

When the firemen arrived the fire had burst through the roof and had spread over the whole top floor. The blaze was put out with about $500 damage.

McAdoo Shaft Building Ablaze.

A fire last night in the office building of the McAdoo Tunnel system at Washington and First Streets, in which are kept the blue prints and maps of the company, caused some excitement. For a time it looked as though the flames would spread to the power plant adjoining. This would mean a temporary suspension of tunnel traffic. By good work the firemen confined the fire to the building in which it started. All of the records of the company were saved. The damage was said to be slight.

Chief Snead Witness Recovers.

Police Sergt. William H. O'Neill of this city, chief witness in the Snead case, whose illness necessitated the postponement of the trial until May 16, returned to duty to-day. He will testify on Wednesday in the habeas corpus proceedings instituted for Mrs. Mary W. Snead. To O'Neill she is said to have admitted that she was in East Orange shortly before the body of Ocey Snead was found in the bathtub at 80 North Fourteenth Street. She now asserts she never was in the State.

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Broadway, 34th & 35th Streets.
Representative on premises.
Or your own broker.

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A Brogan Pattern Oxford of smart style-correctness. Short vamp—flat toe effect.

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Broadway, corner 29th St. | Broadway, cor. Fulton St.
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400 Fifth Av (Opp. Tiffany's.)
27 West 34th St. (McCreery's side.)

OUR BOOK "How to Care for Your 'Victor'" Free on request.

BURGLARS BREAK IN, BUT GET NO LOOT

Plunder Was Piled Up Ready to be Taken Away When Police Arrive.

DISCOVERED BY WATCHMAN

Every Room in the House Ransacked—Rich Owner of the House Is In Europe.

The home of Elias Silverstein, at 320 Convent Avenue, near 143d Street, which is considered one of the finest in that section of the city, was entered yesterday by burglars. Had it not been for a visit to the house by a special officer the police say the thieves probably would have gotten away with several wagon-loads of silverware, watches, cut glass, paintings, bric-a-brac, and other valuable things. The thieves had apparently been at work all day and arranged the loot in three piles, according to value.

Mr. Silverstein, who is a manufacturer of women's clothing at 11 Union Square West, is now in Hungary with his wife and mother. They sailed from New York two months ago and are expected to return in about six weeks. Just before sailing Mr. Silverstein is said to have made arrangements to have his house watched and an inspection of the grounds each hour at night. The house is a massive four-story gray stone mansion, and is one of the show places of Convent Avenue.

Before he sailed for Europe Mr. Silverstein had the doors and windows of the house boarded up. The silver and cut glass were locked in cabinets and drawers and all the paintings and other works of art were covered with heavy canvas.

Last night about 10 o'clock when the special watchman went to inspect the house he noticed that a small hole had been cut in the board covering of the door leading into the main hall of the house. He put his hand through this hole and was surprised when the door inside yielded to his touch and opened.

The watchmen knew at once that the place had been entered, and, going into the hall, found that the house had been ransacked from top to bottom, everything portable of value being carried into the library, which the thieves had used as a temporary storeroom from which to take the loot later on.

The watchman notified the West 125th Street Station and a squad of twenty policemen was hurried to the house. The police went through the house and found that not a single room in it had been overlooked by the thieves. Every cabinet had been broken open, and every drawer in every piece of furniture was open, while on the floors the things the thieves did not want were scattered about in profusion.

In the library the articles were arranged in three piles. In one pile were the more valuable things, including the silverware. In another were the marbles and bric-a-brac and other small things easily carried away, while in a third were the larger things, such as paintings, &c.

A door leading into the basement was found open, and the police believe that the plan of the thieves was to take the loot into that part of the house and deposit it there, pending a favorable opportunity to cart it away. The police said that the thieves had evidently been at work in the house all day, and they did not believe they had been gone long when the watchman discovered that the house had been entered.

Murderer Wolter at Service.

Albert W. Wolter, the convicted murderer of Ruth Wheeler, attended service in the chapel of the Tombs Prison yesterday and joined vigorously with his 105 fellow-prisoners in singing the hymns. The services were in charge of the Rev. George Sandreau. Wolter's appetite is good.

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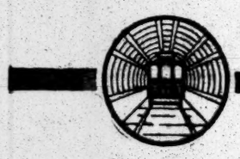

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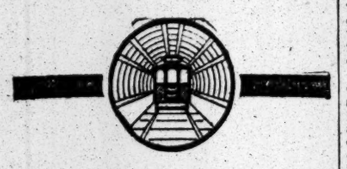
(McADOO TUNNELS)

Tube Stations in New York are along 6th Ave at 23rd, 19th, 14th and 9th Sts; at 9th Ave and Christopher St; and at the Hudson Terminal, one short block west of Broadway and the Fulton Street Station of the Subway and adjoining the Cortlandt St Stations of the 6th and 9th Ave elevated lines.



AFTER working 36 years on his dictionary here's a word that Noah Webster forgot to define —"Moritz-ized."

"Moritz-ized means the act of being clothed in a Moritz garment. The initiation costs anywhere from $15 to $45—and it's worth it!

What time to-day will you let me show you the handsomest clothing in New York?

HENRY MORITZ
Clothes for Young & Old Youths
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1241-47 B'way, Bet. 30th & 31st Sts.

CARPET CLEANSING
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356 Fulton St., Brooklyn.
Block Above Borough Hall Subway Depot.

BY PRIVATE CAPITAL MAY BUILD SUBWAYS

Public Service Board Announces the Terms Under Which the Work Can Be Done.

FOUR YEARS' TIME LIMIT

Contractor to Get His Money Back by Operating the Trains—City May Step In After Ten Years.

The Public Service Commission made public yesterday the form of contract proposed for the construction, equipment, and operation of the Tri-Borough Subway route, in so far as that route is offered to private capital to build, equip, and operate. This contract is the forerunner of another covering the construction of the subway only and by funds derived from the sale of city bonds. Either method may be followed in the case of the Tri-Borough route, and although the existing administration is pledged to the construction of subways with city bonds, the question will depend upon whether attractive bids are received on construction and equipment by private capital, in connection with operation by the private interest bidding.

There will be a public hearing on May 9 on the form of contract made public yesterday, and a week later a hearing will be given on a form of contract, to be published in the meantime, providing for the construction of the Tri-Borough route with city funds and its equipment and operation by private capital. This second form of contract will cover the Tri-Borough route in sections, and will follow the general form of the contracts for the construction of the Fourth Avenue (Brooklyn) route, which have already been let.

The form of contract calling for construction, equipment, and operation all by private capital provides, in brief, that the contractor shall build a subway system for the city over the routes laid down in the already discussed plans for the Tri-Borough system with his own money, although the title shall at all times vest in the city. The consideration to the contractor is the operation privilege for a term of years sufficient to amortize the capital issued for construction and equipment and one-half the operating profits over and above all fixed charges, the city getting the other half.

The City's Strong Hold.

The contract is of the indeterminate character, providing that at any time after ten years have elapsed, the city may re-enter and take over the subway by payment of the actual cost of construction and equipment and a contractor's profit of 15 per cent. additional. The bids, therefore, are asked, not on the basis of the cost of the proposed Tri-Borough subway route, but on the basis of the term of years for which the contractor asks to be allowed to operate the route, having once built it. The contractor will be awarded, presumably, to the contractor who asks the shortest term of years, assuming his bid to be satisfactory in other respects.

Commissioner Edward M. Bassett dissents from the remainder of the commission on the ground that the contract is not as favorable to bidders as it could be made with a due regard for the city's interests. He files a long memorandum in support of his contention. The other Commissioners are in agreement on the matter. Certain sections of the so-called Fourth Avenue Brooklyn route now under construction, and the bridge loop subway in Manhattan, figure in the new contract, as the municipally constructed subway. But these, of course, are involved only in the operating sections.

The contractor, in bidding under the new contract, has to state in addition to the term of years for which he asks the privilege of operation, the basis on which he proposes to amortize the securities issued for construction. He gives the city, not only the title to the subway structure itself, but a first lien upon all its equipment.

If the contractor fails in any way to carry out the terms of the contract, the commission, on thirty days' notice, may declare him in default and have the work carried out at the contractor's cost or make a new contract with another contractor, or proceed upon the bond, and may bring suit for specific performance or to recover damages.

The contractor is required, at his own cost, to construct the railroad, including stations, sidetracks, switches, crossovers, terminal, and storage yard, and all other appurtenances complete and ready for operation. He must protect buildings and other structures during construction, as well as elevated and surface railways, water mains, gas pipes, electric subways, steam pipes, &c. All this work and the underpinning of buildings, &c., are made part of the work which the contractor agrees to do. The commission reserves the right to make necessary modifications or alterations in the plans.

Where the Cost Falls.

Real estate necessary for the railroad stations, &c., will be acquired by the city, but at the cost of the contractor either by conveyance or by condemnation, or other legal proceedings.

All work is subject to the inspection of the chief engineer of the commission. The cost of construction is to be determined as follows:

About Jan. 1, April 1, July 1, and Oct. 1 in each year the chief engineer shall make a determination of the cost of construction and equipment to the date of such determination, keeping construction cost and equipment cost separate. If either the commission or the contractor shall be dissatisfied with the engineer's determination, an objection must be filed within twenty days. The engineer shall reconsider his determination, and in the determination for the next quarter shall state his conclusion thereon. Such redetermination shall be final and conclusive unless the commission or the contractor shall ask for arbitration within twenty days. Arbitration is to be had by a board.

Three months after the delivery of the contract the commission and the contractor each must appoint a disinterested civil engineer, and thirty days later shall agree upon a third disinterested civil engineer to act with the other two. If they fail to agree on the third engineer within thirty days, he shall be named by the Executive Committee of the Chamber of Commerce, and in case that committee fails to act, by the Executive Committee of the Bar Association. These three engineers will constitute the Board of Arbitration.

The contractor must begin actual work within sixty days after the execution of the contract, and the entire work ready for operation must be completed within four years from the delivery of the contract. The contractor is held solely responsible for all injuries to persons or property during construction.

How It Must Be Built.

Provisions governing the methods of construction require that no building shall be deprived of means of access without the consent of the occupant. Where streets are open, suitable bridges shall be maintained to permit occupants to reach their premises. All work in Manhattan and below 138th Street in the Bronx, and all work on the Broadway-Lafayette Avenue road in Brooklyn, except the part of Lafayette Avenue east of Bedford Avenue, will be tunnel, or cut and cover work. North of 138th Street in the Bronx, and in Lafayette Avenue, east of Bedford Avenue, open trench work may be done.

If necessary to cut, move, or change existing railroad structures, wires, pipes, sewers, drains, &c., it shall be done at the reasonable satisfaction of the owners, and should they desire, by themselves at the expense of the contractor. Such expense not to exceed the cost of labor and materials used together, with a reasonable allowance for the use of plant and tools.

Tunnels are to be lined with steel, or cast iron and concrete, or with concrete and brick masonry. So far as possible, beauty is to be considered in finishing such parts of the work and stations as are exposed to public view.

The contractor must furnish the equipment of a kind to be approved by the commission. It shall be sufficient for the operation of fully loaded express trains of ten cars, at not exceeding one and one-half minutes' headway, and averaging not less than twenty-five miles per hour, including stops; and fully loaded local trains of ten cars at the same headway, averaging not less than fifteen miles per hour, including stops. When the line is one-half completed, the contractor must begin work on the equipment. Cars must be steel or other fire-proof material, and have all modern safety devices and appliances. All cars must be equipped with pneumatic brakes.

The contractor must bid for the right to the possession of the railroad for a term of years. He will be allowed to use the tracks of the municipally maintained railroad, in connection with the rest of the system, for a term of five years from the beginning of operation; the contractor, of course, to equip, maintain, and operate during the whole of the term for which he bids. The term of operation begins when any part of the railroad is declared by the commission to be completed and ready for operation.

Where the Income Will Go.

From any income and increase derived by the contractor in constructing, equipping, maintaining, and operating the railroad, he will deduct annually:

1—All expenses for administration, maintenance, and operation.

2—All taxes, rates, and assessments except special assessments.

3—A sum to be paid to the Controller of the city equal to annual interest and sinking fund on the cost of the Fourth Avenue Subway. The sinking fund rate is 1 per cent. per annum.

4—A sum to be paid to the Controller equal to annual interest and sinking fund on the cost of the municipally maintained railroad.

5—The contractor is relieved of maintaining a depreciation fund for the first three years, but at the end of that time he must set aside annually such percentage of the revenue as the commission will prescribe, and all repairs, replacements, and renewals shall be payable from this fund.

6—Such per cent. of the cost of construction as he may bid for the fund which is to amortize the cost and which shall be paid quarterly.

7—An amount sufficient with accrued interest and any premiums received from the sale of stocks, bonds, &c., to pay any discount on bonds issued to pay for construction within a period of ten years from the date when operation begins. Any balance in this fund after the payment of such discount is to be divided equally between the city and the contractor.

8—One per cent. of the revenue for a contingent reserve fund. This fund is to be invested and cease when it shall equal 5 per cent. of the cost of construction and equipment. It is to be used to meet deficits in the operation of the road and for other purposes permitted by the commission. If there is a balance at the end of the term, it shall be divided equally between the city and the contractor.

9—A per cent. payable to himself quarterly as interest on the cost of construction and equipment. This is to be available for the payment of interest on cost, construction, and equipment, and after such payments for the payment of dividends.

10—After making such payments, all amounts remaining shall be divided equally between the contractor and the city.

The Contractor's Obligation.

The contractor must set aside every year the amounts for amortization and invest and reinvest the amortization fund. He is obligated to pay interest on bonds or other evidence of indebtedness issued by him, and pay and discharge the cost of construction at the specified rate.

The motive power shall be electricity so used as to involve no combustion in the tunnels nor any injury to the purity of the air. The commission, in future, may permit the introduction of any superior method of generating or transmitting power if such may be invented.

With the consent of the commission the contractor may begin the operation of a portion of the road before the whole is completed. The right is reserved by the commission to allow other railroads to use the tracks of the municipally maintained railroad if the contractor shall not require the use of such railroad to its full capacity.

The rate of fare to be charged is fixed by the following provision:

> The contractor shall not during the term hereof charge for a single fare upon the railroad (which, for the purposes of this article, shall include the municipally maintained railroad) to exceed the sum of 5 cents unless otherwise permitted by the commission.

No part of the road or stations may be used for advertising purposes and no traffic shall be permitted except such sale of newspapers and periodicals as may be permitted by the commission.

The contractor is obligated to keep up the road and its equipment. Under rules to be made by the commission, the contractor shall carry free members, engineers, and subordinates of the commission "when necessary for the inspection of the railroad or any part thereof."

On giving one year's notice in writing to the contractor the city may terminate the contract at any time after the expiration of ten years from the date of first operation.

HOPE TO END OLD SUIT.

Estate In Court 35 Years Is Needed by Long Island Railroad.

Starting in 1875 with a partition suit to dispose of fourteen lots between Jamaica and Richmond Hill, belonging to the estate of Richard Robertson, the half dozen lawyers have been unable to sell the property owing to the unexpected appearance of an unknown heir. The lawyers now have resolved to bring a joint action to clear the title and sell the land.

During the interval the property has increased greatly in value, but the heirs have increased in number and the expenses also continue to pile up. A farming section thirty-five years ago, the land now is in a thriving village, and some of the land is needed by the Long Island Railroad for improvements, so the clearing of the title must be pushed.

According to the record the heirs are Mrs. Elsie Reutel of 112 North Eighth Street, Brooklyn; Mrs. Mary Miller of Jamaica, Ervin Robertson of Jamaica, and Henry Moeller of the Bronx, who stopped a sale last March after bids had been made for the property. Moeller proved he had married a daughter of the original owner, whereupon Justice Stapleton set aside the sale. The lawyers now believe that in Moeller all the heirs have been accounted for.

Arrivals on the St. Paul.

Y. L. Vasquez, Minister of San Domingo to France and Spain, arrived yesterday on the American liner St. Paul. He is on his way home on an extended leave. Before taking his diplomatic post last Fall he was President of the Dominican Senate. On the same steamer came George S. Waterlow, son of Sir Sydney Waterlow, a former Lord Mayor of London; H. C. Atwater, Mr. and Mrs. S. S. Burgen, Mr. and Mrs. W. A. Cooke, Frederick England, Mr. and Mrs. T. Kirby, Mrs. G. M. Leventritt, Miss Archagonie Nichancan, and Mrs. John Wisdom.

ROOSEVELT'S PLEA MOVES THE FRENCH

The Temps Asks the Nation to "Take the Advice of an Honest Man."

EGYPTIAN HISSED LECTURE

Wanted to Protest Against the ex-President's Speech in Cairo—Busy Time in Paris To-day.

PARIS, April 24.—Ex-President Roosevelt's lecture at the Sorbonne yesterday has created a tremendous impression in France. The newspapers, in spite of the fact that the electoral campaign closed last night, devote an immense amount of space to it and to Mr. Roosevelt's doings.

With the exception of some mocking criticism by free lances such as Henri Rochefort, editor of the Patrie, and Ernest Judet of the Eclair, papers of all shades of opinion ring with approval of the doctrines of civic morality expounded by the ex-President. Some of the ultra-Catholic organs are silent, but others dwell especially upon Mr. Roosevelt's definition of the rights of the minority.

The Temps declares that the impression produced is all the greater because Mr. Roosevelt did not present theories that he conceived, but experiences that he lived. The paper finds many lessons for France in the lecture, and concludes with an appeal to France to take "the advice of an honest man whose deeds and life during thirty years qualify him to speak."

The Journal des Débats says that Mr. Roosevelt's words are the echo of the old Puritan spirit which made a conquering England, and bear strange significance when the ex-President preaches a sane and vigorous life, of which he is the embodiment, to so many unbalanced people, probity to politicians, and common sense to those who are seeking after Utopia.

"Our great democracies," says this paper, "are experiments. From the beginning they leaned toward corruption. Roosevelt's simple and energetic language is that of Hercules, armed, not with a club, but with a broom, at the door of the Augean stable."

The Liberté, under the caption "A Magnificent Lesson," says:

"We have few men in France with energy equal to Mr. Roosevelt's, but thousands upon thousands who think as he does."

The Journal says: "No nobler lesson of civic duty ever fell from human lips."

At the close of Mr. Roosevelt's lecture some one in the gallery hissed, but this passed unnoticed in the applause. It has since been learned that it was an Egyptian, who later explained that he desired to protest by this means against the speech which the ex-President delivered at Cairo.

Mr. Roosevelt passed a comparatively quiet Sunday in Paris. In the morning, accompanied by Ambassador Bacon, he attended service in the American Church in the Rue de Berri and listened to a sermon by the Rev. Chauncey W. Goodrich, who preached from St. John, xvii., 15. Mrs. Roosevelt, accompanied by Kermit Roosevelt and Miss Ethel Roosevelt, attended service in the American Church in the Avenue de l'Alma.

Mr. and Mrs. Roosevelt lunched with Ambassador and Mme. Jusserand, and other guests, including Premier Briand, M. Barthou, Minister of Justice; Consul General Mason, Anatole Leroy-Beaulieu, Albert de Coubertin, Count de Lastevrie, and Count de Pourtales. In the afternoon there was an automobile trip to St. Germain, where Mr. Roosevelt visited the château of Henri IV. In the evening the Roosevelts dined quietly with Ambassador and Mrs. Bacon at the American Embassy.

Although the general elections were held to-day in France, Mr. Roosevelt did not take the trouble to visit any voting booths, saying that he had not time to investigate matters which did not concern him directly. Besides, he said, he supposed that the election machinery of France was neither better nor worse than that in the United States.

To-morrow Mr. Roosevelt will be the guest of the Municipality of Paris. The City Father in solemn session will receive him at the Hôtel de Ville, where luncheon will be served in his honor, after which he will sign his name in the "Livre d'Or," which contains the signatures of all the monarchs and noted persons who have been the guests of the city. In the evening he will dine with Gen. Brugère, and then will go to the Opera, where he will occupy the Presidential box. "Salome" was the bill, but by Mr. Roosevelt's express desire Saint-Saëns's "Samson et Delilah" will be produced, with a ballet.

LONDON, Monday, April 25.—Mr. Roosevelt's Sorbonne address is printed in extenso in the British newspapers and is the subject of much editorial comment. There is general reference to the triteness of the ex-President's themes, which The Standard considers better suited for a platform audience than for the flower of Parisian intellectuals. At the same time, all the papers concede that the ex-President's sound and healthy gospel is doubly welcome, as The Daily Graphic remarks, "because the world is waking to the consciousness of intellectual and moral hunger which only these truths can satisfy."

In the same strain The Daily Chronicle discusses the source of Mr. Roosevelt's unquestioned power and influence. It says:

"He is not a subtle thinker, but knows that the majority of mankind like to hear the eternal verities thundered at them through a megaphone. He knows also that his preachings, if universally practiced, would mean a regenerated world, and a large part of the effect they produce comes from the knowledge that Roosevelt does practice what he preaches, and that the qualities he recommends he has himself displayed before all men's eyes with astounding results."

DENIES METHODIST STORY.

Rev. Walter Lowrie Issues a Statement About It.

ROME, April 24.—Following the emphatic denial by ex-President Roosevelt in Paris, the Rev. Walter Lowrie, formerly of Newport and now rector of the American Church in Rome, to-day issued a statement with reference to the dispatch printed in the United States that Mr. Roosevelt had been overheard to declare to him that when he returned to America he would do his utmost to have the Methodists driven from Rome.

In his statement Mr. Lowrie says: "The report that the ex-President spoke to me of his purpose to drive out the Methodists from Rome, characterizing them as a disgrace to any religion, is absolutely without foundation. I desire to say that Mr. Roosevelt said nothing to me with reference to Methodism in Italy.

"It is not necessary to make this declaration for Mr. Roosevelt's sake, as nobody would believe that he made such a preposterous statement. I say this for my own sake, because I would not have it supposed that I could listen without protest to such an expression as was falsely attributed to Mr. Roosevelt. My relations with the Methodist mission in Italy have always been friendly, and I esteem its work here as most useful."

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TURKEY MUST BORROW.

Finance Minister Announces Loans Will Be Needed for Some Years.

CONSTANTINOPLE, April 24.—Explaining the budget in the Chamber of Deputies to-day, the Finance Minister, Djavid Bey, announced that the deficit would be £6,800,000 Turkish, (a Turkish pound is equal to about $4,400, instead of £4,500,000 Turkish, as estimated.

This, said the Minister, would be covered by the issuance of a loan, and further loans would be needed for some years to cover the ordinary expenses.

The New Pan-American Building.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, April 24.—John Barrett, Director of the Bureau of Pan-American Republics, to-night gave a private view of the new Pan-American Building. The dedicatory services will take place on Tuesday afternoon and evening. Addresses will be delivered by President Taft, Secretary of State Knox, Mr. Barrett, Cardinal Gibbons, Senator Root, several Latin-American diplomats, and Andrew Carnegie. Mr. Carnegie gave the building.

French Honor for Mr. Despradelle.

PARIS, April 24.—Constant Désiré Despradelle of Boston, the well-known architect, has been elected corresponding member of the Academie des Beaux Arts in place of Whitney Warren of Boston, who has been promoted to be foreign associate.

British Steamer Kwelyan Wrecked.

AMOY, April 24.—The British steamer Kwelyan, belonging to the China Navigation Company of London, is reported wrecked on an island between Amoy and Foo-Chow.

The Kwelyan is of 1,718 tons register. She was built in Glasgow in 1890, and was engaged in trading in the China Sea.

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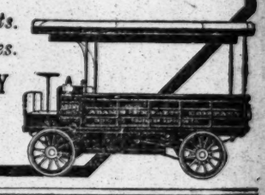

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There are imported Scotch homespuns and domestic mannish mixtures—mostly in grays or black and white effects. All are ½ lined with silk.

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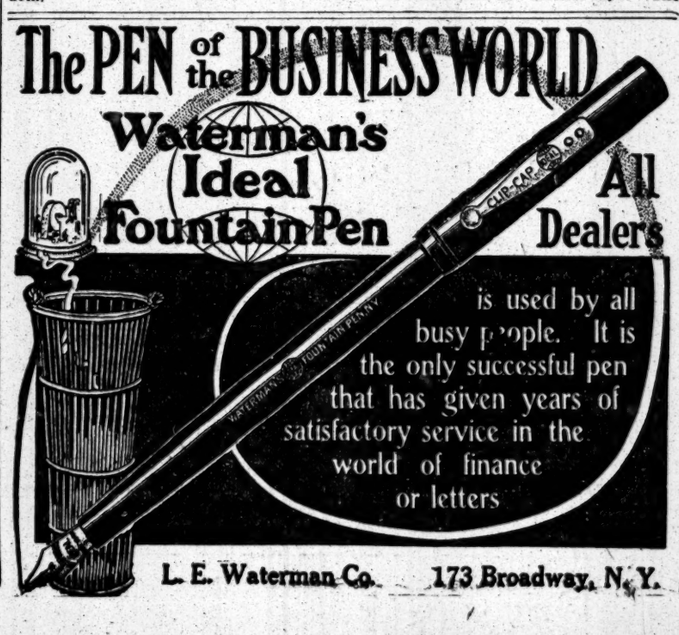
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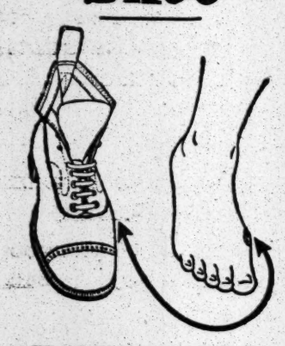

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FOLK PREDICTS DEMOCRATIC HOUSE

Ex-Governor of Missouri Blames Republican Rule for High Cost of Living.

DEMOCRATIC OPPORTUNITY

If That Party Takes the Tariff and the Cost of Supplies as an Issue It Can't Fail, He Says.

After declaring in an interview with a TIMES reporter that the increased cost of living has been brought about by the growth of monopoly under the Republican Party and that this would unquestionably be the principal issue in the next National political campaign, ex-Gov. Folk of Missouri left this city last night for his home, in St. Louis. Mr. Folk came here to attend the Missouri Society dinner last Friday, and has been staying at the Waldorf.

In the interview he said that the next House of Representatives would probably be Democratic.

"Taft will doubtless be the next Republican Presidential candidate," he said. "The Republican Party will have to nominate him. Roosevelt must either indorse him or destroy him. If Mr. Roosevelt tries to destroy Mr. Taft, he will place himself in the position of admitting that he committed as grave an error in trying to create a President as Frankenstein did in his efforts to make a man."

Mr. Folk was asked whether he thought there was any chance of Mr. Roosevelt entering the next Presidential race.

"I don't know; there might be a third party," he said, after a pause.

Cost of Living Up 50 Per Cent.

He began his interview yesterday by pointing out that the cost of living in the average American home had gone up more than 50 per cent. in the last ten years.

"This 50 per cent. increase is going into the pockets of a comparatively small class of men—men who have been enabled under Republican rule to exact a tax from the general public," said Mr. Folk. "The tax is exacted by means of the tariff, railroad rates, monopolies in meat, oil, and the like. In the cities it is clearly felt in the higher prices which the public is paying for articles of food and clothing. And even in the country, throughout the West, the farmers and cattle breeders are discovering that, although they create the foodstuffs, they are not getting the benefit of the higher prices. The prices are fixed by the combining middlemen, who pocket the whole of the increase, leaving the farmer and cattle raiser as poor as ever.

"This question of the increased cost of living has grown up under Republican administration, and it is fundamental to every man and woman in this country. The welfare and happiness of every voter is concerned in it. The party which makes a platform of it can hardly fail to win the next National election. If the Democratic Party takes it up vigorously, it cannot fail to win. The Democratic Party must take a clean cut stand against the system of 'protection.' The fight should not be for free raw materials and protected manufactured products. There must be no protection for any article which is liable to bring about monopoly. Lowering the tariff on some articles and letting it stand on others is merely a sham. The present protective tariff is one of the most corrupting influences to-day in America."

Ex-Gov. Folk said that many members of Congress hold stock in protected industries.

"By their votes," he said, "these Congressmen take money from the people in the form of tariff taxation to increase their own fortunes. By campaign contributions the beneficiaries of 'protection' purchase the influence of the Republican organization. We condemn an individual for selling his vote for a few thousand dollars. What are the people of this country going to do in the next election about the great political organization which sells its influence for millions of dollars in campaign funds?"

Excessive Tariff Rates.

Ex-Gov. Folk pointed out that the new tariff, which President Taft said was the "best tariff bill ever enacted," imposed these duties on necessities: blankets, 165 per cent.; clothing, 50 per cent.; bricks, 35 per cent.; sugar 87 per cent. The "free list" contains such inessential trifles as acorns, skeletons ashes, and brimstone for the purpose of "impressively padding it out," he said. He ridiculed the stock Republican argument that the higher wages which are paid to American workingmen are due to the high duties on articles made by so-called cheap European labor.

"The Republican Party says that the protective tariff is for the benefit of American labor," he said. "But it allows the cheapest foreign labor to immigrate here. Indeed, it is by a combination of tariff protection and the cheapest imported labor that the great fortunes of the Steel monopoly around Pittsburg have been built. If the tariff on hats is imposed merely for the benefit of the hatmakers, why is an American-made tariff-protected hat sold in this country for $5 and in Canada for $3? The American laborer is paid just the same wage, whether the hat he makes is sold in this country or in Canada. By stifling competition by means of the tariff the American manufacturer is merely enabled to squeeze more money out of his fellow-citizens for his hats than he can squeeze out of the citizens of a foreign country. I don't believe that the American public is going to continue very long to stand for this."

Ex-Gov. Folk sharply criticised Secretary of Agriculture Wilson.

"A few weeks ago Secretary Wilson of President Taft's Cabinet, in a public speech, solemnly urged that the people were suffering not from the high cost of living, but from the cost of high living," said Mr. Folk. "The inference was that the American people were getting extravagant, and that, if they would only revert to pristine habits of plainer living and higher thinking, everything would become all right. The Secretary is like the French Queen who, when told that her starving people had no bread, replied, 'Why don't they eat cake, then?'

"Secretary Wilson would not say that people are merely living too high in America if he could see the meagre table of the average American workingman and the clothes which the average American workingman's wife and children have to wear."

Ex-Gov. Folk said that President Taft in the West was an "intense disappointment."

"If President Taft had vetoed the Aldrich-Payne Tariff bill, he would have made himself one of the most popular Presidents this country has ever had," said ex-Gov. Folk. "No one in the West doubts President Taft's honesty. But they think he has been led astray by wrong advisers. I was in Iowa the day after Taft spoke in that State. His remarks there were not received with favor. The people who heard him felt that they were better able to judge the truth than Mr. Taft himself."

Mr. Folk, at the close of the interview, spoke of Samuel Langhorne Clemens.

"Mark Twain, I believe, had a deeper insight into human nature than any other writer of the last century," he said. "He drew his characters from every-day life and used humor to convey moral ideas and serious thoughts. His works have had a tremendous influence, especially among boys."

Ex-Gov. Folk refused to discuss Presidential candidates. He called on Mayor Gaynor at City Hall on Saturday, but the Mayor had gone for the day.

HELD AS A FUGITIVE.

New Yorker Arrested As a Man Wanted in Jersey in a Stolen Goods Case.

Charged with being a fugitive from justice, Max Friedman of 68 Catharine Street, was taken yesterday before Magistrate Cornell by Detective Gilkinson of the Central Office, and Robert Kelly, a private detective. Magistrate Cornell did not go into the merits of the case, but set the hearing for Tuesday, fixing Friedman's bail at $2,000.

Friedman's counsel told the Magistrate that his client had given up a quantity of goods on demand, and that with the delivery of the goods, which had been bought in a legitimate business transaction, Friedman thought the matter had been settled. Magistrate Cornell questioned Kelly to identify Friedman as being the man wanted in Bergen County, N. J., as a receiver of stolen goods.

Kelly told newspaper reporters that the Standard Bleachery Company of Carlton Hill, N. J., had been systematically robbed by employes for some months to the extent of $50,000. He said that twelve arrests had been made so far, and that about $10,000 worth of goods have been recovered.

COMMISSION WOULD EXTEND PROBATION

State Body Suggests Too That Paroled Offenders Be Obliged to Make Restitution.

11,000 UNDER SURVEILLANCE

Report States That the Standards of Probation Are Improving and Good Results Are Being Obtained.

ALBANY, April 24.—The annual report of the State Probation Commission to be transmitted to the Legislature to-morrow states that more than 11,000 offenders were under the care of probation officers in this State last year, more than 9,000 having been placed on probation in 1909. The report shows that an increasing number of courts are using the system, and that the standards of probation work are improving, good results being obtained.

The commission recommends that probation be used more generally in rural sections; that greater use be made of probation as a means of obliging offenders to make restitution for losses or damages caused by their offenses; that children in juvenile courts be examined by physicians, so far as is practicable, to learn whether their delinquency be due to physical defects which can be remedied; and that more careful investigations be made of the character and history of defendants before they are placed on probation. The report contains several illustrations of the results of probation in individual cases.

The system was used in 1909 in the Supreme and County Courts of twenty-seven counties, and in the Inferior Courts of twenty-four towns and villages and thirty cities. Paid officers were employed for the first time last year in the Auburn Recorder's Court and the Rochester Police Court, and in the county courts of Erie, Essex, Montgomery, Oswego, Otsego, and Warren Counties. More than 500 persons, most of whom were volunteers, acted as probation officers in the State in 1909. There are now sixty-five probation officers paid under that title from public funds.

Of the 2,795 children under probationary oversight in the year 2,065 were put on probation in 1909. The most common offenses for which boys were convicted and placed on probation were larceny and truancy, and the principal charges against girls were being disorderly or ungovernable, or without proper guardianship. About three-fourths of the children passing from probation, according to estimates of probation officers, were benefited.

The commission also favors, so far as is practicable, the hearing of children's cases in juvenile courts by civil procedure, instead of criminal procedure. Under the law which became effective this year children in the Buffalo Children's Court, instead of being convicted, are adjudged to be in need of the care and protection of the State. This practice spares them the stigma which attaches to a conviction.

In the last year 1,371 persons, of whom about 1,000 were guilty of felonies, were placed under the care of probation officers in the Supreme and County Courts of twenty-seven counties. Many of these were young men never convicted before.

The commission indorses the practice, now used in several courts, of requiring offenders to make restitution or reparation to the aggrieved parties for losses or damages caused by their offenses. The report cites this case:

> A clerk convicted in a county court of stealing $175 from his employer, was placed on probation and made to refund this amount. While on probation he paid the entire sum in installments, some being as small as $1. Had he been imprisoned or fined, the employer would not have been reimbursed for his loss, and the effects of imprisonment on the young man might have been harmful.

The report lays special stress on the importance in probation work of intelligent methods and thoroughness. Attention is called to some of the dangers of careless and ineffective probation work, which, in the language of the report, besides failing to reform offenders, may foster the belief that crime can be committed with impunity and may weaken public respect for criminal courts.

The use of probation has been extending rapidly throughout the country. Previous to 1901, the year in which New York State first passed laws providing for the system, only seven States had probation laws, while now probation laws are found in thirty-seven States and the District of Columbia. In 1909 seven States passed laws authorizing probation for the first time for adult offenders, and three States authorizing the system for the first time for child offenders.

FIGHTS COHOES WATER GRANT

State Engineer Favors Competitive Bidding for Power from Canal.

ALBANY, N. Y., April 24.—Holding that water power created by the barge canal should be disposed of under certain conditions which will permit of competitive bidding, so that the State may receive for its natural resources, developed by the expenditure of the State's money, an adequate return for its investment, State Engineer Williams has registered a protest with the Legislature against the enactment of the bill of Senator Grattan and Assemblyman Waters, granting extensive powers and privileges to the Cohoes company in connection with the construction of the Crescent dam across the Mohawk River, just above the Cohoes Falls.

Representatives of the company contend that the additional water is needed properly to operate the various mills in Cohoes during the dry season, while the bill is being opposed by various State departments and boards charged with the construction of the barge canal.

The value of the annual income from the sale of power is shown to be at least $100,000, while the gain to the company of about $80,000 per annum, over and above 5 per cent. interest on the investment, or about fifteen times the nominal rental offered, is indicated by the figures of an expert, as among the results of the passage of the bill.

"The Cohoes company," continues State Engineer Williams, "proposes to pay from $3,000 to $7,500 per annum for water power created by the State at an expense for structures, right of way, flood damage, &c., of approximately $900,000, to say nothing of the land which is already held in title by the State, including the present bed of the Erie Canal, which the Cohoes company proposes to have turned over to it for the location of intake works, power generating plant, and head-race.

"It would seem very much as though the income derived from the power created by the dam at Crescent could well pay the interest on the investment on the part of the State, and perhaps add something to the sinking fund. For this valuable power the Cohoes company offers from $3,000 to $7,500 per year.

"I have not attempted to name a value for the water power in question at this time, as it seems to me the price could be best determined by the offer of the highest bidder in open market."

STATE FISH DISTRIBUTION.

Salt As Well As Fresh Fish Will Be Given Away This Year.

Special to The New York Times.

ALBANY, April 24.—From now until August the nine State fish hatcheries will distribute the largest number of fish fry and fingerlings in the history of the State's propagation and distribution of fish. Each succeeding year the demand for fish for the stocking of waters has increased. Last year there were 2,500 applications for fry and fingerlings, but the output of the hatcheries was inadequate to fulfill these requests.

This year's increase in the number of fish available for distribution will meet all the requests made for them, which is considerably in excess of last year's. The first shipments are now being made. They are of pike-perch. The other varieties will follow along in quick order. Brook trout is the favorite of the majority of the applicants.

This year several varieties of salt-water fish, such as tomcod, smelts, and bass, will be distributed, as well as fresh-water fish. The latter include trout, muskallonge, whitefish, pike-perch, yellow perch, white perch, small-mouth black bass, and frost fish.

Trout can be liberated either in fry or fingerling form, according to the waters, but pike-perch and muskallonge must be distributed in the fry state because of their cannibalistic nature.

An experiment with muskallonge fry was made at the Oneida hatchery at Constantia, N. Y. There were placed in a tank 1,000 muskallonge fry. At the end of three weeks it was found that but 500 remained. When six weeks had rolled around there was but one fine fat specimen. He was badly scarred, but he was the survival of the fittest, and swam proudly about in the tank which originally had contained his 999 brothers and sisters.

INDIANA DEMOCRATS' ROW.

Vice Chairman of National and Chairman of State Committee Clash.

INDIANAPOLIS, Ind., April 24.—Trouble over whether or not the Indiana Democratic Convention, to be held in this city this week, shall indorse to next year's Legislature a candidate for the United States Senate broke out to-day in the lobby of the Denison Hotel, where the party leaders had assembled.

John E. Lamb of Terre Haute, Vice Chairman of the Democratic National Committee, a candidate for the nomination for United States Senator and an advocate of the plan that the State Convention shall indorse a candidate, accosted Stokes Jackson, State Chairman, and charged that the Committee on Arrangements, represented by the State Chairman, is planning to block the indorsement plan by having the Committee on Order of Business omit mention of it in its report to the convention before Gov. Marshall, who is to be temporary Chairman, assumes the gavel. Gov. Marshall is the originator of the idea that the convention should indorse a candidate for the Senate, and he is to speak in its favor.

"It is an outrage," Lamb said, flushed and angry. "It is a violation of all precedent, and if an attempt is made to push it through there will be a riot in the convention."

"You can't bluff me," Jackson retorted, with equal heat, "and this is no place to start a row. If you had a grievance, why didn't you come to me privately?"

Friends prevented further trouble. Lamb went to the State headquarters and demanded that the convention programme be changed so that the report on order of business shall be received by Gov. Marshall after he has assumed charge as temporary Chairman.

The leader of the opposition to the Governor's plan is Thomas Taggart, former Democratic National Chairman. He is a candidate for the nomination to the United States Senate, and there are several other contestants.

TRINITY'S PROPERTY WORTH $14,000,000

Annual Report of the Corporation Shows an Increase of $400,000 Last Year.

$129,900 IN CONTRIBUTIONS

More Baptisms Reported by the Rector, but Marriages Have Fallen Off — Much Charitable Work Done.

The wealth of Trinity Church Corporation was increased last year by about $400,000, bringing its total assets up to $14,500,000, according to the second annual financial report to be made public to-day. The total receipts for the year were $853,230, real estate rentals amounting to $743,719. Pew rents amounted to only $16,382, nearly all the parish sittings being free. The report says:

> Trinity's expenditures during the year for religious educational and charitable purposes through her ten churches and nine schools amounted to $355,517, an increase over the previous year of $15,600.
>
> Estate expenditures, representing the cost of maintaining property not used for church purposes, amounted to $461,232. Increases in taxes and insurance amounted to $11,000 and $15,000, respectively.

The taxable valuation of Trinity's productive property is stated to be $13,700,000. The outstanding note obligations are $1,100,000, an increase over last year of $300,000.

The financial statement does not include contributions and collections from the churches, which last year amounted to $129,991.

The Rev. Dr. W. T. Manning, rector of Trinity, who prepared the preface to the Year Book, says, regarding the Trinity and St. Paul churchyards, that no other parish in the world holds for religious purposes, without deriving income from it, property of such value. He adds:

> These properties bring the parish no income whatever, but are, on the contrary, a large expense to it each year, and their maintenance as open breathing spaces to which the public is given free access is an incalculable benefit to the city, quite apart from their great historic significance.

Dr. Manning declares further that Trinity's activities are by no means confined to the well-to-do. He says:

> Trinity Parish is essentially a missionary organization, and its work falls very largely within the domain of what may properly be called "home missions." While its doors stand open to all, and its privileges of worship and of service are offered to rich and poor alike, the work of the parish is done, in overwhelming degree, among those who have little of this world's goods. Trinity Parish has, to-day, four active congregations in the lower part of the city, with a combined membership of 3,325 communicants, and not one of these could possibly continue its work without the support of this parish.

While baptisms have increased, there has been a big drop in the number of marriages, "owing," Dr. Manning says, "perhaps to the operation of the new law requiring those who wish to be married in this State to procure a license."

The Year Book is illustrated for the first time, sixty pages being devoted to pictures of churches, schools, and missions. The total number of communicants of the parish is 8,527, an increase of 700 for the year. The number of persons worshipping at old Trinity last year was 106,900, not including those entering the church for private devotion.

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Any good clothes tailor will tell you that the ideal good clothes building conditions are those which permit of complete construction under direct supervision by an organization working as a unit.

Smith Gray Clothes are the only ready-for-service clothes sold in New York that are designed, cut and tailored under direct personal supervision in the same building where many of them are sold.

When the garments of others can be produced under like or equal conditions, backed by experience covering more than threescore years in tailoring only good clothes, then and only then will there be garments to compare with those of Smith Gray & Co.

Smith Gray & Co. Suits and Spring Coats, in generous assortment and in many exclusive designs, range in price from $18 to $50.

That Smith Gray & Co. are willing temporarily to waive profits that more may know of the goodness of Smith Gray clothes makes these excess values possible.

Black and Oxford Spring Overcoats, of values far in excess of 15.00

Very smart gray Spring Coats and small lots, reduced 18.00

Silk lined to edge black and Oxford spring Coats of vicuna finished fabrics, representing value far in excess of the price, 20.00

Finest silk lined Spring Coats, the regular prices of which range up to 40.00, 27.50

Blue serge worsted cassimere and velour Suits, new grays, blues, stone and steel shades, specially priced, 15.50
Fabrics regular 20.00 and 22.50 grades.

That our patrons may have the use of the garments during the season, we will close out small lots as they occur instead of waiting until mid-Summer—regular 22.50, 25.00 and 27.50 Suits, 18.50

Youths' Suits, of excellent fabric, smart of styles, faultlessly tailored; unusual values, at 12.50

Motor clothes for owners and chauffeurs.

Smith Gray & Co.

Two Brooklyn Stores: Fulton St. at Flatbush Av. Broadway at Bedford Av.

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James McCreery & Co.

23rd Street 34th Street

SILK DEPARTMENTS. *In Both Stores.*

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Complete assortments of the latest weaves and colors in Plain and Novelty Silks always in stock.

Exclusive designs in Printed Foulards, standard qualities.

Single width.....65c to 1.50 per yd.
Double " .....1.00 " 4.00 " "

On Monday and Tuesday, April the 25th and 26th.

Sale of Fifteen Thousand yards, heavy Faille cord, Rough Shantung Homespun Pongee. Complete assortment of the most fashionable colors, also Ecru, White and Black. 27 inches wide. 55c per yard
value 85c

WASH DRESS GOODS. *In Both Stores.*

On Monday and Tuesday, April the 25th and 26th.

Unusual Sale of French Dress Linen.

18,000 yards Linen Suiting, consisting of Diagonal Natte, Tussor and plain weaves. A complete assortment of the latest French colors and white. 46 inches wide. 45c per yard
former prices 65c, 75c, and 85c

French Cotton Dress Voile, white only. 54 inches wide. 48c per yard
value 65c

White Flaxon, linen finish. Plain or corded checks in various sizes. 32 inches wide. 21c per yard

DRESS GOODS.

On Monday, April the 25th.

All wool Diagonal Suiting, sponged and shrunk. All the desirable Spring shades and black. 55c per yard
value 1.00

English Black Stripe Mohair and Plain Sicilian, bright lustre finish. 44 inches wide. 75c per yard
value 1.00

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Domestic Rugs at greatly reduced prices.

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usual price 24.00

9 x 12 ft. Tapestry Brussels Rugs 12.00
usual price 18.00

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usual prices 50.00 and 55.00

9 x 12 ft. Wilton Rugs 25.00
usual price 37.50

9 x 12 ft. all wool Mission Rugs, discontinued patterns. 10.00
usual price 13.50

9 x 12 ft. "Martha Washington" Rag Rugs. 15.00
value 20.00

Carpets, Linoleums and Mattings.

LINEN DEP'TS. *In Both Stores.*

Household Linens, suitable for country homes.

Double Damask Table Cloth..... 3.00, 4.00, 5.00 and 5.50
usual prices 4.00, 5.00, 6.00 and 6.50

Napkins to match..... 3.50 and 5.00 per doz.
usual prices 4.50 and 6.50

500 dozen Irish Linen Huckaback Towels, hemmed or hemstitched. 2.90 per doz.
usual price 4.00

Madeira Tea Napkins,—hand-scalloped and embroidered. Size 14 inches. 6.00 per dozen
usual price 8.50

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Loans from $1 to $1000 upon pledge of personal property.

INTEREST RATES

One per cent. (1%) per month or fraction thereof.

One-half per cent. (½%) charged upon loans repaid within two weeks from date of making.

Number of Loans made in 1909, 306,000

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Amount of Loans made in 1909, $9,630,000

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The fit of our clothes is right.

The style, the quality of the materials, the tailoring and the finish are all open to the same close inspection before you buy.

Spring Suits.....$18 to $40
Spring Overcoats.....$16 to $42

ESTAB OVER HALF A CENTURY

ADVERTISEMENT.

Many Ounces of Prevention.

The Cleveland Cottage, Lakewood, is closed. The Tuberculosis Preventorium for Children has removed six miles north to its beautiful farm near Farmingdale, where the objections prevailing in Lakewood do not exist. Since July 2, 1909, 148 children aged 4 to 14 have been cared for with great success, the average gain in weight during an average stay of 69 days being from 5 to 20 pounds.

Open-air life, pure food, and wise supervision build up the child quickly, and during its absence from home conditions there are vastly improved. Some parents are removed for treatment; others are educated in methods to prevent infection, i. e., open windows, cleanliness, burning the sputum, disinfection, etc., so that the danger to the children of again becoming infected may be removed or largely reduced.

The Preventorium idea has been universally commended; it has been pronounced most practical and far-reaching in its results by great medical authorities. As there are 40,000 children living with tuberculous parents in New York City alone, this, the first Preventorium in the United States, should have liberal support from the public so as to be able to enlarge its capacity. $100,000 a year will be required to care for 400 children, for whom buildings are being planned.

Endowments and membership (from $1 to $1,000 a year) are solicited. The work is broadly non-sectarian. Checks may be sent to Mr. Marcus M. Marks, President, 687 Broadway, or to Mr. Alexander S. Webb, Jr., Lincoln Trust Company, Madison Square, New York, Treasurer, or to either of the other officers and Directors, who are:

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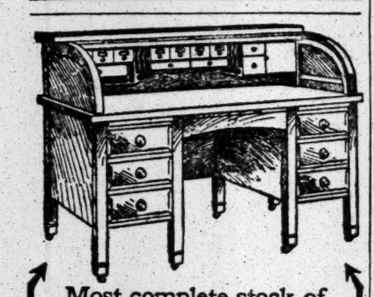

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Call special attention to their extraordinary Collection of Rare
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ADVERTISEMENT.

The Washburn-Crosby Company's famous Gold Medal Flour has all the bread, biscuit, cake, and pastry-making qualities of the finest wheat concentrated in it. It bakes more to the pound than other flour, saves money as well as the extra work and worry occasioned by the use of flour of less uniform quality. That is why knowing housewives always demand it.

An Honest Endeavor.

Honest effort usually meets with success. When seeking a position an advertisement in the Situation Wanted Column of The New York Times will put you in touch with employers. Your advertisement will reach the right people. Telephone 1000 Bryant.

COL. COLLIER HERE TO BOOM SAN DIEGO

His Town Is After the Panama Canal Fair, and Wants Roosevelt to Open It.

A MILLION ALREADY RAISED

And Another Pledged—Determined to Have an Exposition in 1915, Even if Congress Doesn't Help.

In the hope of enlisting the aid of Col. Roosevelt in the selection of San Diego, Cal., as the proper place to hold the exposition or world's fair to celebrate the opening of the Panama Canal in 1915 Col. D. C. Collier of San Diego, Director General of the exposition, who is stopping at the Hotel Astor, yesterday cabled to ask Mr. Roosevelt to be present and press the opening key. Inasmuch as the building of the canal was begun under his Administration, Mr. Collier believes that Mr. Roosevelt will accept the invitation.

Although several coast and inland cities, including San Francisco, Los Angeles, New Orleans, and Washington, have come forward to claim the honors and have promised to raise several million dollars, San Diego is going ahead to perfect her plans for holding the exposition, whether she obtains Governmental aid or not. Already she has raised $1,000,000 and her cititzens have pledged themselves to raise bonds for another million. The city has a population of 50,000, and this means that she will guarantee a per capita subscription of $40. Chicago raised $6 per capita for her world's fair. San Diego will start with $1,583,000 more than Portland, which held one of the most successful expositions in the United States, and $1,375,000 more than Seattle.

San Diego presents several reasons why she should be selected as the Panama exposition city. She "saw it first," or, as her citizens maintain, she was the first city to propose a National celebration for the completion of the great Panama engineering feat. Hers is the port nearest the "great circle" traversed by trans-Pacific traffic to and from the Orient. It is the only city that has subscribed a substantial sum to finance the project, and it is the only city in the United States where an exposition can keep its gates open every day in the year.

Many prominent men are back of the enterprise. U. S. Grant, Jr., the son of the General and ex-President, is the President; John D. Spreckels, the sugar king, is First Vice President; A. G. Spalding is Second Vice President, and Lyman G. Gage, former Secretary of the Treasury, is one of the Directors. Other Directors include every business man of importance in San Diego.

"Primarily," said Col. Collier, "the Panama-California Exposition is an enterprise to exploit the great Southwest and California. It is international in its scope only so far as the material interests of this section of our country are affected by or are involved in those of Mexico, the west coast of South America, and the Orient. The citizens of San Diego have subscribed $1,000,000 to the stock of the exposition, and I think I am safe in saying that the per capita of this subscription exceeds that of any other similar enterprise ever undertaken.

"San Diego, besides being the first port of call on the Pacific in the United States north of the Panama Canal, is the outlet of the Southwest and Southern California on the Pacific, and it is the furthest Western terminus of all transcontinental traffic by all the Southern railway lines. The San Diego & Arizona Railway will soon be completed between San Diego and Yuma, and this railway will open the most direct route between the Middle West and the Pacific Ocean on the new track of commerce between Panama and the ports of the Far East.

"We also claim precedence for an exposition in California, because San Diego was the beginning of things in that section of what was afterward the United States. It was here that Cabrillo landed in 1542. That was the discovery of California. Here Father Junipero Serra founded the first of the California missions. That was the beginning of civilization on the Pacific Coast. Agriculture and industry had its beginning at San Diego. It was a permanent settlement and an organized movement long before any other site had been chosen for that purpose in Western America.

"It is the intention of the people of San Diego to put the city so firmly on the map that it can never be removed. It is also our intention to make it the great entry port of the Southwest. We believe that our harbor, our climate, and our soil are essential factors in the destiny we foresee for San Diego, and it is our firm purpose to make the best of them. That may be described as our selfish interest in promoting the Panama-California Exposition.

"Whether the Government gives its aid or not, we will hold an exposition. We have incorporated the enterprise and capitalized it. The promoters of the show promise to open the gates on Jan. 1, 1915, and maintain it for a full year. In no other region on earth would this be possible, climatic conditions inevitably interfering with a continuous exhibition of this character under any other skes than those that arch above Southern California.

"Since the project was announced there has been an awakening in the extreme Southwest such as that region has never known. Outside capital has been interested in a $10,000,000 plan to establish in the landlocked and spacious bay a modern harbor with docks and terminals such as exist nowhere else outside of Europe.

"The conflict between San Francisco and San Diego to obtain the exposition is of State-wide importance, and a battle royal is threatened when efforts are made to obtain State and Federal appropriations. Business men of San Francisco have been angrily denounced by Southern California editors who were impolite enough to make mention of the sister city's graft scandal and her selection of another union labor Mayor. There have been new mutterings of State division and several tiers of Northern California have been making advances toward Southern Oregon. The main things to remember, however, is that no matter which city gets the Governmental recognition, San Diego will have a real exhibition of its own."

ASTRONOMERS SUSPECTED.

Letters Hint That They've Invented Halley's Comet or Are Hiding It.

Special to The New York Times.

BOSTON, April 24.—Letters about Halley's comet, which are flooding Harvard Observatory, are, it seems, giving the astronomers almost as much pain as amusement. Such of them as do not fly in the face of the cherished formulas of the science are apt to assail the integrity of the scientists. These grieve to observe that most of the writers do not know what a comet is, and they don't like it. Those correspondents that have an idea what a comet might be would like to know the price of it. Some want to know the best way to avoid it, and if there is any cure for it. Not a few intend to tell Col. Roosevelt and have it shot on sight.

"Really you know," said Prof. E. C. Pickering, "they seem to think we are responsible for it. Insinuations in several letters we have received made us fear we were being denounced as undesirable citizens.

"The advocates of a flat earth have risen again in their might and informed us that there is no comet—because the earth is flat. It is so. So it is. There is no room for argument. But the advocates of a flat earth we have always with us, while the comet has brought us into communication with a score of new writers, who prefer to get at us this way: 'You know the comet is going to hit the earth and end the world. Why don't you tell the truth about it?' they write.

"Our motive in withholding information is frankly stated. We want to influence the stock market, or have been bribed."

TO STUDY COMET'S EFFECT.

Government Asks Wireless Operators and Mariners to Help.

Preparations are being made by the United States Hydrographic Office and all its branches for a series of observations by mariners of phenomena attendant upon the visitation of Halley's comet. A special bulletin has been issued calling on correspondents of the office, wherever they may be, to make careful notes of unusual meteorological conditions. The bulletin says:

It is requested that all ship masters who view the comet will inform the United States Hydrographic Office of the brightness of the object as compared with bright stars in the heavens, the angular length of the tail, comparing the length with the angular distance between bright stars near it, its form, and color. To make these observations it is suggested that ship masters use their binoculars, spyglasses, or the low-power eyepiece of their sextants.

Mariners also are especially requested to make careful observations for variations of the needle, which, it is suggested, may be affected by the comet. A close watch, the bulletin says, should also be kept for unusual deflections, "noting their exact time, amount, whether periodical, &c."

It is the wireless telegraph, however, which the Hydrographic Office believes may be most affected by the approach and recession of the comet, through electro-magnetic waves being set up by electrical discharges or meteoric particles, in which case, it is said, disturbances would be observed in the receiving apparatus of wireless installations.

"The maximum effect," says the bulletin, "will be observed between the 16th and 20th of May, particularly on May 18. It is requested that wireless operators pay particular attention to static effects during this period, and to note anything unusual. The operator hearing unusual noises in the telephone should note the time and see whether there were any meteorites observed at that time; also note the ship's head and direction of the antennae at the same time. The occurrence of meteorites should be logged by the watch officer, with details of time, size, direction, and duration."

Scattered about the country are many amateur wireless plants, besides those of regularly organized companies doing a commercial business. It is requested that all such operators work in conjunction with the Hydrographic Office, keeping such records as have been suggested to operators on ships.

ONE SLAIN IN A CRAP GAME.

His Roommate Also Wounded by Seven Unwelcome Guests.

Nicola Gingolia and Cosmos Baltic rented two rooms on the second floor of a two-story brick house at 53 Attorney Street a month ago. There came along with the furniture a young woman, who told the neighbors she was Maria Alesania.

Yesterday afternoon at 4:30 o'clock neighbors heard six or seven shots in the Attorney Street rooms. Sarah Grief of 59 Attorney Street and Bella Wolf of 22 Scannell Street, each 18 years old, later told the police that seven young men, three in blue and four in gray, had asked them a short while before if a Polack woman lived in the neighborhood; that they then had gone into several houses in the neighborhood, finally going into No. 53, and that after the shooting they came running out again.

Nicola Gingolia ran over to the Delancey Street Station and told the police that the seven young men had come to his rooms and begun shooting craps on the floor, and upon his and Baltic's protest they had pulled their pistols and begun shooting. He and Baltic had been wounded. Dr. Cheatham, from Gouverneur Hospital, found that Gingolia had a bullet through his left shoulder and another through his right thigh. When the doctor opened the man's waistcoat the bullet that had gone through his left shoulder rolled out on the floor. He was rushed to the hospital.

The police found Baltic lying on the floor of what they said was the dirtiest room they ever saw. He had a bullet wound through his abdomen, and died at 6 o'clock in Gouverneur Hospital.

Baby Disappears at Play.

Mary Dangelo, 4 years old, has been missing from her home, 207 North Fifth Street, Williamsburg, since 11 o'clock on Saturday morning. She asked her mother if she could play in the street. When she did not come home for dinner her mother began a search for her, without success. The child wore a white dress, brown stockings, and tan shoes.

Gov. Colton to Arrive from Porto Rico.

Gov. Colton of Porto Rico and a party of prominent business men from that island will arrive to-day on the steamship Coamo from San Juan. They will stay at the Hotel Latham.

GIANT CROCODILE STIRS BRONX ZOO

Keepers After a Hard Struggle Deprive "Old Ironclad" of His Teeth.

FIGHT IN REPTILE HOUSE

Mose, the Big Alligator, Wounded in an Encounter with the Crocodile Over Their Breakfast.

"Old Ironclad," the ten-foot crocodile, which has been living at peace with the alligators and turtles in the concrete tank in the Bronx Park Zoo reptile house ever since he came from the River Nile, several years ago, went on a rampage early yesterday morning, and before quiet was restored in the tank Old Ironclad had been deprived of most of his teeth. They were sawed off close to the gums. It was a drastic method of insuring peace in the alligator tank, but it was the only one the keepers could think of to save the lives of the other reptiles.

There was nothing to indicate that trouble was brewing in the alligator tank when Head Keeper Snyder entered the reptile house soon after sunrise yesterday and began to feed the inmates. There was not a ripple on the surface of the alligator pool. Here and there appeared the nose of an alligator or one of the smaller crocodiles, but they appeared to be sleeping peacefully. On the ledge of concrete at the far side of the tank, where the ferns and other tropical plants overhang the water, lay Old Ironclad, stretched at full length, as motionless as a log.

Fight Starts in Reptile Pool.

Snyder had thrown some breakfast into the cage of the anacondas and king cobras, and had stirred up the rattlesnakes by dropping a couple of mice through the trapdoor of their cage, when he was startled by a mighty splash in the alligator pool. It was followed by another splash, and another, and in an instant the surface of the pool looked like the surf on a rocky coast, the water whirling and seething into spray and splashing high into the air. As Snyder reached the edge of the tank Old Ironclad plunged head foremost into a group of alligators which were thrashing about at one end of the pool, trying to get out of the way of his dangerous teeth.

As Snyder hesitated at the edge of the pool, Keeper Riley of the monkey house came in. Several alligators were making frantic efforts to scale the steel-chain net which surrounds the pool, but were turned back by the curled top.

Snyder ran to the storeroom, adjoining the office of Curator Ditmars, and returned with two long poles, tipped with iron. He and Riley began to prod Old Ironclad. But the metal-like skin of the crocodile turned aside the sharp points of the poles. Mose, the largest of the alligators, which was brought from Florida a year ago, and which of late has contested the right of Old Ironclad to the largest portions of food thrown into the pool, was evidently the centre of Old Ironclad's attack. The teeth of the crocodile had already ripped a gash in his side just under the left foreleg.

"Get me the steel lasso," cried Snyder, when he say that Old Ironclad was far too excited to be subdued by the iron-tipped poles. This steel lasso has been used on several occasions in the reptile house in cases of emergency. It consists of a heavy steel wire in the form of a noose, and is attached to the end of a stout pole which can be used as a lever on the top of the alligator tank. Soon Riley returned with the lasso. Watching his chance, Snyder slipped the noose over Old Ironclad's head. Down went the end of the lever, and with Snyder and Riley throwing their entire weight on the end of the pole, up came the head of Old Ironclad, his body and tail lashing about in fury.

Two of the other keepers had joined Snyder and Riley by this time. Turning the lever over to the others, Snyder began to prepare for an operation which was performed a year or more ago at the Zoo when the African crocodile, which occupies a tank all to himself, became unruly and had to be deprived of his teeth. Snyder dragged out a heavy platform, some three feet wide, which had been cut to lie lengthwise over the surface of the tank. Shoving this quickly in place he and Riley began to drag the lashing tail of Old Ironclad on to the plank. The alligators all sank to the bottom of the tank when the keepers entered the inclosure, and they stayed there until the operation was over.

Old Ironclad's tail was firmly lashed to the plank, a burlap sack was thrown over his head, and tied just back of the jaws. Then gradually and with many slips the entire body of the angry crocodile was stretched along the plank and roped down. As the last knot was tied, the steel loop was released, and the keepers were ready to deprive Old Ironclad of his weapons. From the office of Curator Ditmars a saw was obtained. A block of wood was inserted into the crocodile's mouth to keep it open. The teeth ranged from two to three and a half inches long. The saw, operated by Keeper Snyder, made short work of them.

End of a Crocodile Bully.

In a few minutes the fang-like teeth were nothing more than a double row of stumps. Then came the most dangerous part of the whole job—releasing the crocodile. Beginning at the tail, Snyder severed the bonds with a knife. He had sliced the rope to about the middle of Old Ironclad when the crocodile whipped his tail free from the board and began to churn the water again. In his struggles he managed to turn the board entirely over. Had it not been for this, Snyder would have had great difficulty in cutting the other knots. But with Old Ironclad under the board and unable to right it, all the keeper had to do was reach down and cut the other knots and drag the board out of the tank. Old Ironclad sank at once to the bottom of the pool, stayed there a moment, and made another rush at Mose.

The water was too cloudy for the keepers to see what was happening clearly, but after that one rush, Old Ironclad stayed quiet. It is likely, the keepers say, that he discovered then that his weapons were gone and that he was quite harmless. As for the wounded Mose, the keepers dragged him partly out of the water and found that his injury was not serious, so he was slipped back into the water to allow nature to heal his wound.

WILD GEESE VISIT THE PARK.

Noisily Welcomed by the Other Birds on Swan Lake.

Just before daylight yesterday morning a V-shaped flock of wild Canada geese, with an old gander leading the way, hovered over Central Park, honking out a greeting to the members of their own species which live in Swan Lake, a stone's throw from Fifty-ninth Street. The tall buildings which skirt the south side of Fifty-ninth Street seemed to have no terrors for the little flock of wild fowl.

Closer and closer they drew to the lake, and each moment the commotion among the regular residents of the lake increased.

In a few minutes the flock of wild geese landed with a splash in the middle of the lake, still honking their greeting to the old residents. No sooner had they alighted when out from the shores of Swan Lake swam fifty or more Canada geese, dozens of mallards and black ducks, and several swan, all headed for the new arrivals and making all the noise they could. The flock of newcomers awaited their coming.

If any of the policemen or Park keepers who witnessed the reception of the wild fowl expected a fight they were disappointed.

A little later in the morning the swans and the old ganders of the Swan Lake flock of Canada geese lead a personally conducted tour of the lake, followed by the strangers. One day last week a small flock of geese dropped into the lake and stayed. Several wild ducks, too, have joined the little colony on Swan Lake this season and have evidently decided to stop awhile in that little retreat, where there is no danger from guns or the nets of the trapper.

MATCHES TO THE MONKEYS.

First Arrest in an Attempt to End a Mean Sort of Cruelty.

It has become a sort of Sunday fad to throw matches to the Bronx Zoo monkeys, so that they will make faces and howl. Director Hornaday instructed the primate house attendants to keep a close watch on the visitors yesterday for match throwers. He said he was determined to stamp out this form of cruelty.

The blue mandril was the first victim yesterday afternoon. He has often been caught before by this trick, but he looks forward to Sunday to gather all sorts of offerings thrown into the cage. He is greedy.

He attracts a great deal of attention, because his face shades from a livid blue to a ghastly red. Anybody thinking of throwing a match at a monkey would pick the blue mandril as first choice. His name in the vernacular means nightmare. It was 2 o'clock in the primate house. Keeper Angelholm was walking up and down near the monkeys, tidying up things like the parlormaid in the first act, waiting for something to happen. The blue mandril was seen to snatch something that had been thrown into his cage. He bit on it hard. It was a match head. The blue mandril didn't show the least restraint. He spat out the match head. He whanged his trapeze back and forth as if he would break through the wall. He howled like a lost soul.

Engelholm saw a man run out of the crowd. Accompanied by Policeman King, he gave chase, and finally overhauled and arrested Abraham Lipsky of 784 East Fifth Street. Lipsky was locked up, charged with malicious mischief and disorderly conduct.

RESERVES TO STOP BALL GAME

Spectators Angry When Police Arrest Men Who Sold Tickets.

The East Side Giants, a colored baseball team, and the McNulty Brothers' Club opened the Harlem Vacant Lot League season yesterday on the diamond in the space in West 148th Street, between Seventh and Eighth Avenues, which is surrounded by a high fence. Printed placards stuck all around on the outside said that the game was under the auspices of the McNulty Brothers' Athletic Association, and that admission was by tickets, which could be purchased at 200 West 149th Street.

The attendance yesterday when the game began indicated that the McNulty Athletic Association had some 2,500 members. Police Inspector Hussey and three of his detectives, Wren, Fried, and Morris, having obtained warrants previously from Magistrate House in the Harlem Court, went in with the earliest spectators and waited for the game to begin.

The East Side Giants took the field, and the East Side Giant pitcher was just tying himself into his first knot when the detectives arrested four men who seemed to be in charge of the game. The 2,500 alleged members of the McNulty Brothers' Athletic Association at once set up a fearful row, asking fircely, "Who is going to give us back our money?" The more they asked this futile question the angrier they got, until finally the detectives sent for reserves from the West 152d Street Station.

The 2,500 "members" were cleared out of the lot, and the detectives took their four prisoners to the West 152d Street Police Station, charging them with violating the Sunday law. The prisoners said they were James R. McAvoy, steam fitter, 271 West 141st Street; Timothy J. O'Dwyer, salesman, 230 West 149th Street; A. D. Potter, bookkeeper, 216 West 149th Street, and William King, laborer, 220 East 152d Street.

Harlem and Bronx, all Summer long, are filled with teams that play baseball for an indirect admission fee. The tickets are usually sold on the sly and not advertised on placards.

MISSING, WAS ON A VISIT.

Wealthy Californian Says He Left Chicago Suddenly to See Mother.

ANN ARBOR, Mich., April 24.—Norman P. Cummings, a wealthy real estate owner of Chicago and California, who disappeared from Chicago last Wednesday with a large amount of cash and several thousand dollars' worth of jewelry on his person, was located in a local hotel where he has been staying since the middle of last week. Cummings says he came to Ann Arbor for the express purpose of visiting his mother.

He says he left Chicago on the spur of the moment, but he has communicated with his wife, and she will soon join him here and the two then will leave for California.

COLLEGE NEEDS $200,000.

League Will Discuss Places to Complete Brooklyn Catholic Institution.

A meeting of the Brooklyn College League will be held to-morrow night in the college at Crown Heights to [illegible] constitution and decide on a plan to raise funds to complete the college building. The league, which was organized a month ago to raise $200,000 to continue the work, numbers among its members some of the most prominent Catholics in the borough.

It is expected that Bishop McDonnell of Brooklyn will be made honorary President, while others whose names have been mentioned for honorary Vice Presidents are William J. Carr, William A. Prendergast, Dr. James C. Kennedy, William G. Kelly, Dr. John Harrington, Thomas F. Byrnes, Luke D. Stapleton and John H. McCooey.

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HAVE IN STOCK IN THE UPHOLSTERY DEPARTMENT, AN EXTENSIVE ASSORTMENT OF ARTICLES FOR SUMMER HOME FURNISHINGS, INCLUDING CRETONNES; COTTON NOVELTIES IN SETS TO MATCH; COUCH-HAMMOCKS; SCREENS OF BURLAP OR CRETONNE; CEDAR, MATTING OR CRETONNE COVERED CHESTS. CURTAINS, DRAPERIES AND PORTIÈRES.

FLOOR COVERINGS FOR COUNTRY HOMES, SUMMER COTTAGES AND BUNGALOWS ARE BEING SHOWN, INCLUDING HOMESPUNS AND ART RUGS IN SOME EXCLUSIVE PATTERNS; AUSTRIAN, DUTCH AND AMERICAN PORCH RUGS, AS WELL AS BATH MATS, DOOR MATS, ETC.

SMALL ORIENTAL RUGS, RANGING FROM $12.50 UPWARD

A SPECIAL REDUCTION HAS BEEN MADE IN THE PRICES OF A LARGE NUMBER OF ORIENTAL RUGS, IN LARGE AND MEDIUM SIZES.

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(SIZES INCOMPLETE)

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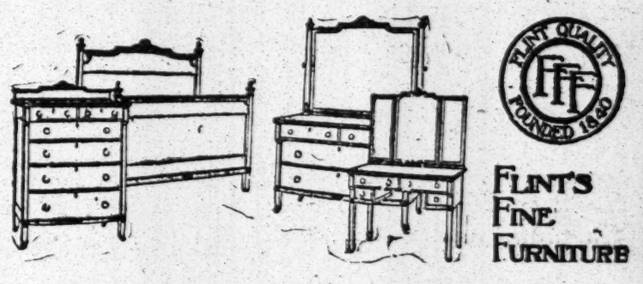

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PERIOD FURNISHINGS FOR THE SUMMER HOME.

Our present exhibit of Summer Styles covers every important Period adapted to the furnishing of the country home.

Particularly charming are the Louis XV and XVI Enameled Suites in French grey, while even more delicate in elaborate grace of design are hand-painted pieces fashioned after the classic school of Adam, Sheraton and Hepplewhite.

Aside from artistic considerations, prices in every department will, upon comparison, be found exceptionally low.

GEO. C. FLINT CO.

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in the most modern and approved methods with insurance against damage by moths, theft and fire.

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During the Spring at Special Concessions from Regular Rates.
Estimates Submitted and Articles Called for Upon Request.

PORTIERES, DRAPERIES, ETC., CARED FOR AND INSURED.

LACE CURTAINS CLEANED

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West Twenty-third Street

1887 Brill Clothes—Ready to Wear 1910

Good Clothes for Men

Moderately Priced

Our Spring Suits for men, between $20 and $35, are of fine fabrics, carefully tailored,—suits for particular men.

The BRILL TWENTY—suit or overcoat at $20—is a radical improvement upon any previous or elsewhere existing standard of value at that figure. There's more good fabric, good craftsmanship, good style in it, than we ever before put into a $20 garment.

The U. S. TRUE BLUE Serge Suit at $15 is an annual offering of ours. This is its sixth year. The color is an unfading deep blue, and the cloth is cold water shrunk. In 2 or 3 button, single breasted, full lined or half lined, it's just the suit for April to October wear.

An unusually attractive assortment of 50 cent neckwear in plain colors and exquisite color combinations in all the popular shapes and widths.

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The "Eddy" Our Standard for a Quarter Century
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If your Piano needs repairing, we will do the work during the Summer at a specially low price and charge you nothing for the storage. Skilled workmen only are employed and our shop contains every facility for reconstructing and refinishing Pianos equal to new, regardless of style or make.

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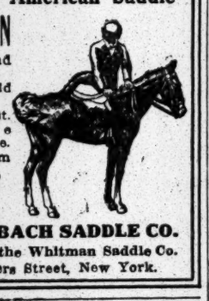

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If you lose a pet animal hasten to an advertising agency or telephone 1000 Bryant, and advertise in the Lost and Found Column of The New York Times. A special classification for Lost Dogs and Cats will make your advertisement exceedingly conspicuous.

BIG GAME TRAIL OVER NEW BRIDGE

Circus Initiates the Manhattan Structure with Only Stars and the Comet to See.

GLAD TO BE OUT OF DOORS

Canvas Up in Brooklyn and First Big Parade There To-day—Then Away to North and West and the Cotton Belt.

The plump circus horses that Lily, the Bareback Queen, rode prancing around the arena of Madison Square Garden last week, were gone yesterday, with their trainers, to whose skill the perfect obedience of the animals testified. In their places were the lean little mountain ponies that Buffalo Bill's daredevil riders will attempt to negotiate on Tuesday and after, each one promising with a shake of his shaggy mane that no trainer ever will be his boss, and that no rider who slaps a saddle upon him is sure of staying on.

It was a double moving day at the Garden. The circus, and all its trappings, with animals that were led and animals that were carried, passed over the Manhattan Bridge into Brooklyn. Within an hour after they were out, Buffalo Bill was busy moving in, and today the Garden is thronged with painted and beaded Indians, a small herd of buffalo, sombrereed vaqueros, painted cliffs, and delapidated stage coaches, all ready to roll down the mountain sides to be shot up and captured in a cowboy-Indian battle.

The circus was glad to be away. You could tell that by asking anybody from the boss of the black top tent to the main man in charge of the big top. "Circusing under a roof, isn't circusing, that's all," said the animal tender in Brooklyn last night as he pitched hay to the elephants, while the canvas overhead and roundabout flapped in a stiff wind that tinged his talk with a home-sweet-homeish flavor.

"To us," he went on with a sigh that indicated genuine joy after the Garden's confinement, "the canvas tents and the sod and sawdust are as much our native element as water is to the fishes. There isn't a blessed one of us that's not glad he's outdoors at last, or that would ever want to do his turn again in a building.

"I'll tell you what—if I was a kid again and was wanting to see a circus I'd never say I saw one if I sat in those comfortable Garden seats, and didn't throw a ball at Aunt Sally, or put up a nickel for the real pink lemonade. May be you New Yorkers thought what you saw was a circus; to us it wasn't."

Not the least of those who were glad to be free again from the housed-in season was the baby giraffe. It was cold when it arrived in Brooklyn, for the day was raw, and it was quite a change from the hot basement of the Garden to an open tent in a Brooklyn lot well down toward the water front, where the wind has a free sweep across the canvas.

The baby was not allowed to run loose last night in the cage prepared for its reception after the crowds are allowed to come in, but was housed along with its mother in an extra large "giraffe wagon," for fear the cold wind would have a bad effect.

Getting away from the Garden was not for the circus an experience that will be repeated anywhere upon its Summer tour. They did not want to lead the elephants over the Brooklyn Bridge because of the heavy traffic that knows no let up at any hour of the day or night, so they chose the new Manhattan Bridge, and it was duly opened at 2 o'clock yesterday morning, as a big game trail away from Father Knickerbocker's Island.

The troop of forty elephants led the way, and behind them came the camels, one-humped and two-humped, all jumbled in together. There were four twelve-horse teams shaking the beams of the new bridge as their heavy loads of "properties" trundled along, and then there were six eight-horse teams and twenty-four six-horse teams, and after them the animals in cages.

The Barnum & Bailey circus, as it is assembled opposite the baseball park at Fifth Avenue and Third Street, Brooklyn, is now ready for its Summer tour. All that is lacking in the way of new experiences is to entrain for a run between one-night stands, and that experience the circus folk will enjoy on Saturday night. They will then, after a week's stand in Brooklyn, go aboard four trains of eighty-nine cars and will move to Philadelphia, where the road season will be formally opened, to know no long stops again until the North and West and Middle West, British Columbia, and the cotton belt have all been visited.

Last year it was a real cartridge that got into the slap stick and shot the clown. Yesterday George Holland, a clown, was unpacking his belongings in the dressing tent, and picked up a box of fifty pistol cartridges, all of which had bullets in them, and dropped the box an a sledge hammer.

Twenty of the cartridges were exploded, and the bullets went whistling through the tent roof. Holland fell to the ground holding both his ears, and when the attendants ventured back and asked him what the matter was he showed that the lobes of both ears had been shot off. Otherwise he was untouched, as vouched for by Dr. Murray of the Methodist Episcopal Hospital, who dressed his ears.

This morning the circus holds a street parade, and this afternoon it opens its Brooklyn week with a matinée. The task of establishing itself in its series of four large tents and a score of smaller ones lacked much of the picturesqueness that will be present for the rest of the tour, owing to the fact that the canvas had been brought down from Winter quarters, together with 300 canvasmen, on Wednesday, and was all in place when the animals and the hooligans arrived to take possession and prepare to move the populace with laughter.

BASEBALL SUMMARY.

National League.

Cincinnati	10	Pittsburg at Chicago—Rain.	
St. Louis	6		

American League.

Cleveland at Detroit—Rain.	Chicago at St. Louis — Cold weather.

Eastern League.

Newark	4	Jersey City	3
Rochester	5	Montreal	1
Toronto	4		
Providence	0		

WHERE THEY PLAY TO-DAY.

National League.

Brooklyn at New York.
Boston at Philadelphia.
Pittsburg at Chicago.
St. Louis at Cincinnati.

American League.

New York at Washington.
Philadelphia at Boston.
Detroit at St. Louis.
Chicago at Cleveland.

Eastern League.

Montreal at Newark.
Buffalo at Jersey City.
Toronto at Baltimore.
Rochester at Providence.

STANDING OF THE CLUBS.

National League.

	W.	L.	P.C.		W.	L.	P.C.
Philadelphia	6	1	.857	Cincinnati	3	3	.500
Pittsburg	5	1	.833	Boston	2	5	.286
Chicago	4	2	.667	Brooklyn	2	5	.286
New York	4	3	.571	St. Louis	1	7	.125

American League.

	W.	L.	P.C.		W.	L.	P.C.
Detroit	5	2	.714	Boston	4	4	.500
New York	3	2	.600	St. Louis	2	2	.500
Philadelphia	4	3	.571	Washington	4	4	.500
Cleveland	4	4	.500	Chicago	1	4	.200

Eastern League.

	W.	L.	P.C.		W.	L.	P.C.
Newark	3	1	.750	Providence	2	2	.500
Montreal	3	1	.750	Toronto	2	2	.500
Buffalo	2	2	.500	Jersey City	1	3	.250
Baltimore	2	2	.500	Rochester	1	3	.250

NATIONAL LEAGUE.

Cincinnati Has Little Trouble in Defeating St. Louis.

CINCINNATI, April 24.—The Cincinnati team had little trouble winning to-day's game from St. Louis by a score of 10 to 6. The visitors used four pitchers, and they fared about equally. Anderson, for Cincinnati, was wild, giving four bases on balls and allowing a sacrifice to the first five men. Suggs was hit hard also. Score:

CINCINNATI.	AB	R	H	PO	A	ST. LOUIS.	AB	R	H	PO	A
Bescher, lf.	4	2	2	2	0	Huggins, 2b.	4	1	1	3	2
Lobert, 3b.	4	2	2	0	5	Ellis, lf.	4	0	0	0	0
Hob'zell, 1b.	4	2	2	15	0	Oakes, cf.	4	1	2	2	0
Mitchell, cf.	4	0	2	1	0	Kon'chy, 1b.	3	0	0	9	0
Egan, 2b.	3	2	1	3	5	Evans, rf.	4	0	1	1	0
McCabe, rf.	3	1	2	1	0	Br'n'h'n, c.	5	2	3	8	1
Paskert, rf.	2	0	1	0	0	Hauser, ss.	5	1	2	1	4
Downey, ss.	2	1	2	2	2	Mowrey, 3b.	5	1	1	0	2
McLean, c.	4	0	1	4	1	Reiger, p.	0	0	0	0	0
And'son, p.	0	0	0	0	0	Higgins, p.	1	0	1	0	3
Suggs, p.	4	0	0	0	4	Geyer, p.	0	0	0	0	0
						Lush, p.	1	0	0	1	0
Total.	34	10	15	27	17	*Phelps	1	0	1	0	0
						Total.	37	6	12	24	13

*Batted for Geyer in sixth inning.

St. Louis	1	0	1	0	0	2	2	0	0	—	6
Cincinnati	2	8	0	0	8	1	0	1	.	—	10

Two-base hit—Evans. Three-base hits—Lobert, Mitchell. Home run—Lobert. Hits—Off Suggs, 12 in eight and two-third innings; off Reiger, 6 in two innings; off Higgins, 4 in two and one-third innings; off Geyer, 2 in two-thirds inning; off Lush, 3 in three innings. Sacrifice hits—Oakes, Mitchell. Stolen bases—Hoblitzell, Egan. Double play—Lobert, McLean, and Hoblitzell. Left on bases—St. Louis, 11; Cincinnati, 8. Base on balls—Off Anderson, 4; off Suggs, 2; off Reiger, 2; off Higgins, 2; off Lush, 1. Hit by pitcher—By Reiger, Downey; by Lush, Hoblitzell. Struck out—By Reiger, 1; by Higgins, 1; by Geyer, 1; by Lush, 2. Time of game—Two hours and twelve minutes. Umpires—Messrs. O'Day and Brennan.

Eastern League.

AT NEWARK.

				R.	H.	E.
Rochester	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	3	0	—	5	11	5
Newark	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	0	2	—	4	10	2

Batteries—Holmes, Lafitte, Blair, and Butler; McGinnity, Mueller, Perkins, and Crisp.

AT JERSEY CITY.

										R.	H.	E.
Jersey City	1	1	0	0	1	0	0	0	.	—	3	5	2
Montreal	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	—	1	7	1

Batteries—Sitton and Crist; Wilson, Hoch, and Curtis.

AT PROVIDENCE.

										R.	H.	E.
Toronto	2	0	0	0	0	0	2	0	—	4	5	0
Providence	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	—	0	3	4

Batteries—Newton and Vandergrift; Barry and Peterson.

American Association.

At Columbus—Columbus, 5; Toledo, 4.
At Minneapolis—Minneapolis, 16; St. Paul, 4.
At Louisville—Louisville, 2; Indianapolis, 0.
At Milwaukee—Kansas City vs. Milwaukee; rain.

State League.

At Utica—Utica, 11; Worcester, 0.

Southern League.

At New Orleans—New Orleans, 5; Mobile, 4.

Other Baseball Games.

At Waterbury, Conn.—Waterbury, 5; New Haven, 0.
At Bridgeport—Bridgeport, 4; Holyoke, 0.
At Troy—Troy, 13; Springfield, 11.

Tenney's Team Did Not Play.

Special to The New York Times.

ALBANY, April 24.—Eleven of the New York Nationals, for the most part youngsters, under Fred Tenney, with Weimer and Snodgrass as battery, came here to-day to play the Albany State League nine. No game was scheduled here, and the grounds at Chadwick Park are all torn up. The Giants went back this evening. President Winchester says there was no date with New York, and the one with Boston had to be cancelled because of the condition of the grounds. Manager Clarke had asked for a date, but received no reply. Tenney says the Albany date was put in the schedule in February.

Yale Loses Good Runners.

Special to The New York Times.

NEW HAVEN, Conn., April 24.—Yale has lost from her track team E. K. Mullins of Salem, Ohio, because of heart trouble. He has not fully recovered from an illness of several weeks ago, and, acting under physician's orders, he has stopped training. He was one of the best middle-distance runners in the East. Baird, another middle-distance star, has stopped training. Both Baird and Mullins were members of Yale's relay team.

WESTON RECOVERS, STARTS WALK AGAIN

Aged Pedestrian Feels No Ill-Effects of Weak Spell—Testimonial Awaits Him in This City.

Special to The New York Times.

UTICA, N. Y., April 24.—Edward Payson Weston's wonderful recuperative powers enabled him to "come back" to-day, after his weakness and illness of yesterday, and to-night he looked fit as he announced that when he began his eastward tramp five minutes past midnight he would feel as well as at any time since he left Los Angeles Feb. 1 to walk to New York City Hall in ninety days. The old man was about all in when he reached the hotel at Vernon, fifteen miles west of here, at 10 o'clock last night, but twenty-six hours of sleep and rest, supplemented by good country food and the use of some homely family remedies, put Weston on his feet again, and this evening he was feeling "right chipper," as a villager described it.

Nothing was allowed to interfere with Weston's rest to-day, although there was a steady stream of visitors to Vernon from Utica, Oneida, Syracuse, and other places. Weston refused to see any one, and stayed in his room throughout the day. The two ministers living in Vernon called to pay their respects, but Weston sent down word that he was not dressed and could not see them. Weston didn't dress during the day.

Weston plans to pass through Utica shortly after 4 o'clock to-morrow morning and to not stop for breakfast until he reached Little Falls, twenty-two miles east of here. That will put him thirty-seven miles on his way, and he says he will reach Fonda to-morrow night, unless some unforeseen obstacle is encountered, and that if he feels as strong to-morrow as he did this evening he will try to make Amsterdam, ten miles further east. From his starting place at Vernon it is sixty-eight miles to Fonda and seventy-eight to Amsterdam. Weston figures that he will get into Troy Tuesday night. The exact time of his arrival in New York is contingent upon two "ifs"—if his strength holds out and if he is permitted to walk down Broadway from Seventy-second Street.

Last year, when Weston started to walk from New York to San Francisco, the police made him take side streets on his way out of town, because they said his walking up Broadway would obstruct traffic.

"They thought I was a has been and all in," said Weston, "but now that I have made good I want to walk to New York City Hall by way of the whole length of Broadway. If they will let me I will be at the City Hall at 4 o'clock Friday afternoon, seventy-four days and twenty-three hours from Los Angeles."

If permission to walk down Broadway in the daytime is refused him he intimated that he might lay off at Kingsbridge or even farther up town until late Friday night and walk to City Hall at 4 o'clock Saturday morning, which would make his record seventy-five days and twelve hours. If he gets to City Hall at 4 o'clock Friday afternoon he will have established a new record for walking from Chicago to New York, the time being twenty-two days and five hours.

Although Weston saw no visitors to-day he received a large number of letters and telegrams of congratulation and encouragement, and they added to his cheerfulness, which grew steadily throughout the day.

TESTIMONIAL FOR WESTON.

Substantial Recognition of Walker's Remarkable Accomplishment.

When Weston arrives in this city, as he is expected to do some time during the coming week, after completing his walk from the Pacific to the Atlantic, a distance of about 3,500 miles, he will be presented with a substantial testimonial in recognition of his efforts to promote physical well-being and of what may be accomplished in the way of preserving health and mental vigor by wholesome bodily exercise. Weston, who is now over 71 years of age, has been before the public for more than forty-three years, and his pedestrian feats have been free from betting or Sabbath breaking. The testimonial is in no sense a reward for the pedestrian's remarkable accomplishment in walking across the continent, but is much wider in its scope.

Those in charge of the movement to provide a fund for the aged pedestrian believe that Weston's example of sobriety and healthy outdoor life has been of inestimable benefit to the youth of the land and should be appreciated. The following committee has consented to act and to receive subscriptions: Walter H. Moler, Secretary, 111 Broadway; F. C. Brown, Albemarle Hotel; Dr. D. E. Smith, 26 East Twenty-ninth Street, and Icabod Cozzens, 86 Franklin Street. Checks may be made payable to Edward Payson Weston, Albemarle Hotel, Broadway and Twenty-fourth Street, New York City, or to the Secretary.

Among those who have already subscribed to the fund are Pierre Lorillard, Postmaster Edward M. Morgan, Henry Clews, Gen. Thomas H. Hubbard, Joseph H. Choate, former Ambassador to England; William B. Fuller, Owen J. Brady, and Peter A. Franklin.

Midshipman Injured at Football.

Special to The New York Times.

ANNAPOLIS, Md., April 24.—That the new football rules have not eliminated the chances of serious accidents in the game is shown by the broken collarbone which Midshipman John H. Culen is now nursing. Culen received his injury while playing under the new rules during the Spring practice of the Navy team.

A. C. A. Concert Smoker.

A smoker concert will be given in the assembly room at the club night of the Automobile Club of America, Tuesday, May 3. Music will be furnished by a quartet, and Hans Kronold will be the 'cellist. The performance will consist of old music. Members of the club have the privilege of introducing one guest.

FRANK KRAMER INJURED.

Champion Cyclist Has a Bad Fall at Newark Velodrome.

Special to The New York Times.

NEWARK, N. J., April 24.—Frank L. Kramer, the cycle champion, was painfully injured here to-day while riding in the five-mile open professional race at the Velodrome bicycle track. He was rounding into the stretch in the third mile when the accident occurred. Kramer was riding high on the bank of the track behind the bunch of riders when he tried to pull up ahead. One of the contestants cut across in front of him. There was a collision and the champion was thrown heavily to the track.

Root, who was riding far behind the bunch, not seeing Kramer, rode into him. Root turned a complete somersault and landed several feet down the bank of the track. He was not hurt. Kramer was unconscious when picked up. He was carried to his training quarters, where Frank Devlin, the track surgeon, worked over him for twenty minutes.

Kramer suffered from the shock and his injuries consisted of body bruises. His wheel was wrecked. Kramer will be compelled to remain off the track for several days. With Kramer out of the race, Paddy O'Sullivan Hehir and Iver Lawson fought the remaining two miles of the race out in sensational style. Lawson, however, beat Hehir to the tape in an exciting sprint.

THE WEEK'S LOCAL BOXING.

Champions in Two Classes Among Those Who Will Furnish the Sport.

To-night.—Marathon Athletic Club, Brooklyn—Johnny Coulon vs. Frankie Burns, ten rounds.
Olympic Athletic Club—Tommy Houck vs. Charlie Goldman, ten rounds.
National Sporting Club—Monte Attel vs. Joe Wagner, ten rounds.
Thursday.—Empire Athletic Club—Abe Attell vs. Tommy Murphy, ten rounds.
Long Acre Athletic Club—Benny Yanger vs. Henry Piet.

The bout to-night at the Marathon A. C., Brooklyn, between Johnny Coulon and Frankie Burns has more significance than first appears. There are a couple of boys around here who dispute Coulon's right to the bantam title, and whether he is or is not a real champion is beside the matter. He is being bombarded with challenges, and if club managers are willing enough they can have Coulon bouts for weeks to come, providing, of course, Coulon is able to stand the strain.

The Olympic A. C. has secured for its show to-night Tommy Houck, a Philadelphia bantam, and Charlie Goldman of Brooklyn, who will furnish the star bout of ten rounds. The winner of this fight will be matched with Johnny Coulon.

Monte Attell, one of the many claimants for the bantamweight championship, will make his first appearance in New York in four years in a ten-round bout with Joe Wagner at the National Sporting Club on Wednesday night. In selecting Wagner the matchmaker of the Nationals hit upon one of the best little men in the East. The latter is a rough little fighter, and as Monte Attell is, like his brother, a clever and crafty boxer, it will be a battle of a scientific boxer against one of the rushing kind. Another ten-round bout is carded between little men for the same evening. It brings together Young Wagner and Alf Lynch, the bantam champion of Canada. The winner of this bout will be matched with the winner of the Attell-Wagner fight.

Donnelly to Sell Jumpers.

Dick Donnelly will sell his famous jumpers Thursday evening. In the string are Initial, Irish Reel, and Knight of Elway, the three horses comprising the Richmond County Hunt team which won the cup at the National Horse Show of 1909. Nearly all of the Elmwood Farm horses are noted winners, and all will be sold without reserve. Donnelly and Sidney Josephthal will attend the International Horse Show in London and The Hague this season, and Donnelly may remain in Europe for at least a year.

Entries for Aqueduct Races.

FIRST RACE.—Purse for three-year-olds and upward; selling allowances; six and a half furlongs.

Campaigner	117	*Bat Masterson	105
Dolly Bultman	104	*Campeon	112
Killiecrankie	108	Casque	108
*Dandelion	118		

SECOND RACE.—Purse for maidens two years old; special weights; selling; four and a half furlongs.

Agawam	105	Zool	102
Limpet	105	*Pickaninny	97
Lula	102	Sinn Feinn	105
Stare	102	County Chairman	105
Gold of Ophir	102	Busy Miss	102
Blanche Frances	102	*Merry Lad	100
*Miss Dooley	97	*White Wool	100
Flinora	102	Music	102

THIRD RACE.—Handicap; purse for three-year-olds and upward; six furlongs.

Fayette	103	Metaphor, 3d	95
Rocky O'Brien	103	Killiecrankie	87
King Cobalt	108	Also eligible:	
Prince Gal	114	Firestone	123
Righteasy	104	Jeanne d'Arc	103
Pajarolta	105	Rose Queen	111
Besom	110		

FOURTH RACE.—The Union Stakes for three-year-olds; selling allowances; seven furlongs.

*Responsful	91	Rustem	108
*Frank Purcell	101	*Galley Slave	98
Sepulveda	102	Myles O'Connell	101
*Ben Loyal	108		

FIFTH RACE.—Purse for two-year-olds; beaten non-winners at the Aqueduct meeting; special weights; allowances; four and a half furlongs.

Sheriff Bradley	103	Rake	102
Frank Mullens	109	Golden Sand	102
Love Cure	102		

SIXTH RACE.—Purse for maidens three years old; special weights; five furlongs.

Blizzard	108	Thames	108
Flora Diana	108	Suffragist	108
Ornatus	108	John Reardon	103
Shawnee	103	Brighton	105
Young Belle	108	M. Cambon	105

*Apprentice allowance claimed.

JOHANSON EASILY DEFEATS CROWLEY

Finishes Nearly Two and a Half Miles in Front—His Opponent Completely Exhausted.

Thure Johanson, the Swedish Marathon runner, scored a decisive victory over James F. Crowley in a match race at the classic distance yesterday at Celtic Park when he romped over the line a winner by nearly two and a half miles. Crowley, the former fast distance man of the Irish-American Athletic Club, never suffered a more complete beating. He was a woebegone specimen of an athlete as he plodded painfully around the track for the last five miles of the distance, with no apparent ability or ambition to make the event more of a race for the final stages. At times he could hardly bring himself out of the slow walk, which he dropped to frequently, to make a slight effort at running. He was in such complete distress that the spectators thought he would quit on several occasions. The winner's time was 2:39:42 4-5.

For eighteen miles the two men ran on practically even terms, first one taking the lead and then the other, Crowley having a particular liking for being rated the leader as the men flashed past the grand stand. It was a peculiar race, however, in that the style of the pair was as different as could be imagined. Crowley was the same old plodder as in his amateur days, while Johanson, lighter in physique, had the springy action which is taken as the indicator of the true runner's form.

For fifteen miles Crowley showed a light-hearted confidence in his ability to pull away from the Swede. He was in the lead for the most part after the first four miles until the nineteenth, and several times he sprinted away from his opponent. Instead of worrying Johanson, however, the fact finally wore on Crowley's confidence. He could not shake off his rival for a greator gap than twenty yards, and this was quickly made up.

Johanson worried Crowley for four miles, and then with the nineteenth mile nearing, the Swede settled down to opening up a gap that would stand. Slowly he went away at first, but it was a sure gain, and the indicator of the end as the outcome proved, for Crowley could not recover the distance, and while he did not allow Johanson to gather more than thirty-five yards advantage for a double circuit of the track, it was his last effort. Crowley materially slowed up then and dropped further and further behind. By the time the twenty-mile mark had been reached, Johanson had lapped Crowley, and the latter started for the training camp for a rub-down, which cost another half lap. They could not freshen him, however, and past beyond twenty-two miles Johanson had increased his lead to two laps, or half a mile. After he had been passed the second time Crowley dropped to a walk, and this was his most frequent gait to the conclusion of the event. He was limping around with little or no regard for what was happening, and the pleadings of his trainers fell upon deaf ears, for Crowley realized that he was a beaten man and badly beaten, too. Johanson crossed the line with a great burst of speed that testified to his condition.

HAYES WINS BY INCHES.

Novices In Close, Exciting Finish In Morris A. A. Cross-Country Run.

A pack of 100 novice harriers started in the invitation cross-country run of the Morris Athletic Association yesterday. The finish of the event was as close and exciting as the finish of a short sprint race, because Thomas Hayes of the New Jersey A. C. won in the last yard by making a final jump and crossing the line a few inches in front of F. Carney of the Holy Cross Lyceum.

The judges became so interested in this exciting sprint that they overlooked the third man to finish. This was J. Williams of the Mohegans, who led the runners from the start to within 50 yards of the finish. Then the final sprint started, and Williams got a close third. It was not until he had appeared before the judges after the race, however, and argued his case strongly that he was awarded third prize. The course was about 4 miles, starting and finishing near the clubhouse, at 163d Street and Jerome Avenue. The pace was too hot for many of the youngsters, and several of them were walking back to the club before the run was finished.

Mount Carmel Wins Three Events.

The Mount Carmel Boys' Club held an invitation meet yesterday at Thomas Jefferson Park. The feature event of the programme was the one-mile handicap medley relay, the event being won by the Mount Carmel Boys' Club from the 100-yard mark. The Morris A. C. team, which started from scratch, put up a hard fight for first honors, but was beaten by a few yards.

Frank Fredericks romped home an easy victor in the half-mile handicap, beating out M. A. Redding of the Owl A. C. A. Washington of the Mount Carmel Boys' Club had things all his own way in the seventy-yard dash, winning easily. In winning the one-mile walk the Mount Carmel Boys' Club captured three first places out of a total of four events. In the 880-yard run the home boys failed to get a place.

Tea Time Talks

Four O'clock Tea

If the habit of drinking tea at four o'clock began with sociability the pleasant practice has surely been perpetuated by sensibility.

About four o'clock the vital forces ebb, the faculties flag. The cup of "Salada" Ceylon Tea at this hour revives both mind and body and reduces mental and nervous strain. The delicious fragrance, flavor and purity of "Salada" give the final touch of completeness to the enjoyment and healthfulness of the afternoon cup of tea.

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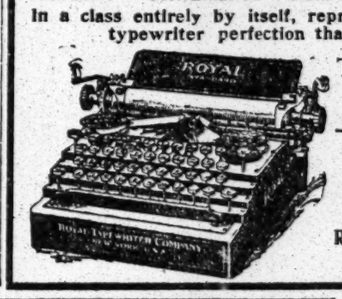

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NEW YORK CENTRAL LINES

MATCHED BRUSHES PROVE A SUCCESS

Contests on the Speedway Show Great Improvement Under New Plan.

The initial trial for prearranged brushes between fast trotters and pacers on the Speedway was a decided success yesterday and showed a great improvement over the old plan. Most of the owners who promised Dr. J. H. Ferster, Chairman of the Drivers' Brush Committee, to race against each other were on hand, and some of the contests proved the best seen on the drive for years past.

Among the matched pairs, Sol B. Wolf's pacer Minnie Albert, 2:13¼, and C. Hackett's old timer Who Knows, 2:11¾, were the first to come together. As in all other fixed events, the two pacers had a good start, as H. B. Clarke, also a member of the Brush Committee, was at starter's stand for that purpose. The pair stepped along at top clip and almost neck and neck from start to near the finishing post, where Minnie Albert, in a great burst of speed on the outside, passed by a full length to the good. In the repeat, however, Who Knows won rather easy. On account of the strong wind and lack of hard work by the horses, both drivers decided not to race a final, but will meet again next week.

Claro, 2:11½, Joseph F. Gibbons's popular and fast pacer, met his first defeat of the year yesterday in his race with James A. Murphy's Coast Marie, 2:11¼, one of the Speedway's best pacers and winner of many trophies in the matinées. In both heats the pair raced so close that they could not be separated the entire distances and finishes were so close that Dr. Ferster had to announce Coast Marie as the winner to the spectators who could not tell them apart. The finish for the second heat was in heads-apart style, and coming back Mr. Murphy was under the impression that his mare was beaten. This was by far the most exciting brush of the year, and the pair will meet again next Sunday.

The third pair to meet was made up of E. J. La Place's Kate Nelson, 2:10½, and Thomas B. Leahy's black mare Princess Direct, 2:14¾. The former proved a handy winner of the opening heat at a close finish, but in the second heat she broke, and Princess Direct won by a short margin. Owners decided not to try a final heat, and the contest will be continued next Sunday.

Beechwood, driven by Trainer Eddie Bass, met Pat Kennedy's Earl B. and settled up the old score by beating the latter in two brushes. The former also finished in front with Lady Tasteful and Leganon in a three-cornered event. In the one four-cornered event Lady Tasteful beat Leganon, Beachwood, and Orphan Boy as named. When Beechwood picked up Golden, Jr., driven by James Kennedy, he suffered defeat in a most decisive manner. After defeating Hall Caine, Ulrich picked up Dandy C. O., but lost both brushes in close finishes. Hugh Riley's B. Ontime showed much improvement yesterday. He beat Lady Tasteful handily, the only one he raced against.

James A. Murphy's Jim, 2:13¼, and Aristo, 2:08¼, driven by Mr. Gross, had a brush which was won by the first named in handy style.

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Also safer.

In fact, all Summer long in this climate a light overcoat is handy, 'specially for evenings.

Cloths grave and gay.

Spring overcoats, $18 to $40.

If you object to the air-tight, hot-air tendencies of rubberized raincoats—a woolen raincoat is ready for you.

Of our own fine woolens—proofed by the real "Cravenette Process."

Spring raincoats, $22 to $35.

When rainy days make trousers knee out, then separate striped trousers are needed more than ever.

Have you a good pair?

Separate striped trousers, $5 to $10.

Spring fancy vests wash!

So are practical.

$3 to $7.

We're three times as exclusive as most hatters—

The "Stetson Special" Derby, the pride of the Stetson shops, can be had only from us in New York.

The "Knapp-Felt Preferred" Derby can be had only from us in New York.

The "Victor Jay" London Derbies can be had only from us in New York.

All $5 hats.

Other mighty good Derbies at $3, $3.50 and $4.

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Sixty-seven miles of black Keiser-Barathea silk a yard wide.

How'd you like the job of cutting that up into scarfs?

A small task for the Keiser-Barathea makers, for that is only one year's yardage for Keiser-Barathea scarfs in black alone.

63 other shades in this popular weave.

50c., $1 and $1.50 qualities.

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For the extra comfort in "Delpark" athletic underwear.

One of the extra buttonholes on the athletic shirt catches the top button of the knee drawers—so they "lock-in-one."

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LOW SCORES AT TRAPS.

Cross Wind Bothers Shooters at Larchmont Y. C. Meet.

Shooting against a trying cross-wind yesterday, the scores in the Larchmont Yacht Club weekly meeting were not very high. R. L. Spotts was high gun, with 100 out of a possible 125. He also won a leg on the Accumulation Cup. Stuart Scott won the fifteen-bird scratch event and a leg on the Collins prize. W. J. Elias was high score for the Baudouine Cup, and J. G. Batterson captured the ten-bird scratch event.

INTERNATIONAL MEET.

Yale and Harvard Wants to Meet Oxford and Cambridge.

Special to The New York Times.

NEW HAVEN, April 24.—It was stated to-night that Yale and Harvard are actively pressing the matter of another athletic international meet. They have found that they can join forces and cross the Atlantic if Oxford and Cambridge will meet them. The presentation of the proposition to the Englishmen has been left to Yale and Harvard alumni who are in England.

It is thought here that chances for an international meet are brighter this season than at any time in years. Yale's track officials decline to discuss the subject.

Argentine Auto Races Postponed.

The proposed international automobile races of the Argentine Sporting Society of Buenos Ayres have been postponed, as the preparatory work cannot be finished in time for the meet. This announcement was made yesterday by President De Marchi of the Argentine Society, in a cable message to the Automobile Club of America and refers to the automobile races to be run in connection with the centenary celebration from Buenos Ayres to La Plata between May 15 and June 20.

Tacony Takes Soccer Cup.

By defeating the crack Scottish-American team of Newark at Harrison Oval by the score of 2 goals to 1 yesterday afternoon the eleven of the Tacony Football Club of Philadelphia, winner of the Pennsylvania State League championship, took the cup of the American Football Association to the Quaker City for the first time in nine years. Five thousand people witnessed the final cup tie match, which was closely contested from start to finish.

In the first game of the inter-State tournament at Marquette Oval in Brooklyn yesterday afternoon the Brooklyns defeated the Trenton Caledonians by the score of 5 goals to 1, and the winners will meet Schenectady, in Schenectady, next Sunday. In yesterday's game the Brooklyns, with the wind in the first half, could score only once, this point being credited to Maclennan. After the restart points came more freely, O'Halloran, Goodman, Humphreys, and Kirby finding the net in succession. Ross tallied for the visitors.

After having the game well in hand in the first half, at the end of which they led by 1 to 0, the Caledonians suffered defeat by the Hollywood Inn eleven in the semi-final round of the New York State Cup tie on the grounds of the latter at Yonkers yesterday afternoon. Salmond, centre forward for Hollywood Inn, shot three goals in the second period, and the home team in consequence won out by 3 to 1. For the Caledonians McKivitt scored against the wind in the first half. As a result of the victory Hollywood Inn will meet the Critchleys of Brooklyn in the final round.

The Critchleys of Brooklyn took the Clan McDonalds by surprise in the semi-final round of the New York State Football Association Cup tie at McDonald Field and defeated the Amateur League leaders by the score of 2 goals to 1 after one of the best games of the season.

Sporting Briefs of Interest.

The entire track teams of the Irish-American A. C. and New York A. C. now in training will be entered in the games of the Dominican Lyceum in the Seventh Regiment Armory May 2. A feature of the meeting will be a ninety-yard scratch dash, in which Billy Keating, Bobbie Cloughen, Jimmy Archer, and Jim Rosenberger will start.

Most every athlete of prominence in this district will be at the ball of the Irish-American A. C. to-night at Terrace Garden.

Dr. Poseph Semon, Secretary-Treasurer of the Road Drivers' Association, has called a meeting of this organization for Wednesday night at the association's headquarters, Dyckman Street.

Jimmy Cosgrave, the champion single sculler of Canada, who at the Canadian Henley last year beat all comers, is doing a lot of training on Toronto Bay for his try for the Diamond Sculls at the English Henley. There is one thing that bothers Cosgrave, however. He's too light. He weighs in now at about 135 pounds, and he is trying his best to put on another ten pounds.

Golfing Notes and Gossip.

From Lakewood to Atlantic City is the shift which golfers have in prospect this week. On Thursday, Friday, and Saturday the annual Spring open tournament will claim attention at the South Jersey resort, and a high-class field is already assured. Prominent among the early entrants are Eben M. Byers of Allegheny, a former National champion, and W. C. Fownes, Jr., the Oakmont amateur who has gained several noteworthy victories over Walter J. Travis. There is some doubt as yet whether the last named, as well as Findlay Douglas and Fred Herreshoff, will be able to attend.

It has been decided to hold the metropolitan open championship tournament over the links of the Leal Golf and Country Club on Aug. 25 and 26. This course at Deal covers a playing length in the neighborhood of 6,400 yards, and is recognized as the most difficult scoring proposition in this part of the country.

The Executive Committee of the Metropolitan Golf Association announces several other sanctions for tournament dates, such as May 5, 6, and 7 at the Garden City Golf Club, programmes for which have already been published. On July 7, 14, 15, and 16 the Brooklyn-Forest Park Golf Club will hold a tournament, while on Oct. 6, 7, and 8 the Nassau Country Club will entertain. Last season Nassau ran its tournament off in the Spring.

Although the season has hardly begun, the rearranged course of the Inwood Country Club at Far Rockaway is in excellent condition. The eighteen-hole circuit now covers a playing length of 5,971 yards, and the par is 75. The third hole, a matter of a hundred yards, has been pronounced as one of the best one-shot holes to be found anywhere in the East. It is an island hole, or nearly so, as water surrounds the green on three sides.

JEFFRIES SHOWS IMPROVED FORM

In Presence of Critical Fight Followers Gives Physical Culture Exhibition.

BEN LOMOND, Cal., April 24.—In the presence of a crowd of critical fight followers, Jeffries gave a physical culture exhibition to-day that more than satisfied the visitors. His condition, compared with his physical trim when he began training, shows a remarkable improvement, and for the first time he frolicked around the gymnasium with his old-time exuberance of spirits.

The morning's work-out consisted of a session with the chest weights, followed by a fast mix-up with the medicine balls and the punching bag. He led up to the boxing bout by a preliminary exhibition of shadow boxing, finishing with three fast rounds with Bob Armstrong and two more rounds of roughing it with Farmer Burns.

The boxing was the event of the work-out, and took place in the handball court, which was hotter than a Turkish bath. After the boxing, in which the big fellow showed greater speed and keener accuracy than heretofore, perspiration rolled off him.

Tex Rickard and Jeffries's friend, Clarence Berry, expressed surprise at Jeffries's marked improvement. He played with Berry after his bouts, frisking about like a young hippopotamus, apparently not in the least fatigued by his gymnasium work and his ten-mile run on the road in the early morning.

Berry was so well pleased with Jeffries's showing he asserted he was willing to increase his bets on the battle of July 4 to $25,000.

Berger has not hesitated to say Jeffries's work lacked ginger, but to-day he said he was satisfied for the first time.

"We could not possibly have hoped for anything better," said Berger. "Jim is in great form. About all he needs is plenty of boxing, and you may depend upon it I will see he gets it."

Rickard requested Berger to go to San Francisco a week from to-day, when the promoter proposes to post an additional $30,000 of the purse money. Rickard then will have posted $50,000 of the amount to the fighters. The remaining $51,000 will not be due until forty-eight hours before the contest.

CLIFTON STADIUM OPENS.

Elmer Collins Wins Twenty-five-Mile Motor-Paced Race.

Special to The New York Times.

PASSAIC, N. J., April 24.—At the opening of the Clifton Stadium to-day, Elmer Collins beat Menus Bedell and Peter Drobach in a twenty-five-mile motor-pace race in 36 minutes 14 seconds. Collins led all the way and was winner by a mile and a half. Fred W. Jones of this city beat Al. Crebs of Salt Lake City in a hard fought match in two straight heats.

OLDFIELD'S NEW RECORD.

Drives His Benz Racer for New Coast Track Figures.

SAN FRANCISCO, April 24.—Barney Oldfield lowered the coast automobile track record by 1-5 second yesterday afternoon on the Ingleside course when he dashed around the oval in 52:12 in his 200 horse power Benz car before a crowd of 4,000 persons who attended the automobile meet of Islam Temple Mystic Shrine.

Ben Kerscher's best mile was done in 54:90 in a Darracq.

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BUICK Motor Co., B'way, bet. 55th & 56th Sts. 'Phone 4040 Col.

CADILLAC Cars, Parts, Repairs, Garage. Columbus Circle. Tel. 5010 Col.

COLUMBIA Victor Auto Storage Co., 1,681 B'way. Phone 3577 Columbus.

ORBIN 1,838 Broadway, (62d St.) 'Phone 5903 Columbus.

CROXTON KEETON Motor Co., 1662 B'way. Near 52d St. 'Phone 3530 Col.

EMPIRE $800. Poertner Motor Car Co., 1,922 B'way (64th St.) 'Phone 8166-7 Col.

SROUT Touring-Tourabout-Runabout-$2,500, 40 H.P. Imperial Motor Vehicle Co., 210 W. 76th St.

HUDSON A. Elliott Ranney Co., B'way at 64th St., N. Y. 'Phone 3292 Col.

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KNOX Knox Automobile Company. 1966-1968 Broadway. 'Phone 4336 Col.

LOZIER 56th STREET AND BROADWAY. Telephone 6885 Columbus.

Marion Flyer Overland CHAS. E. RIESS & CO., 1,776 B'way. 'Phone 5130 Col.

MATHESON Matheson Automobile Co., 1,856-1858 Broadway, cor. 62d St. Tel. 6353 Col.

MOON Moon Motor Car Co. of N. Y. 1,761 Broadway. Tel. 6795 Col.

NATIONAL POERTNER MOTOR CAR CO., 1,922 B'way, cor. 64th St. 'Phone 8166-7 Col.

OAKLAND 30 H. P., $1,000; 40 H. P., $1,700. 1,785 Broadway at 58th St. Tel. 477 Col.

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West Side Y. M. C. A.—Day or evening. Practical shop, road work. Booklet. 317 West 57th St. 'Phone 3800 Columbus.

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THE TURF.

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EVERY WEEK DAY UNTIL MAY 12.
BEGINNING AT 2:30 P. M.
Special race trains with Parlor Cars leave E. 34th St. 10:50 A. M., 12:50, 1:20, 1:50 P. M. From Flatbush Ave., 11:10 A. M., 12:30, 1:08, 1:30, 2, 2:15, stopping at Nostrand Ave. and East N. Y. Stations. Trolley connects with Kings Co. "L."

CONVICTS REPAIR ROADS.

Glidden Tourists Will Find Improved Highways in Arkansas.

DALEVILLE, Ark., April 24.—Three hundred convicts are at work preparing the road between Little Rock and Hot Springs, over which Glidden tour contestants will pass in June. The Chalmers "30" official pathfinding car, in which D. H. Lewis of the American Automobile Association is mapping out the 2,500-mile run, traveled 102 miles yesterday.

The roads are all passable, although somewhat rough in places. This the convict laborers will remedy, and also bridge numerous creeks which are now crossed by fords. To-day the pathfinding car registered 1,000 miles, the length of the official course from Cincinnati to this point. The road-hunting party left here early this morning for Texarkana, and will start north from Dallas to Chicago early next week.

Polish Champion to Wrestle.

Xbyszko, the champion wrestler of Poland, who will meet Frank Gotch for the heavyweight championship next month, will get a tryout before New York wrestling enthusiasts at the Grand Central Palace Tuesday night. Since coming to this country the big Polish wrestler has made a great reputation for himself on the mat.

USED CARS FOR SALE.

FOR SALE—BAKER ELECTRIC VICTORIA AND COUPE AUTOMOBILE; 28 CELLS, PERFECT CONDITION, GOOD AS NEW, GUARANTEED; COST $2,700; WILL SELL AT A FAIR PRICE ON ACCOUNT GOING TO EUROPE. INQUIRE KING COLLAR BUTTON CO., 580 BROADWAY.

Account family separation will sacrifice beautiful model Stevens-Duryea runabout, fitted with leather top, extra rumble, seating four passengers; guaranteed perfect running order; tools, &c., complete, $200; reasonable trial allowed to test same; suitable for doctor. Mrs. Richter, 221 West 41st St., near Broadway.

FIAT, 1908, 6 cylinder, 45 h. p., 7 passenger touring car, Rothschild body; Pierce-Arrow, 1908, 4 cylinder, 45 h. p., 7 passenger demi-limousine; also cape top. The above cars are fully equipped with extra shoes and tubes, and will be sold at a great sacrifice to quick buyers. Newark Motor Car Co., 487 Washington St., Newark, N. J.; 'phone, 3963—Market

For Sale.—Handsome Buick touring car, 24-30 h. p., seats five, with Bosch magneto, plate glass windshield, top side curtains, two extra large lamps; just been thoroughly overhauled and painted; first class and complete; must be sold. Twombly, 220 East 41st St. 'Phone 5036 Murray Hill.

E. M. F., suburban model, four passenger; used very little and guaranteed perfect; full equipment; top, wind shield, speedometer; extra tire, tire holders, clock, coat rail, &c.; cost $1,450; will sell for $975 cash; a bargain. J. H. Hagen, Riverhead, L. I.

$1,200
$1,200
Will pay immediately $1,200 cash, probably a little more, if a bargain, for car carrying not less than four passengers; give full description; private owners only. O. R. Shriver, G 151 Times.

MAXWELL RUNABOUT, 1908 MODEL, SOLD BECAUSE OWNER HAS NO USE FOR SAME; COST $850; WILL SELL FOR $300. HOLMES, 137 WEST 37TH ST.

Buick 5-passenger touring, late model, complete equipment; cost $2,100; will accept $400 cash. Holmes, 137 West 37th St.

DOCTOR'S MAXWELL RUNABOUT complete; perfect throughout; extras; $300. 137 West 37th St.

A used car worth double many new ones; showy 4-cyl. Oldsmobile touring; handsomely painted and upholstered in red leather; little used and in perfect condition; price $750. Call 334 West 44th St.

Sold 40 cars last week. Can dispose of yours speedily. Will sell on 5 per cent. commission, with no charge for storage. Communicate or bring car. Manhattan Storage Co., 334-340 West 44th St., near 8th Av.

FOR SALE—Stevens Duryea, 6-cyl., 40 h. p., 7 passenger, model Y 1909, fully equipped; $2,800. A. G. Spalding Company, 42d Street, N. Y. City.

Landaulet, Maxwell car, in perfect condition; a great bargain for anyone desiring a town car cheap to maintain. Arthur Present, Ansonia Hotel, N. Y. City.

Handsome 60 miles an hour, 35 h. p. Panhard touring car, $1,350; good as new; has top and is fully equipped; needing quick cash, I have fixed price accordingly. 336 West 44th St.

BUICK, bargain; if sold at once will take $650 for my elegant 30 h. p. touring car; machinery perfect, paint, upholstery, &c., in good condition. 338 West 44th St.

1909 American Traveler, 60 h. p., very little used, for sale; demonstration given. Midwood Garage, 1,580 Flatbush Av., Brooklyn; telephone, 141 Flatbush.

FOR SALE—Will sell my 6-cyl. Welsh landaulet, 1909 model, at sacrifice price to quick buyer; can be seen at garage, 20 West 60th St., N. Y.

FOR SALE—Highest bidder can secure bargain in Hotchkiss 4-cyl., 4-bucket-seat runabout; must be sold at once. Inquire at garage, 20 West 60th St., N. Y.

CADILLAC light touring car, $825; top and all necessary equipment; cost $1,100; been carefully used. 334 West 44th St.

BUICK, "17," 1909, 5 passenger, top, magneto, like new; bargain. Hallowell, 247 W. 47th St.

Will sacrifice my nearly new E-M-F suburban model four-passenger car; used but very little and perfect in every way; fully equipped with top, wind shield, speedometer, clock, extra tire, tire carriers, coat rail, &c.; cost $1,450; will sell for $975 cash. J. H. Hagen, Riverhead, L. I.

Automobile tires repaired; the best factory in America; guaranteed tires of all makes and desirable seconds always for sale. Rex Tire Co., 138 West 68th St., at Broadway. Telephone 4825—Col.

For Sale—Stoddard-Dayton 4-cyl. 30 H. P. used touring car; complete equipment; extra tires, 5 lamps, horn, speedometer, clock, wind shield, &c.; excellent order; newly painted; bargain. Address 304 West 86th St.

Martini automobile for sale; seven-passenger; touring; full equipped; in first-class condition; freshly overhauled and painted; demonstration. George Loomis, Long Island Automobile Club, Brooklyn.

For Sale—Packard 1908 touring car, just overhauled by Packard Company and painted; new slip covers and everything in first-class shape. F. G. Burke, 550 West 36th St., city.

1910 Chalmers-Detroit 40; seven-passenger; full equipment; just delivered; owner going to Europe; will sell; cost $3,100; $2,900 cash takes it. Address V. S., G 131 Times.

A.—1909 Herreshoff, fully equipped, absolutely perfect condition; guaranteed; price $1,400. Paul Langerfeld, 23 John St., city, or Greene Garage, 620 Communipaw Av., Jersey City.

Thomas taxicab, 1909 model; perfect running order; demonstration given; tires new; Stepney wheel, clock, full equipment. Nelson, 142 East 41st St.

Automobiles painted, trimmed, repaired; cheapest rates in city. New Auto Painting Co., 513 West 55th St. Tel. 8728—Columbus.

POPE-HARTFORD, late model, top, magneto, almost new, repainted; make offer. 247 West 47th St.

Buick Roadster; 40 H. P.; run 1,000 miles; complete equipment; guaranteed; cost $2,750; this week $900. G 180 Times.

For Sale.—Oldsmobile roadster, 30 horse power, first-class shape, tires nearly new, seats 4 people; will sell at once for $750; will give any demonstration. Address Grover C. Barnes, Mountainville, N. Y.

For Sale or Lease.—40 H. P. Berliet landaulet, (French,) large, attractive body, cloth lined; just overhauled and painted; bargain. Baldwin, 69 East 89th St.

For Sale.—C. G. V. 14 H. P. town car; almost new; run 1,200 miles; cheap. Clark, 69 East 89th St.

For Sale—A new Metz auto, with all improvements; reasonable price. Apply at 862 Warburton Av., Yonkers, N. Y.

For Sale.—4-cylinder Hotchkiss touring car; in perfect condition; price attractive. Hotchkiss Import Co., 20 West 60th St.

Automobile for Sale.—Matheson, with touring and limousine body; in best of condition; a bargain to cash customer; no dealers need apply. E. F. Caldwell, 36 West 15th St.

Mitchell runabout, fully equipped, little used, $750. Stevens, 390 Amsterdam Av.

English Daimler seven passenger; holds climbing, endurance, and speed records. De Luxe, 55 East 108th St.

Rochet-Schneider "24" small tonneau; also "50" seven-passenger; terrific bargains. 55 East 108th St.

Five-passenger car; takes any hill; $250; owner needs money badly. 57 East 108th St.

American roadster, 1909, baby tonneau; like new; full equipment; bargain. 55 East 108th.

Six-cylinder, light, snappy, clever, racy runabout, 1909, $1,000; cost $3,000. 55 East 108th St.

Buick, type 10, 1909; slightly used; full equipment; bargain; $700. De Luxe, 55 East 108th.

Cadillac, four-cylinder, 1909; like new; beautifully equipped; scarcely used. De Luxe, 55 East 108th St.

Private Maxwell car, 1909; good as new; extra tires; handsomely furnished; $1,400. G. M. B., 2 West 94th St.

REPUBLIC TIRES

Men that own several cars and watch costs carefully eventually adopt Republic Tires.

Republic Rubber Company of New York
229 West 58th Street,
New York.

National
$2,500
A Record Breaking CAR
at a Record Breaking PRICE
None Better Made
Poertner Motor Car Co.
1922 Broadway
(Licensed Under Selden Patent.)

HORSES AND CARRIAGES.

FRANCIS M. WARE'S SALES
Broadway & 50th St., N. Y.
AT AUCTION
Thursday, April 28,
at 8:30 P. M.,
30 Hunters & Saddle Horses
Consigned by
Elmwood Farm and other owners.
F. M. WARE, Auctioneer.

GRAMERCY COAL STABLES
234 EAST 20TH ST., BET. 2D AND 3D AVES.
40—HEAD OF HORSES—40
ranging in weight from 1,000 to 1,400; these horses are all fast out of hard work; some are a little pavement sore, and some are a little thin; a few weeks in the country would add 100 per cent. to their purchase price; no reasonable offer refused.

BANKRUPTCY SALES.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT, SOUTHern District of New York.—In the matter of the FILM IMPORT & TRADING COMPANY, bankrupt.

Charles Shongood, United States Auctioneer for the Southern District of New York, sells Thursday, April 28th, 1910, by order of the court, at 10:30 A. M., at 127 East 23d Street, in the Borough of Manhattan, New York City, the assets of the above bankrupt, consisting of films for moving-picture machines, negatives, one moving-picture machine, film boxes, office safes, film safes, typewriters, writers' fine desks and tables, office furniture, fixtures, &c. The above-named property will be open for inspection from 9 A. M. to 5 P. M. on April 26th, 27th, and the day of the sale.

IRVING L. ERNST, Receiver,
170 Broadway, Borough of Manhattan.

MORRIS KAMBER, Esq., Attorney for Receiver, 99 Nassau Street, N. Y. City.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE UNITED States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of CLIPPER MANUFACTURING COMPANY, bankrupt.—Chas. Shongood, U. S. Auctioneer for the Southern District of New York in Bankruptcy sells this day, Monday, April 25, 1910, by order of the court, at 10:30 A. M., at 366 Gerard Avenue, Borough of Bronx, assets of the above bankrupt, consisting of machinery, office furniture, supplies, safe, fixtures, &c.

CHARLES F. BISHOP, Trustee.

BANKRUPTCY NOTICES.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT, Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of MICHAEL L. RESNICK and JOSEPH R. RESNICK, individually and copartners composing the firm of RESNICK BROS., Bankrupts.—No. 13,528.

To the creditors of Michael L. Resnick and Joseph R. Resnick, individually and copartners composing the firm of Resnick Bros., of the City, County, and State of New York and district aforesaid, bankrupts:

Notice is hereby given that on the thirteenth day of April, A. D. 1910, the said Michael L. Resnick and Joseph R. Resnick, individually and copartners composing the firm of Resnick Bros., were duly adjudicated bankrupts, and that the first meeting of creditors will be held at my office, No. 2 Rector Street, in the City, County, and State of New York, on the fifth day of May, A. D. 1910, at 12:30 o'clock in the afternoon, at which meeting the said creditors may attend, prove their claims, appoint a Trustee, examine the bankrupts, and transact such other business as may properly come before said meeting.

Dated New York, April 18, 1910.

SEAMAN MILLER,
Referee in Bankruptcy.

U. S. DISTRICT COURT FOR THE SOUTHern District of New York.—No. 12,333.—HENRY RELKIN, Bankrupt.

Notice is hereby given that Henry Relkin, bankrupt, has filed his petition, dated April 18, 1910, praying for a discharge from all his debts in bankruptcy, and that all creditors and other persons are ordered to attend at the hearing upon said petition before United States District Judges in the United States Court House and Post Office Building, in the City and County of New York, on Monday, May second, 1910, at 10:30 A. M., and then and there show cause, if any they have, why the prayer of said petitioner should not be granted, and also attend the examination of the bankrupt thereon.

SEAMAN MILLER,
Referee in Bankruptcy.
New York, April 18th, 1910.

Arrival of Buyers

Arriving and resident buyers may register in this column by telephoning 1000 Bryant.

De Lovin, H., Milwaukee, Wis.; children's coats, dresses, and waists, "jobs only"; 7 West Twenty-second Street.
Root & McBride Company, Cleveland, Ohio; G. F. Smith, domestics, 72 Leonard Street; Hotel Grand.
McAuslan & Wakelin Company, Holyoke, Mass.; Miss Collins, waists; W. B. Wakelin, suits, laces, gloves, and ribbons; Hotel Navarre.
Wheeler & Matter Dry Goods Company, St. Joseph, Mo.; D. C. McInnich, manufacturing department, 51 Leonard Street; Hotel Navarre.
Berg Brothers, Philadelphia, Penn.; B. R. Bunting, notions; Hotel York.
Root Dry Goods Company, Terre Haute, Ind.; C. H. Hoffner, dress goods and silks, 214 Church Street; Herald Square Hotel.
Pelta Dry Goods Company, Colorado Springs, Col.; C. J. Pelta, cloaks and waists; Herald Square Hotel.
Hargadine-McKittrick Dry Goods Company, St. Louis, Mo.; P. F. Leilich, woolens and ginghams, 72 Leonard Street; Herald Square Hotel.
Field, Marshall, & Co., Chicago, Ill.; A. C. Rodman, upholstery goods; 104 Worth Street; Hotel Wolcott.
Bird, J. Edward, & Co., Baltimore, Md.; J. E. Bird, dress goods and silks; Hoffman House.
Adam, J. N., & Co., Buffalo, N. Y.; W. A. Brost, notions; 214 Church Street; Hotel Brostell.
Alms & Doepke Company, Cincinnati, Ohio; H. Kreyenhagen, flannels; J. Depraig, dress goods; 350 Broadway; Hotel Latham.
Strauss Brothers & Co., Cleveland, Ohio; Miss L. Karger, millinery; Hotel Latham.
Sisson Brothers & Welden Company, Binghamton, N. Y.; C. F. Sisson, Jr., hosiery and gloves; The Breslin.
Olds, Worthman & King, Portland, Oregon; A. J. Lilburn, upholstery goods; 438 Broadway; The Breslin.
Filenes, William, Sons Company, Boston, Mass.; Miss M. G. Cronin, millinery and infants' coats; Hotel Martinique.
Baer, L., Company, Monroe, La.; A. Baer, dry goods; 43 Leonard Street; Hotel Cadillac.
Mann & Anker, Albany, N. Y.; F. L. Anker, dry goods; Hotel Cadillac.
Carleton Dry Goods Company, St. Louis, Mo.; J. Clinton, neckwear; 36 Worth Street; Hotel King Edward.
Rothschild & Co., Chicago, Ill.; F. J. Kicker, furnishing goods, ladies' hosiery, and underwear; 43 Leonard Street; Hotel King Edward.

Guide for Buyers

Directory of Wholesale Merchants and Manufacturers.

For rates for advertising telephone 1000 Bryant.

ADVERTISING NOVELTIES & SOUVENIRS.
A. C. Bosselman & Co., 469 Broadway.
BELTS, BAGS, AND FANCY GOODS.
Baron & Horowitz, 45 to 51 Lispenard St.
BRUSHES for Household, Toilet and Paint.
E. J. Kelly, "Anchor," 104 Chambers St.
CAMP OUTFITS & SPORTSMAN'S GOODS.
Chas. J. Godfrey Co., 91 Chambers Street.
CROCHET AND KNIT SCARFS.
Blanchard & Price, 142 Fifth Avenue.
CUT GLASS.
J. Hoare & Co., (Exhibit,) Grand Hotel.
DOG COLLARS, TRUNK & SHAWL STRAPS
George D. Pine, 104 Chambers Street.
FANCY FEATHERS and Feather Novelties.
C. Weisker & Co., 9 and 11 W. 45th, n. B'way.
HUMAN HAIR.
Milton Mayer, Importer, (Mfg. trade,) 22 W. 21 St.
LADIES' HAND BAGS & NOVELTIES.
A. & E. Leather Goods Co., 419-421 Broome St.
LADIES' KIMONOS.
R. Tahan & Co., "Mfrs.," 98 Washington St.
MANICURE SUPPLIES.
Lustr-ite, (Floridine Mfg. Co.,) 42 Franklin.
MARABOUT BOAS, MUFFS, & NOVELTIES.
Hauser & Davis, Mfrs., 59 East 8th St.
NECKWEAR—Men's.
Berliner, Strauss & Meyer, 733, 735, 737 B'way.
Kelser Cravats, 10-16 West 20th Street.
PERFUME AND TALCUM POWDERS.
C. H. Selick, "Florentine," 56 Leonard St.
RAINCOATS.
Harris Raincoat Co., 37-39 Fifth Avenue.
SPECTACLES, Eyeglasses, Optical Goods.
Spencer Optical Co., 31 Maiden Lane.
SUSPENDERS, BELTS, AND GARTERS.
Knothe Bros., 422 Fifth Avenue.
TOYS, NOVELTIES, AND EASTER GOODS.
Playmate Toy Mfg. Co., 152 Bleecker Street.
WOMEN'S NECKWEAR AND BELTS.

BANKRUPTCY NOTICES.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT, SOUTHern District of New York.—In is ordered that the following additional rules in bankruptcy in this court be and they are hereby adopted:

RULE XXXVIII.

In petitions for involuntary bankruptcy, or in an affidavit filed with such petitions, the probable value of the assets of the alleged bankrupt shall be stated. In all cases in which such value shall amount to $1,000 or more, an order appointing one of the Referees in Bankruptcy a special master in the case shall be stamped on the petition. Thereupon the receiver, if one is appointed, or, if no receiver is appointed, the attorney for the petitioning creditors, shall make and file with the designated master as complete a list of the names and addresses of the creditors as can be immediately ascertained. Such list, when filed, shall be at all times open to the inspection of any person. The master, as soon as such list is filed, shall call a meeting of the alleged bankrupt's creditors, upon five days' notice sent by mail to the creditors named in such list. At such creditors' meeting, the receiver, if one has been appointed, shall make a report of the condition of the estate, and the creditors may appoint a committee or take such action in the case as they see fit. It shall be the duty of such special master to actively and promptly enforce this rule.

RULE XXXIX.

Receivers, on the third motion day after their appointment, unless sooner discharged, shall show cause before this court why the receivership should not be vacated, upon notice to all creditors whose names are filed with the special master mentioned in Rule XXXVIII. The clerk shall put a note of such motion on the motion calendar when the receiver is appointed, and in case such receiver fails to show cause, the clerk shall enter an order vacating the receivership. All persons interested may appear on such motion.

RULE XL.

All applications before referees for allowances to receivers, trustees or attorneys shall be heard on notice sent by mail to the creditors by the referee.

April 19, 1910.
By the Court:
THOS. ALEXANDER, Clerk.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT, Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of DUDLEY T. HUMPHREY, CLIFFORD M. WASHBURN, JOSIAH M. FISKE, and ARTHUR C. SHERWOOD, individually and as copartners composing the firm of J. M. FISKE & CO., and the firm of J. M. FISKE & CO., Bankrupts.—No. 13,218.

To the creditors of Dudley T. Humphrey, Clifford M. Washburn, Josiah M. Fiske, and Arthur C. Sherwood, individually and as copartners composing the firm of J. M. Fiske & Co., and the firm of J. M. Fiske & Co., Bankrupts:

Notice is hereby given that on the twelfth day of March, A. D. 1910, the said Dudley T. Humphrey, Clifford M. Washburn, Josiah M. Fiske, and Arthur C. Sherwood, individually and as copartners composing the fir

The New York Times

"All the News That's Fit to Print."

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Entered as second-class mail matter.

NEW YORK, MONDAY, APRIL 25, 1910.

"THE NEW ORDER."

"This new order of things has hurt," said a Director of the old, respectable, and considerable dry goods concern which was forced to reorganize last week. There is general regret that the hurt has fallen in a quarter which merited it only by belonging to the old order instead of the new, but the procession cannot be held back because some cannot keep step with it. The new order in the dry goods trade, as in others, is an improvement of organization that reduces costs and increases profits in the aggregate, although reducing the rate at which they are reckoned. There is nothing personal in this, but the effort to please the ultimate consumer is as pitiless as any force of nature. If there is any unnecessary cog wheel in the machinery between producer and consumer it must "go."

There used to be several Worth Street concerns which thought no small things of themselves because of the extent of their yearly business. There was one which, under the old order, did a business of $77,000,000. That volume of trade in the new order is a fraction of that done by a concern with a capital of more than $50,000,000. There are single department stores which put ten millions into a building merely.

The new order does not signify that all individual traders must go. On the same day that the firm in question succumbed it was announced that the Marshall Field estate had been appraised at $83,459,000. There will always be room for such Napoleons among merchants, and it is possible to recall other exceptions which prove the rule. Yet even they are said to be considering whether they might not work as effectively if they organized themselves in the form which has heightened stability and efficiency for others.

OUR MINOR CRIMINAL COURTS.

What are known as the "inferior criminal courts" in cities of the first class are in some respects of greater importance than the upper courts. In the number of the cases that come before them, in the number of persons whom they directly affect, and the far more numerous class whom they affect indirectly, in the influence they exert on the general public mind and on the estimate by the mass of the law and its agencies, these courts are very important indeed. In the session of 1908 a commission was authorized to inquire into the manner in which justice is administered in the inferior courts in cities of the first class. Two reports have been submitted, as the result of which improvements have been made in the City of Buffalo, and a very considerable reduction has been made in the crowded calendars in this city. A final report is now before the Legislature relating to this city, a bill is pending carrying out its suggestions, and a hearing will be held in Albany tomorrow upon the merits of the measure.

On the whole it strikes a lay observer as an excellent set of recommendations. The minor courts of New York consist of the Magistrates' Courts and the Courts of Special Sessions. The former practically decide whether accused persons shall be held for the Grand Jury, or for trial at Special Sessions. They also try cases involving neither misdemeanors nor felonies. The Court of Special Sessions tries cases of misdemeanors charged against either adults or minors. The report of the commission aims at defining more specifically the duties and methods of these two classes of courts, systematizing them, providing for effective organization and administration, instituting proper records and means of identification of persons brought before the courts, and especially developing the beneficent effect of indeterminate sentence, probation, and supervision in the cases of youthful defendants.

It is proposed that each set of courts should be in two divisions, one for Manhattan and the Bronx and one for the remaining boroughs, and that there should be a presiding Magistrate in each of the Magistrates' divisions and a Chief Justice in the Sessions. To these Judges are to be given the general administration of their several courts, the assignment of Judges within certain limits, the supervision of clerks, the general care of the keeping of records, &c., with a view to attain greater order, harmony, and efficiency than is now possible. With reference to the powers and duties of the courts generally, the purpose of the commission has been to define and concentrate responsibility, to bring the courts into closer relations with the persons affected by their action, to enable the Judges to become more intelligently acquainted with the facts in each case, and so to use their authority that the greatest good will be attained for those accused and for the community. This purpose is logical because in these courts far more than in those of higher jurisdiction the discretion of the Judges is called into action and the interests, moral and material, of parties brought before them are to a very great degree subject to their influence. It is neither practicable nor desirable to avoid this, but it is highly important that the discretion shall be wisely and honestly exercised. The chief means to secure this is the organization of direct responsibility, with adequate provision for proper records and publicity.

Space does not permit us to analyse here even the main propositions of the report of the commission. It is quite probable that some of them may require modification with discussion, and some of the details have been criticised by the City Magistrates. But we are confident that the general aim of the report is a sound one, and its main recommendations are in the right direction. Whatever modifications may be made, they should be addressed to the fuller accomplishment of the aim, for all that is promised would still leave the minor courts far from what they should be.

ACTIVITIES OF THE IRISH PARTY.

The Irish party in the British Parliament and its adherents have been quick to take up Sir ROBERT ANDERSON'S avowal in Blackwood's Magazine of his authorship of the articles in The London Times in 1887 on "Parnellism and Crime," which preceded the public exposure of PIGOTT'S forgeries, and were presumably founded on those letters which Sir ROBERT believed to be genuine and written by PARNELL. That the machinery of the British Government may have been used in the Parnell era to defeat the movement for Home Rule in Ireland is not unlikely. That PIGOTT forged the so-called Parnell letters there is not a shadow of doubt.

Sir ROBERT ANDERSON, however, though he had been connected with the Home Office many years, and was afterward attached to the direction of the Metropolitan Police of London, held no public office whatever at the time the "Parnellism and Crime" articles were appearing. His connection with the police began in 1888. The charge that he was a "permanent and non-party official" when he wrote the articles for The Times he has already effectively disposed of. There seems to be nothing else of great moment in the present outcry. Sir ROBERT is not now connected with the Government. Doubtless he is as unrepentant as ever, as unconvinced, and as utterly opposed to Home Rule for Ireland. But he is not now an important personage.

The fuss is all obviously worked up for present political effect. It is the peaceful Ireland of to-day for which Mr. REDMOND'S party wants Home Rule, not the Ireland of the era of Phoenix Park outrages and Fenian bomb throwing. It would be better to stick closely to the issues of the hour.

RUBBER AND COTTON.

The contrast between the rubber and cotton speculations affords an easy lesson to many who are not showing discernment in a protest against speculative excess, which is correct in motive but wrong in detail. Attorney General WICKERSHAM has allowed himself to be used against the bulls because it seems to be thought that they are raising the price of cotton. The truth is that it is the bears who are raising the price of cotton, and that were it not for their buying the situation here would be what it is in the rubber gamble in London. The danger in London is that there is no bear party. Therefore there is nobody to buy when the smash comes, and the fall in rubber may be as damaging as the rise. The size of the bear party here lessens and perhaps removes the danger that when cotton begins to fall it will be unable to find bottom.

If the cotton planters were less childlike they would see that their best friend is the man who sells futures for less than cotton is worth. The planter who has a correct idea of the future worth of his staple has only himself to blame if he takes anything less.

The thing to be corrected is the judgments which were wrong. Months ago there were free bargains by sellers and buyers of cotton. Every man was free to do either, both, or neither, and ought to be held to abide by his action. The bears have called for the police, that is to say, Attorney General WICKERSHAM, and he has arrested the innocent bystander, the man who was first to give what events have proved cotton to be worth, and the man who now must sell cotton for what it is worth if he is to make any profit from his foresight. The cotton bulls do not wish to keep their cotton, and have contracted to sell it to spinners. As a matter of fact cotton is now $5 a bale less than when the bears were selling it, and if it has not reached 20 cents it is only because the bears made the mistake of selling what they did not have. They were public benefactors to that extent, but it now remains for them to pay the penalty of being wrong. They want the bulls sent to jail. The bulls want nothing except that somebody should buy what they must sell.

But there arise shouts for legislation. The Exchanges must be closed. The bears must be forbidden to sell, the bulls must be forbidden to buy. Those who buy and sell in the manner customary among merchants must be sent to jail as conspirators in restraint of trade. Government must make bargains for grown men unable to manage their own affairs. And all this must be done because judgments about values differ.

JUSTICE, SWIFT AND SURE.

The conduct of the Wolter trial was highly creditable to the court and the District Attorney's office. The prosecution was able, thorough, and marked by moderation and gravity. There was no suspicion, in the conduct of the case, of any response to a popular clamor for swift justice. Yet justice has been served swiftly. The prisoner and his counsel were denied no privileges. A hideous and revolting matter was disposed of with all the dignity of which the administration of the law in the circumstances was capable.

The temper of most if not all of the newspapers, in their treatment of this case, also deserves the respectful consideration of those vociferous moralists who are fond of denouncing the public prints for spreading the testimony in criminal cases before innocent and unsophisticated readers. WOLTER was tried for the crime of murder in the first degree and convicted on strong and convincing testimony. If the lesson of this case is taken to heart in families in which there are young women needing employment and forced to obtain it for themselves it will be well for the community. There ought to be some way to check the depravity of such persons as WOLTER, but the laws as they stand seem to be effective enough, without fresh and bewildering legislation.

THE SUNDAY NEWSPAPER.

The multitude of readers of THE SUNDAY TIMES yesterday received a newspaper of 82 folio pages, larger than any two monthly magazines, and packed full of information from all parts of the world. It represented the harmoniously combined work of a small army of men and women, writers, artists, journalists, specialists in various fields nowadays allied with journalism (as what craft or art is not?) and mechanics. The Pictorial Section contained portraits and other pictures relevant as illustrations of the news of the day. Its special cable dispatches contained the news and gossip of a dozen European capitals.

Fully 50,000 words of telegraphic dispatches were included in its concise history of the events of one day the world over. Ex-President ROOSEVELT'S address before the historic university of Paris, the Sorbonne, was printed in full. The news comprehended all that is worth knowing of the day's and the week's doings in commerce and finance, politics, the arts, music, and the drama. The Magazine Section contained many authoritative articles by writers of distinction. It was not a publication designed for the frivolous, the immature or the juvenile mind. Its appeal throughout was to men and women of judgment, thought, and aspiration.

The people who get such a paper, as a matter of course, with their Sunday morning breakfast, are naturally not likely to think about the labor and expense, the large experience, the variety of the intellectual attainments, talent, and skill required to produce it. It seems worth while once in a way to direct attention to the remarkable development of THE SUNDAY TIMES.

The tomb of FREDERICK the Great is at Potsdam, in the Garrison Church, founded by his father. It is a plain vault, behind the marble pulpit, and contains also the mortal remains of FREDERICK WILLIAM III.

We may fairly assume that the City Hall Park has been saved from further encroachment, and the new County Court House will be erected elsewhere. The Board of Estimate has postponed the selection of a site until after July 1. The city will then, presumably, have the money to buy a site. Six weeks of energetic effort on the part of many influential citizens, supported and encouraged by nearly all the newspapers, have served to convince the Board that the City Hall Park site is the most expensive one that could be selected. Thus far the Chambers and Reade Street site seems to be most favored of all that have been proposed.

If an authenticated ancient Egyptian statuette of a goddess is worth only 50 cents in a Bowery pawnshop, what would be a pawnbroker's price for Dr. HILPRECHT'S Nippur flood tablet?

Official reports indicate that the immigration for the present fiscal year may reach the million mark, as the arrivals from foreign ports for the first nine months, July, 1909, to March, 1910, inclusive, were about 668,000. About 12,000 immigrants were refused admission to the country for various good reasons. There is plenty of room here for willing hands, but the fact is getting to be plainer every day that there is little room left for folks who want to live on the industry of others. The Southern States are calling for tillers of the soil, there is plenty of work for competent, industrious mechanics. The last big immigration year was 1907. The financial depression of 1908 sent droves of the foreigners back home. Perhaps many of them are returning, but we can get along without the half-hearted, easily discouraged kind.

A million more barrels of beer were drunk in the United States last March than in March, 1909, although there are now nine prohibition States, and in many other States the prohibition movement has been gaining. The strain on the unregenerated part of the country is enormous.

It is a significant fact, worth the attention of both the suffragists and the antis, that the first "woman suffrage" duel in France has been fought by men. Neither was injured, either.

TOPICS OF THE TIMES.

Extermination Is Not Economical.

One of our correspondents has evolved the curious idea—certainly from his inner consciousness, for it has no basis in the outside world of fact—that as a means of increasing the supply of food and so decreasing its cost, all the game laws should be abolished, or at least suspended. Especially does he demand that all restrictions as to season and quantity shall be removed in the case of fish, so that anybody may be allowed to catch as many as he pleases, wherever he can find them and by any means he can devise.

That, now, is a brilliant suggestion! As an emergency measure, to meet an acute attack of National starvation, the plan would have certain elements of grandeur, for unquestionably the result would be the bringing to market of much good food. And for a while the food would be cheap in comparison with what it is now. But, as unquestionably, the after effects—effects not long delayed, either—would not be abundance or cheapness, for when all the wild animals had been shot and all the fish caught, as they promptly would be if there were no game laws, we should be obliged permanently to do without that small fraction of the general food supply which now comes from these sources.

Were it not for the game laws that state of affairs would have confronted us long ago. Men who hunt and fish for the market have rarely shown the slightest consideration for anything except immediate profits. Instead, their invariable rule has been to let the morrow take care of itself, and the fact that the morrow cannot or will not do it, though illustrated a thousand times by the extermination of birds, animals, and fishes, has as yet done little more than begun to teach them where their interests lie.

The "sportsmen," to whom our correspondent so scornfully referred, may not have motives particularly altruistic, but they at least have some sense and foresight, and they know how to control their barbaric passion for "killing something," if that is what their passion must be called. That the woods and waters now have any wild tenants at all is due almost entirely to their enlightened selfishness, and in their private preserves they subject themselves to much sterner restrictions than any which the laws impose. Also, they pay much more than market prices for the subjects of their sport, considered merely as food, or at any rate they pay much more for them than equally or more valuable food of other kinds costs other people.

Exploration and Sanitation.

Public recognition is demanded by The Medical Record for the important part in polar exploration which has been played by the science which it represents. And there can be no denial that not a little of the glory which one explorer has won by attaining the north pole and another by almost reaching the other end of the earth might justly enough be transferred to the men whose achievements in hygiene and the prevention of disease have made the penetration of icy wastes comparatively safe and comfortable.

In other days every polar expedition—if its participants returned at all—supplied a gloomy tale of suffering from maladies the very names of which are now almost forgotten, and the ships or huts in which the arctic Winters were passed so ignored what are now the commonplaces of sanitation that temper as well as health suffered, and petty, but fierce and often tragical, quarrels almost invariably broke out before the dark season was over. Of those things little or nothing is now heard. The explorers know what to eat and how to live, and when the time comes for a "dash" to the goal they are in a condition to take its desperate chances with an approach to certainty of success. Well men are efficient men.

Every properly equipped expedition takes a doctor along, but so far as caring for the sick is concerned his position has become almost a sinecure. His is the higher duty of seeing to it that his companions do not get sick, and so easily is it performed that he has much leisure to devote to observations and investigations in the interests of what is called pure science—a strange misnomer, since, of course, all science is pure. Dr. FORBES, who was with Lieut. SHACKLETON for fourteen months in the antarctic, had no patients who suffered from anything more serious than frostbite, snow blindness, and —chapped lips! The one really important passage in his report as surgeon of the expedition is the following:

> We had not a trace of scurvy, no coughs or colds, no anemia, no zymotic diseases, no rheumatism. Some members of the party suffered slightly from dyspepsia during the Winter, but this might be ascribed to large appetites and little exercise. We felt none of that depression of spirits of which gruesome pictures are painted by some polar explorers.

All Is Peace Now at the "Preventorium."

It would be indeed lamentable if the public interest and attention which were accorded to the Tuberculosis Preventorium at Lakewood while it was an object of foolish terror and hatred, and when even its friends allowed their angry passions to rise needlessly high, should be diverted, now that all the various wars it started are over and its beneficent activities are well started.

Lest that should be the case it is expedient to announce that the rather inept ly named, but admirably designed, institution is firmly established on a beautiful tract of land in Farmingdale, six miles north of the site where it caused such a wild commotion. There children are taken from home conditions in which they would be almost sure to contract tuberculosis sooner or later, and, with pure air and good food, they make wonderful gains in health and strength. Meanwhile, efforts are made to assist and instruct the parents of the children, so that when they go home again it may be with improved chances of escaping infection. This is obviously good work, deserving of support from all who believe that while cure is a good thing, prevention is a vastly better one.

And support is needed for the "preventorium." The annual expense of caring for 400 children will be about $100,000, and endowments and membership fees are solicited. The institution is entirely non-sectarian. Contributions can be sent to MARCUS M. MARKS, its President; ALEXANDER S. WEBB, Jr., the Treasurer, (Lincoln Trust Company,) or to any of the other officers and Directors, who include Mrs. J. BOARDMAN HARRIMAN, HENRY PHIPPS, Miss DOROTHY WHITNEY, Dr. HERMAN M. BIGGS, Dr. ABRAHAM JACOBI, THOMAS M. MULRY, and JACOB A. RIIS.

STATUS OF SALOON KEEPER.

To Condemn Him Utterly Is to Make a Bad Business Worse.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

In your editorial article of April 20, "Respectable Only by Comparison," you say: "It [saloon keeping] is a miserable business and everybody knows it," and the gist of the argument is that the decent saloon keeper has no special claim to honor.

Doubtless this is true, yet certainly it is also true that we have saloons and shall have them for some time to come, and, if so, some one must keep them, and, if so, we want them kept as well as possible, and again, if so, we ought to give the fullest credit possible to the saloon keeper who tries to make this business less miserable than everybody knows it is.

In the name of temperance, every man who drinks has been branded as a child of hell, and every seller of drink to him tenfold more so, and the logical tendency of this is to destroy all sense of self-respect in the saloon keeper and hurry him and his saloon and his patrons as fast as possible on the road to the bad.

You can see the proof of this in the wide difference between the German saloon keeper, for example, and the American, for the foreigner thinks his business decent and tries to make a modest living in it, while the American evidently considers that he has lost caste, is ostracized, condemned, and shunned, and therefore works his "miserable business" for all there is in it without self-respect or sense of decency or shame.

It is doubtless logically right for the Prohibitionist to make the whole liquor question a matter of shame and degradation, a miserable business that has no shades or degrees in its misery. It is the part of wisdom as well as a matter of policy and prudence for those who do not believe in prohibition to recognize distinctions, and to give full credit to every man who is trying to make his saloon a decent place for decent men to drink in. And this even though we would not do the work ourselves, and must shudder at the harm that may be done there, even at the best. It is a miserable business after all.

TEMPERANCE.

Millburn, N. J., April 21, 1910.

MATE OF SOUTH AMERICA.

Said to Be Identical with Yeopon of North Carolina Coast.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

Speaking of mate or Paraguay tea, referred to as Brazilian tea, on the return of the United States exploring expedition from the Paraguay River just before the civil war, Lieut. William Murdough of the navy, who had been a member of the exploring party, remarked during a conversation with my father that the mate was identical with our yeopon. Now, when I saw an advertisement several years ago of this mate by a firm in Philadelphia I procured a package and made tea of both it and yeopon, and could discover no difference.

The yeopon grows in the form of a bush, sometimes attaining the height of fifteen feet, with leaves of a bright-green color, very much like those of the live oak, and bears thick clusters of brilliant scarlet berries, not unlike the holly tree. It is indigenous to the narrow strip of sandy beaches and dunes which, extending the length of the North Carolina coast, separate the waters of the sounds from the ocean, and are called in local nomenclature "banks."

Yeopon tea has always been regarded by the natives of this section as nutritious and beneficial from its medicinal properties, and entered largely into the dietary list of the "bankers." JOHN K. HOYT.

Beaufort, N. C., April 14, 1910.

Henry Families in America.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

In your issue of the 10th I note a news dispatch from London seeking information from Americans bearing the name of Henry, who can trace their ancestry from the North of Ireland from 1810 or prior. For the benefit of such, and there are thousands of them to-day, their attention is called to the fact that according to the first census of the United States, made in 1790, the Henry family in America numbered 822 heads of families, the average number was 5, all descendants of English, Scotch, and Irish ancestry.

Eighty-eight heads of the family spelled their name Henry, others Henary, Henerey, Heneries, Henery, Hennary, Henneries, Hennery, Henrey, and Henri. They formed 82 per cent. of the entire population of the thirteen colonies.

These heads of Henry families were located as follows: One hundred and nine in Pennsylvania, 89 in North Carolina, 84 in New York, 29 in Massachusetts, 27 in South Carolina, 26 in Maryland, 13 in Virginia, 16 in Connecticut, 13 in New Hampshire, 6 in Vermont, 4 in Maine, and 4 in Rhode Island. Here is a very wide field for a genealogical hunting of records by the thousands of descendants of to-day of the Scotch race of settlers upon the Ulster Plantation in the North of Ireland in the seventeenth century who settled in America. W. H. H.

New York, April 19, 1910.

Hospital Run by Women.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

In yesterday's paper appeared an article entitled "Hospital Run by Women," in which the statement is made that the hospital at Hempstead, L. I., opened by Mrs. O. H. P. Belmont, is said to be the first hospital to be managed by women.

There stands on a high vantage ground in Yonkers a handsome homeopathic hospital and materially incorporated in 1896 by a band of devoted women, who, beginning with great faith and little money, have successfully toiled through the years, managing every department as the hospital has grown to its present capacity.

It has been in actual and successful operation all these years from its humble beginnings in rented quarters to the fully equipped and up-to-date, noble building which they now proudly own. MRS. THOMAS EWING.

Yonkers, April 19, 1910.

The Hottentots and Less Desirables.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

Now that the distinction has been made in high quarters would it not be well for the census takers to inquire concerning these two new categories of our citizens, the "Hottentots" and the "less desirable"?

If Lincoln had excluded the former in his general enfranchisement perhaps some of the reconstruction muddles might have been avoided.

If we might consider the too speculative stock brokers and other too clever manipulators as members of the "less desirable" class that, also, might be a boon, if voting were denied them.

We ought to be better instructed in this matter, as, if we are to have classes, the divisions should be made intelligently.

LOOKER FOR LIGHT.

New York, April 19, 1910.

Duty on Buttons.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

White bone buttons used on underwear pay a duty of over 100 per cent. to protect one of the home manufacturers in Chicago.

The ordinary iron pins which are used by poor people pay 35 per cent. duty, whereas they should be free, the same as needles. Even agate buttons, which are not made in this country, and are mostly used by the poorer class of people, are dutiable according to the size, duty ranging from 75 to 150 per cent., to protect the pearl button interests.

Most of the manufacturers here in the United States who are making the above articles have combined on prices, and are reaping enormous profits.

TARIFF REFORM.

New York, April 19, 1910.

GEN. LEE'S RESIGNATION.

Believes He Entered Hostile Service While a Colonel in United States Army.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

Your issue of Monday, April 18, 1910, carries a letter from L. P. Chamberlayne of Amherst, Mass., in relation to the charge attributed to Senator Hoyburn, that Gen. R. E. Lee drew three days' pay from the United States after he had accepted a commission from the Confederacy. Mr. Chamberlayne gives the following dates, which he says are easily accessible: "Virginia Ordinance of Secession, April 17. Interviews with Blair and Scott, April 18. Lee's resignation from the United States Army April 20. Lee's commission as Major General Provisional Army of Virginia, April 22." All, of course, in the year 1861.

If Senator Hoyburn is correctly quoted, he and, with due submission, Mr. Chamberlayne are dealing with a very small matter. The question is not whether Lee received three days' pay from the United States Government or whether he declined to receive it, but whether, being an officer of the United States Army, he entered a hostile service. Mr. Chamberlayne says: "Lee resigned from the United States Army April 20." There is no question that Lee tendered his resignation on that day, but the resignation was not accepted until April 25, 1861. That fact is stated in Gen. Lee's letter to his wife of May 2, 1861, a portion of which is quoted by your correspondent. In Gen. Cullum's list of the graduates of West Point under Robert E. Lee is, "Resigned April 25, 1861."

I am not very well versed in military law, but I have always been under the impression, or it may be the delusion, that an officer of the United States Army could not sever his connection therewith by the mere tender of his resignation. Such tender became effective only when accepted by the regularly constituted authorities of the United States. Gen. Cullum apparently was of that opinion. I think Gen. Lee's letter to his wife on May 2, 1861, shows that his understanding of the matter was very similar. I have not before me at the moment his lotter to Gen. Scott, inclosing his resignation and asking him to urge its acceptance, but my recollection is that it, too, shows that Gen. Lee did not for a moment imagine that a tender of his resignation severed his relations with the army. If it did not, but if the acceptance of the resignation alone severed that relation, Robert E. Lee entered the hostile service of Virginia while a Colonel of the United States Army. JAMES D. BELL.

Brooklyn, April 18, 1910.

"DEPARTMENTAL" SCHOOLING.

Traces the "Equal" Pay Agitation to Its Beginning.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

In all that has been printed these years back on the subject of "equal" pay, the improvement which gave the claimants their opportunity has never, to my knowledge, been printed.

Until restless and unending reforms began to be the order of the day a few men teachers, never to exceed six in the largest schools, were at the upper end of the boys' schools—the reasons for their presence need not be explained here, and many persons who comment on the situation appear to think that is the present state of affairs. But beginning about eight years ago most schools were organized with the last four grades, embracing two years, constituting what is known as the "departmental" system: each teacher takes one or two subjects and the pupils circulate.

Promises were made for this wondrous departmental system that no one supposed could be realized, at least no one who recalled the history of various other wondrous improvements. But the plan was adopted and every one concerned is delighted if the ownerless flocks of pupils learn anything at all. The point, however, for the present is that as women teachers were included in the departmental groups of classes, often teaching what I may call the major as distinguished from the minor subjects and often observing that the better paid men had secured the minor subjects, they very logically concluded that they were in fact teaching on an exact plane of equality with the men—except as to pay.

Any person in authority really wishing to deal a serious blow to the "equal" pay agitation could do it by abolishing the great failure known as the departmental system. Teaching would be better, too, for the system has done little if anything claimed for it.

ROBERT P. GREEN.

New York, April 19, 1910.

Proposed Bronx River Parkway.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

If I understand correctly, the Legislature of this State some time ago passed a bill authorizing the condemnation of land along the line of the Bronx River, making this into what will be known as the Bronx River Parkway. No action, so far as I could ascertain, has up to this date been taken.

The Bronx River as it is now is of absolutely no use and its appearance entirely unsightly. This parkway contemplated by the Legislature would form a beautiful driveway and would be an ornament for the Borough of the Bronx. It seems to me that the Borough President should do something, or the commission should do something, toward perfecting these plans and carrying out the wish of the people in this regard.

Would you not urge that steps be taken immediately to further this project and help to beautify something that is to-day a useless, unnavigable river? MISS EUGENIE LEVY.

New York, April 19, 1910.

Was Tennyson Reading "Cymbeline"?

To the Editor of The New York Times:

In THE TIMES'S editorial of the 23d inst. it is remarked: "Tennyson's son records that the poet called for 'his Shakespeare,' while he was dying, and passed away with the open book on the bed. To what play or what favorite passage in a play he had turned in that last hour we shall never know."

Permit me to correct this statement. I believe it is well authenticated that in the poet's last moments his finger rested on the lines from "Cymbeline," Act IV., Scene 2, beginning:

> 'Fear no more the heat o' the sun,
> Nor the furious Winter's rages;
> Thou thy worldy task hast done,
> Home art gone and ta'en thy wages.
> Golden lads and girls all must,
> As chimney sweepers, come to dust."

WILLIAM M. ST. JOHN.

New York, April 23, 1910.

[The statement may be, as our correspondent says, "well authenticated," but it is not to be found in Lord Tennyson's biography of his father.—Editor.]

A JOB FOR THE COLONEL.

What shall be done with Roosevelt
When he comes back home again?
What shall be done with the Colonel
To sheathe his sword and pen?

Now that the country's settled
Somewhat to the simple life,
What shall be done with the stirrer
Up of continual strife?

The job should be mighty strenuous,
And in front of the people where
He can split the atmosphere open
And hand out a deal that's square.

But what is the job that is fitting?
What—hold up, we've got it, say,
Listen and take a tumble
To the one and only way.

We'll make him a baseball umpire!
We'll give him a chance to run
The National game, and let him
Do as he's always done.

Oh, wouldn't he draw the bleachers?
And wouldn't he fill the stand?
And wouldn't he boss the bosses?
And wouldn't he do it grand?

And wouldn't he show the players?
And wouldn't he bang the bunch
At the bat, in the field, all over?
And wouldn't he have a hunch?

Well, rather; and so when the Colonel
Gets back to his native bounds,
Say, all of you fans by the million,
Pull out for the Polo Grounds.

W. J. LAMPTON.

PASTORS TAKE UP WHITE PLAGUE FIGHT

Sermons in the Leading Churches Here Devoted to Charity Organization Society's Crusade.

CHRISTIANS SHOULD HELP

Christ, Dr. Aked Says, Gave Them the First Demonstration of Their Responsibility to the Sick.

Many of the churches here yesterday took up the crusade to stamp out tuberculosis, and from hundreds of pulpits the congregations were urged to lend their support to the movement, which has for its object the elimination of the great white plague. Not only did the ministers point out the necessity for concerted action by the people of the city, but each church member was handed a pamphlet on how to avoid consumption, compiled by the Committee on the Prevention of Tuberculosis of the Charity Organization Society.

The pressing need for more tuberculosis clinics and hospitals in this city was referred to by several of the clergymen. The Rev. Dr. Aked of the Fifth Avenue Baptist Church told his congregation that they might be called upon to begin the establishment of tuberculosis hospitals and clinics, although he explained that he would not take the initiative in obtaining funds, but would wait until the business men of the church took up the matter. Then, he said, he would go into the work heart and soul.

At the Central Presbyterian Church the Rev. Dr. Wilton Merle Smith told his congregation last night that if, as the doctors say, tuberculosis is a preventable disease, it is a crime not to take a hand in stamping it out. Dr. Merle Smith said that the church was awakening to many of the great problems which confront the community, and that the tuberculosis problem was one of the most important of all. "For," said he, "it carries with it the problems of the sweat shops of the tenements and of how the poor of the city had best be housed. There should be a general cleaning up of the city, and all those who are afflicted with tuberculosis, and who are a menace to others, should be isolated. There should be more playgrounds and more children's gardens, for they take the little ones into the sun, air, and sunshine."

The Rev. Dr. G. S. Pratt, at All Souls' Episcopal Church, chose as his subject, "Science and Health." He said that the Christian Scientists say that the way to fight tuberculosis is to say there is no tuberculosis, and that in so doing they hold back development and advancement in real science.

"So we will turn to real forces which will help us," he said. "The United States spends $7,000,000 a year for the health of hogs, sheep, and other animals and for the protection of a few agricultural crops, but not one penny to stop tuberculosis. Massachusetts has spent millions to get rid of the gypsy moths that came from a female moth brought to this country and liberated by an absent-minded professor. The Governor of New York has just signed a bill appropriating $50,000 upon receipt of news that some of these moths have crossed over into our State. New York City had a Society for the Prevention of Cruelty to Animals before it had a Society for the Prevention of Cruelty to Children. Why should animals and crops receive first consideration over humanity?"

The Rev. Dr. C. F. Aked of the Fifth Avenue Baptist Church called the attention of his congregation to the fact that tuberculosis is not only preventable, but curable.

"This last of the pests that remain with humanity is the most curable of diseases," said Dr. Aked. "All that is needed is fresh air and sunshine. If I could only teach that I would go down into history as a benefactor of mankind."

Dr. Aked said that he knew from personal experience what fresh air and sunshine would do toward driving out the disease, for he at one time was at death's door with tuberculosis and for fifteen months was confined to his bed. He said he was cured by living and sleeping in the air, not fearing "the air in motion, commonly called draughts," as he expressed it.

"You crowd your rooms with furniture," said Dr. Aked. "You hang heavy curtains, keeping the air and the sunlight out. You say you don't want a highly lighted room. You don't like fresh air. You are afraid of the draughts. You're afraid the sunlight may fade your wall paper and your carpets. What if it does? Isn't this better than giving consumption to your children?

"Theatres, churches, concert halls, ballrooms, and these big public dinners to which I am constantly invited by the generous American public are veritable death traps. Why, at the big dinners there is never a window open, and the air, laden with tobacco smoke, is stifling. If you were to ask that a window be opened at one of these big banquets you would cause as much alarm as though you had crlew there was a tiger loose in the room."

In Trinity Church yesterday morning the Rev. Dr. William T. Manning spoke of the campaign against tuberculosis, and urged his congregation to give their active sympathy and support to the movement. He said that 20,000 copies of the pamphlet, "How to Avoid Consumption," issued by the Charity Organization Society, were being distributed throughout the churches and Sunday schools of Trinity Parish.

"In the present fight against tuberculosis God has placed the issue in our own hands," said Dr. Manning. "We know now that it is preventable and curable, and that we can put an end to it if we will. We who say, and say truly, that it was the teaching of Jesus Christ which first taught men to care for the poor and the sick, that every hospital in the world owes its existence to the Christian religion, cannot fail to be interested and to have our active part in such a movement as this."

All that is needed in the present war on tuberculosis is the service of men, said Dr. S. Adolphus Knopf, Professor of Phthisiotherapy of the New York Post-Graduate Medical School, in an address at the Church of the Messiah. He said that the problem of tuberculosis was so large in its social aspect that it must necessarily have also a religious aspect. The two professions, he added, could do more toward the eradication of the great white plague than any other combined agencies.

"The importance of the problem may be appreciated when I tell you that annually over 200,000 American citizens die from tuberculosis," said Prof. Knopf. "One-seventh of all the deaths recorded are due to tuberculosis. These are not children and the aged, but men and women between the ages of 18 and 45. Think of the economic loss to our country and the tears and sorrows that follow in the trail of this awful plague!

"Yet I can give you a message of hope, in spite of the sad statistics. Tuberculosis is preventable and curable. The sources of infection from men to men, men to beast, and beast to men can be done away with by service and performance of civic duties. The municipality that takes proper care of its meat and milk supply can prevent any source from infection. The predisposing factor can be done away with. The child does not inherit the disease, but a predisposition to it.

"You may help in many ways. For example, by joining auxiliaries to help socially and financially the consumptive poor, by building sanitariums, of which we need many; by imparting knowledge of ways of preventing the contracting of the disease, by kind and considerate treatment of unfortunates, and by direct financial aid. Do these things, and you will do your duty toward the eradication of the dreaded white plague."

PITTSBURG, April 24.—The appointment of this day for National observance by churches as "Tuberculosis Sunday" was due mainly to the success which attended contributions taken here a year ago and this last January, according to those at the Tuberculosis League Headquarters to-day. Several thousand dollars were obtained in the last two years, and for that reason only a half dozen churches were called upon to-day for contributions. At these addresses were delivered by league officials, and generous contributions received. The amount had not been computed to-night.

BOSTON, April 24.—The Gospel of health was preached from the pulpits of many Boston churches to-day, in connection with the request made by the National Association for the Study and Prevention of Tuberculosis for recognition by pastors of the work being done to prevent the spread of the disease.

"POIA" DENOUNCED BY BERLIN CRITICS

Concerted Demonstration Against "Americanization" of Royal Opera.

REALLY A HIT AT THE KAISER

Critics Find Long-Sought Opportunity to Vent Their Spleen—Opera to be Given in Roosevelt's Honor.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

BERLIN, April 24.—No onslaught in all the past history of savage musical and dramatic criticism in Berlin has ever excelled in downright abuse and violence the treatment accorded to Arthur Nevin's American grand opera "Poia," produced at the Royal Opera last night.

The unanimity of the intemperate comment leaves no doubt that it, as well as last night's hissing, was intended primarily as a concerted demonstration against the "Americanization" of the Kaiser's operatic stage, and only incidentally as condemnation of the first American opera introduced in Europe.

The permanent employment of six Americans in stellar positions at the leading German Court opera has long rankled in local breasts, and the Kaiser has for the past six years been under constant fire for "introducing international politics into operatic affairs." The acceptance of an American opera for the royal stage, after a hearing had been refused to modern German composers with the exception of Strauss, simply added insult to injury.

The omniscient Berlin critics and a large section of the public have long hankered after an opportunity to vent their pent-up spleen. Making the fullest allowance for the admitted shortcomings of Mr. Nevin's work, no other conclusion is possible after reading the billingsgate heaped upon American art in general by to-day's Berlin newspapers.

Mr. Nevin and the librettist, Mr. Hartley, find consolation in the fact that pronounced successes have been scored in Berlin despite attacks by the local critics, who justly rank as the "fingoes" of their profession. Richard Strauss has always enjoyed their disfavor, and it was a foregone conclusion that no "mere American" could ever escape it.

To-night the Crown Prince and Crown Princess and the Kaiser's fourth son, Prince August Wilhelm, and his wife heard "Poia," which will be repeated on Wednesday and Friday nights.

The Kaiser has ordered that "Poia" be given at the Royal Opera in honor of ex-President Roosevelt in the course of his visit to the castle.

GIBBONS FOR WOMAN'S WORK.

Tells Girls in Confirmation Class to be Industrious, Not Fashionable.

Special to The New York Times.

BALTIMORE, April 24.—"I have ten times more respect for the woman who goes out and earns her living, toils for herself and family, and becomes a good housekeeper than for the idle and gossiping society woman who passes away her precious moments in doing nothing."

Cardinal Gibbons spoke thus in his sermon at the confirmation exercises at St. Joseph's Catholic Church to-day.

"Above all, my boys and girls, be industrious," continued the Cardinal. "It is an honorable thing to work, and honorable and industrious work is what has made this great Nation. Never be ashamed to work, and always be ready to do your share when the time comes. Nor is it men alone who should be industrious. Women also must be industrious, and the working woman always commands, and should demand, much more respect than the idle woman."

AN OPERETTA FOR CHILDREN.

"Alice in Wonderland, Continued" to be Given at The New Theatre.

A special performance of Rebecca Lane Hooper's operetta, "Alice in Wonderland, Continued," will be given at the New Theatre next Thursday afternoon. The cast will consist of Miss Grace Hornby, Henry Allen Frost, Rebecca Lane Hooper, Allan T. Hoppin, Henry Gaines Hann, Daniel Heyward Handrel, Carrie Martin Cowlan, B. Meredith Langstaff, and many others.

Through the courtesy of Dodd, Mead & Co., illustrations which were used in the publication of Mrs. Delafield's dramatization, are being used in the programme book. Mr. Guetary, the Spanish tenor, is to sing between acts. Porter Steele will conduct the orchestra. Among those who will appear in the dances are Miss Gladys Shannon, Miss Dolly Lynch, and Miss Louise Freeman.

NATION'S DAY AT ACTORS' FAIR

Exercises at Same Hour in 250 Theatres on the Opening Day.

Charles Burnham, General Manager of the Actors' Fund Fair, has completed arrangements for a National Theatre Day on May 9, the opening day of the fair. Through the co-operation of Klaw & Erlanger, theatres in 250 cities throughout the country will have special exercises at the same hour on that evening. The managers have been requested to prepare a special programme at 10:30 in the East, 9:30 in the middle section of the country, and 8:30 in the West. The Mayor, or his representative, in each city will be asked to open the exercises, which will consist of short speeches by the leading actor or actress and by some prominent citizens on the development of the American drama.

"We intend to make this occasion a notable one," said Mr. Burnham yesterday. "It will emphasize the dignity and prominence of the theatre in America and bring every one in the profession throughout the country in touch with the great fair which is being held for their benefit. It will make each, whether he be star or stagehand, realize he is a part of a great brotherhood that will take care of him in times of sickness or distress."

Cast to Support Gertrude Elliott.

The principals who are to support Gertrude Elliott in "The Dawn of a Tomorrow," in London, will include Henry Ainley, Herbert Waring, Jameson Lee Finney, J. H. Barnes, Ada Dwyer, Portia Knight, Roy Fairchild, and Ernest Joy. The English players mentioned have all been seen in this country. Mr. Ainley was Maude Adams's leading man in "The Pretty Sister of Jose," Mr. Waring was leading man with Mrs. Patrick Campbell on her first visit here, and Mr. Barnes has toured America at the head of his own company.

MUSIC NOTES.

A testimonial concert will be given for Mrs. Schilling next Thursday evening in Mendelssohn Hall. Those who will appear are Miss Margaret R. McKenzie, soprano; Miss Florence Wells Fisk, contralto; Signor Miguel Castro, pianist; Mrs. Charles Wenzell, 'cellist, and the New York Templar Quintet.

The Oratorio Society gave a concert in Carnegie Hall last evening. Among those who appeared were Miss Ines Barbour, Mrs. Helen O'Donnell, Gertrude Ina Robinson, William Ludwig, [illegible] Mahaffey, Miss Hazel Cain, Barron [illegible], and Miss Marie Stapleton.

A. CECIL PREACHES HERE.

Son of Marquis of Salisbury Plans a University for China.

The Rev. Lord Rupert William Ernest Gascoyne Cecil, second son of the late Marquis of Salisbury, Prime Minister of England, was the preacher at the Church of the Incarnation, Madison Avenue and Thirty-fifth Street, yesterday morning.

The Rev. Lord William Cecil, as he is more generally called, is rector of Bishops Hatfield, the Gascoyne-Cecil family seat in England. His visit is to interest Americans in a plan for a University for China. A draft for this was drawn up in England and Lord William and Lady Florence Cecil made a tour of the principal cities of China, where, it is said, the plan was well received.

According to the plan the university as such would not give religious instruction, but all Christian bodies having educational work in China would be encouraged to found hostels or colleges, in which religious instruction would be given on lines approved by the particular denomination supporting them.

The plan in England has the support of many prominent men, including many of the professors and Presidents of Oxford and Cambridge Universities. Lord William has visited Yale and is going to visit Harvard, Toronto, Columbia, Chicago, and other universities on this continent, in an attempt to interest them to take up a similar plan in America.

The church was well filled at the service yesterday, and Archdeacon George F. Nelson was among those present.

Lord William outlined the plan, and said it was for the Christians of the world, without regard to denomination, to cooperate in educating China. Taking for his text "Let us love one another, for love is of God," he said:

"China is in darkness because it lacks the principle of love for one another. If a missionary is going to make any progress in China he must preach to the Chinese that God is love and Christians love one another and also those to whom they preach.

"Think of the money that is being spent for battleships to-day," he said later in the discourse. "How much more good it would do if it were spent in food to feed starving people. And the military system in which we are always trying to create something for the torture of our enemies. That's our civilization. Are you proud of it? I am not. It doesn't seem consistent with the words 'God is love.' A little love would do more good than treaties and arbitration."

RABBI IN CHRISTIAN PULPIT.

Arrangements for Annual Jewish-Christian Union Services in Pittsburg.

Special to The New York Times.

PITTSBURG, Penn., April 24.—Rabbi J. Leonard Levy of the Rodeph Shalom Congregation will again preach in St. Mark's Reformed Church, North Highland and Harvard Avenues, next Sunday. His topic will be "A New Gospel."

Last year the Rev. John H. Dietrich, pastor of St. Mark's Church, had Dr. Levy preach in his pulpit. Arrangements have now been made between the rabbi and the pastor to have two union services a year. On the first Sunday in each May, so it has been planned, Dr. Levy will preach in Mr. Dietrich's church. The courtesy of the pulpit of the Rodeph Shalom Congregation will then be extended to Mr. Dietrich some Saturday morning in the Fall by Dr. Levy.

In this way Dr. Levy and Mr. Dietrich hope to establish a better brotherhood between Jew and Christian than has heretofore existed.

ST. PATRICK'S CELEBRATES.

Anniversary of Its Consecration Observed by Congregation.

Old St. Patrick's Church, one of the oldest Roman Catholic churches in this city, celebrated yesterday the anniversary of its consecration. The day was celebrated quietly by the parishioners, and no special programme was arranged, because a year ago there was a great celebration of the one hundredth anniversary of the church.

Solemn high mass was celebrated by the Rev. Father Epiphamio, who was assisted by Father Dougherty and Father Arcese, but the real celebration of the jubilee was in the sermon of Mgr. John F. Kearny, who has been the pastor of old St. Patrick's for the last forty years.

HECKLED AT LABOR TEMPLE.

Audience Questions Speaker Who Says Wealth Is Our Problem.

Josiah Strong, President of the American Institute of Social Science, spoke yesterday afternoon at the Labor Temple, Second Avenue and Fourteenth Street, on "The Industrial Revolution and the Times." He said that the problem of to-day is not poverty, but wealth and its distribution.

When he finished, the questions from the audience came fast. One wanted to know why Strong didn't preach his doctrine of distribution to the rich, and not to "poor men."

Strong said he had done so often, and the man quieted down.

"What has the Church done to arbitrate great industrial strikes?" shouted another.

Supt. Charles Stelzle recalled several instances in which clergymen had interfered to the advantage of the employe.

"What is the fundamental cause of injustice?" asked another.

"Human selfishness, not human laws," answered Strong.

"But you'll admit that there is a class struggle?" asked another.

"Most certainly," was the reply, and the Socialistic inquirer sat down with satisfaction.

"Are men selfish because of conditions, or because of their nature?" asked some one.

"Both causes operate," said Strong. "Because they are selfish they create a selfish social system. There is friction because men are not living together in the right relations. We are preparing either a heaven or a hell in this world. It is necessary for us to find some way of living together in peace. We must consider that every member exists for the good of the whole body."

LABOR APPEALS TO CHURCH.

John Mitchell Wants the Two to Cooperate to Help the Unions.

"The Church and the Labor Movement," was the subject of an address made last night by John Mitchell, the labor leader, at the Church of the Pilgrims, 121st Street and Madison Avenue. Mr. Mitchell said in part:

"Labor needs the support of the Church in order to secure recognition in other quarters. Unionism in its true sense is practical Christianity. Christ himself, we are told, learned the trade of a carpenter. His disciples were fishermen and farmers. He chose to cast His lot among those who earned their bread by the sweat of their brows. 'Come unto me, ye that are heavy laden, and I will give you rest,' was one of the chief promises He made to his followers.

"The labor movement makes the same promise to those who join its ranks. Labor unionism has resulted in an eight-hour day for the toilers in the mills, mines, and workshops in practically every State in the Union.

"Of course unionism has its evils. No human movement is free from evils. But inasmuch as the labor movement is primarily a Christian movement, a movement for the betterment of the masses physically and economically and morally, the Church should join heartily in an effort to promote the good in unionism and eradicate the evil and in this it will have the co-operation of every real labor unionist in the country."

THEATRICAL NOTES.

"Mary Magdelina," a modern play by Friedrich Hebbel, will be presented at the Hackett Theatre on May 21 and 23, with Sara Biala in the principal role. This play has never been given in English before. It was presented, however, at the Irving Place German Theatre last season, with Hedwig Reicher in the leading part.

Blanche Ring had a birthday party at the Cafe des Beaux Arts last night, with a small dance following the supper. Among those present were Ethel Barrymore, Georgia Caine, Pauline Frederick, and Julia Sanderson.

A special matinee of "The Spendthrift" will be given at the Hudson Theatre to-morrow afternoon in honor of Mabel Taliaferro and Robert Hilliard, stars, under the management of Frederic Thompson.

Miss Ouika Meers of a famous English family of bareback riders has been engaged as principal equestrienne at Dreamland, Coney Island, for the Summer. Dan Ryan has been engaged as principal clown. Among the other attractions will be Arabian camels, "Alligator Joe" of Florida, with a collection of alligators, and a Bonzo village.

GATTI-CASAZZA TELLS NEXT SEASON'S PLANS

Seven New Operas, Including 'Boris Goudunow,' Gluck's 'Armide,' and Charpentier Work.

MAY GET FRIEDA HEMPEL

Puccini to Direct His New Opera—Special Russian Ballet to Support Pavlowa—Mme. Alda Won't Sing.

Giulio Gatti-Casazza, Director of the Metropolitan Opera House, and his wife, Mme. Frances Alda, the soprano, will sail to-morrow on the Kronprinzessin Cecilie. Yesterday, in his office at the Metropolitan Opera House, the Director had several interesting announcements to make regarding the coming season. Among other things he announced that Moussorgsky's "Boris Goudunow," Charpentier's "Vie du Poete," and Gluck's "Armide" would be produced here.

"Of course, the plans of the company for next season are not all arranged," said Signor Gatti-Casazza, "but these new artists have already been engaged: Dimitri Smirnoff, the leading tenor of the Imperial Opera in Moscow, who has also sung at the Opéra in Paris and the Monte Carlo Opéra, and will be heard this Summer in Buenos Ayres; Carlo Galeffi, baritone, from the Royal Opera in Lisbon and the Costanzi Theatre in Rome; William Hinshaw, the American baritone, who has sung with Mr. Savage's companies; Leon Rothier, a French bass, who has sung at the Paris Opéra Comique and at the Municipal Theatres of Nice and Lyons; Milspaugh Ruisdael, a bass from Breslau and Teplitz; Lucie Weidt, a dramatic soprano from the Imperial Opera in Vienna; Luisa Villani, an Italian soprano, and Inga Oerher, one of the most promising pupils of the Metropolitan Opera School. It is also probable that on the completion of negotiations with the Royal Opera in Berlin the coloratura soprano, Frieda Hempel, will visit America for two months."

The Re-Engaged.

These artists, Signor Gatti-Casazza said, have so far been re-engaged:

Sopranos—Mmes. Alten, Destinn, Farrar, Fremstad, Gadski, Gluck, Lipkowska, Nielsen, Sparkes, Van Dyck, de Pasquale, and Osborn-Hannah.

Mezzo-sopranos and contraltos—Mmes. Aldrich, Flahaut, Homer, Mapleson, Mattfeld, Maubourg, Snelling, Wakefield, Wickham, and Roma.

Tenors—Messrs. Caruso, Burrian, Audisio, Hall, Jadlowker, Jorn, Koch, Martin, Reiss, and Slezak.

Baritones—Messrs. Amato, Begue, Campanari, Gilly, Goritz, Missiano, Reschiglian, Scotti, and Soomer.

Basses—Messrs. Bourgeois, Didur, Hinckley, Pini-Corsi, Rossi, de Segurola, and Witherspoon.

Conductors, assistant conductors, and chorus masters—Messrs. Toscanini, Hertz, Hegemann, Morgenstern, Pasternack, Romei, Setti, and Steiner.

Stage managers—Messrs. Schertel, Speck, and Zulkes.

Technical Director—Mr. Edward Siedel.

Ballet master—Mr. Saracco.

Prima ballerina—Mlle. Torriani.

"Mlle. Pavlowa and Mr. Mordkin will give performances at the Metropolitan Opera House during six weeks with a Russian ballet of eighteen dancers, especially selected and trained by them," Signor Gatti-Casazza continued. "The novelties it is intended to present to the New York public are Puccini's 'The Girl of the Golden West,' Humperdinck's 'Königskinder,' Moussorgsky's 'Boris Goudunow,' Jean Nougués's 'Quo Vadis,' Leroux's 'Le Chemineau,' Charpenter's 'La Vie du Poëte,' and Gluck's 'Armide.'

Puccini Expected to Come.

"Puccini has written me that 'La Fanciulla della West' is practically completed. He will finish the scoring of the last act during July. So the latest novelty by this Italian composer who has written nothing since 'Madama Butterfly,' may be expected early in the Fall. Puccini himself will doubtless come here for the premiere, and we hope to be able to produce the opera for the first time on any stage in New York. Humperdinck has also written that he has at last practically completed "Königskinder," which he could not finish in time for production in the season just gone by. It is in our contract with Humperdinck that this opera shall be produced in New York for the first time anywhere.

"'Boris Goudunow,' the second of the Russian operas to be given on this stage, has recently achieved considerable vogue in Italy, where it has been given in an Italian version. Many of the European cities have also heard it in Russian with a company headed by Chaliapine. We shall be compelled to have it sung in Italian here, as Russian is a language of which we cannot command enough singers to give an opera in.

A Gorgeous "Quo Vadis."

"'Quo Vadis,' of course, has been the operatic success of the Winter in Paris, where it has been sung nearly a hundred times at the Gaité-Lyrique. It is very spectacular, and the scenery will probably be painted by Paquereau, who is responsible for our 'Orfeo' scenery this year. 'Le Chemineau' is another novelty which is left over from last year. 'Vie du Poete' is an old cantata of Charpentier's which he has rearranged in dramatic form. It will be given here, I think, for the first time as an opera.

"Gluck's 'Armide,' too, will be a novelty in America, although it is one of the oldest operas to hold the stage. It has recently been revived at many of the Continental theatres. Mme. Destinn has sung it in London, and she may be heard in the title part here. Mme. Fremstad also may sing it. It requires a well-chosen cast. It is given very nearly in its entirety at the Paris Opéra, but we shall probably use a version with cuts prepared from the Théâtre de la Monnaie, in Brussels, by Gevaert, the well-known Gluck authority. 'Armide' will not be sung in French, but in Italian.

Some of the Revivals.

"Among the revivals will be Mascagni's 'L'Amico Fritz,' 'Romeo et Juliet,' 'Ballo in Maschera,' 'Guglielmo Tell,' 'Don Giovanni,' and 'Les Huguenots,' which will be sung in Italian. Smirnoff will sing Romeo, and it is probable that Slezak will sing Guglielmo Tell. All the novelties and revivals will be presented with an entirely new scenic equipment, and the same exacting care which has been given to performances heretofore will be preserved in the future.

"The number of subscription performances at the Metropolitan will be five a week, during twenty-two weeks, beginning Nov. 14. Philadelphia will have fifteen performances, on Tuesdays; Brooklyn fourteen performances, partly on Tuesdays and partly on Saturdays. Beginning in January special matinée performances will be given at the Metropolitan, for which a special subscription will be opened. After the close of the season the company will make a brief two weeks' tour.

One Chorus for All Operas.

"The chorus will be composed of sixty-five to seventy Italian and French voices; fifty to fifty-five German—the best voices from the present German chorus, of which more than one-half are retained, and some Americans, who sing in German. The Italian and French contingent will have two months' careful instruction in Europe in German choral work, while the German chorus will undergo the same training for the operas in Italian and French. In the last season the Italian chorus has sung in 'Die Meistersinger,' 'Lohengrin,' and 'Parsifal,' while, on the other hand, the German chorus took part in 'Aida,' 'Gioconda,' and 'Cavalleria.' The results obtained were excellent; therefore no fear, from an artistic standpoint, need be had on account of this innovation for next season—the maintaining of only one large single chorus to sing in all operatic languages. The chorus school, which heretofore has rendered valuable services, will also be continued next year, and can supply fifty more voices in case the répertoire makes extraordinary choral requirements necessary.

"The ballet school which was opened last Fall will continue to [illegible]

DINNER TO BARON AMBROZY.

Retiring Hungarian Diplomat Entertained by Dr. Herczeg.

Baron Louis Ambrozy, Chargé d'Affaires of the Austro-Hungarian Embassy at Washington, who has just been ordered to Rome by his Government, was the guest of honor at a dinner given last night by Dr. Imre Josika Herczeg, at his home, 28 West Tenth Street. Several speeches were made in which the Baron was praised for his service in this country, and received the good wishes of Dr. Herczeg and his guests.

Among those who gathered to say goodbye to Baron Ambrozy and to wish him well in his new field of endeavor were Prince Windischgraetz, Koppay, the Hungarian artist; Alexander von Nuber, Consul General for Austria-Hungary in this city; G. di Rosa, Consul General for Italy here; Francis A. Dugro, Robert Erskine Ely, Count Festetics, J. Van Buren Mitchell, Amos F. Eno, Lewis Nixon, Justice James W. Gerard, Dr. Arpad G. Gurster, and George W. Scott.

CORNELL HONORS MARVIN.

Peary Helps Dedicate Tablet to Man Who Perished on Polar Dash.

ITHACA, N. Y., April 24.—Memorial services were held in Sage Chapel at Cornell to-day for Prof. Ross G. Marvin, the Cornell scientist who lost his life on the Peary expedition to the north pole. Commander Peary was the principal speaker. He delivered the memorial address, dedicating a tablet which has been erected in the chapel to Prof. Marvin's memory.

President Jacob Gould Schurman read a biographical sketch, written by Prof. O. M. Leland, a member of the faculty of the College of Civil Engineering, to which Prof. Marvin belonged.

Herbert L. Bridgman, Secretary of the Peary Arctic Club, who came here to-day with Commander Peary, explained, as did Gen. Thomas H. Hubbard in New York last night, that the club stood ready to carry out its part of the proposed south pole expedition. If the project failed, he added, it would be due to the inability of the National Geographic Society to raise $50,000 stipulated in the joint arrangement.

Commander Peary left to-night for New York. He will sail on Tuesday for Europe to lecture before the principal geographic societies, and a luncheon will be given in his honor to-morrow by the Brooklyn Club.

Mrs. Adelaide S. H. Buckley.

Special to The New York Times.

MORRISTOWN, N. J., April 24.—Mrs. Adelaide Shackford Hill Buckley, daughter of the late Dr. Levi G. Hill and wife of the Rev. James M. Buckley, editor of The Christian Advocate, died at her home in Hill Street last night after a protracted illness. Mrs. Buckley was born in Somersworth, N. H., and was educated at the Friends' boarding school in Providence, R. I. Mrs. Buckley translated in the German and wrote several poems. She was a member of the Colonial Dames, and had been elected to represent the New Jersey Society at the National Council in Washington this month. Mrs. Buckley was also a Daughter of the Revolution, Vice President of the Morristown Branch of the McCall Society, one of the Board of Managers of the Morristown Woman's Exchange and the Memorial Hospital, the Morristown Indian Association, the Union Missionary Society, and St. Christopher's Home of New York City. She leaves a husband and one son, Monroe Buckley of Philadelphia. Funeral services will be held on Tuesday afternoon at the Buckley home here, and on Thursday at Dover, N. H., where interment will be in the family plot.

Andrew Leishman Gardiner.

Andrew Leishman Gardiner, for many years assistant counsel of the Manhattan Railway Company and the Interborough Rapid Transit Company, died at his home, 170 West Seventy-second Street, on Saturday of acute nephritis. Mr. Gardiner was born in Dundee, Canada, on Nov. 9, 1858, and was graduated from Franklin Academy, Malone, N. Y., in 1880, and from Hamilton College in 1884. Prior to his admission to the bar he was an instructor in the Adelphi Academy, Brooklyn. He was married on Dec. 8, 1900, to Miss Ada H. Brown, daughter of Mrs. Delaplaine Brown of New York City. Mr. Gardiner died on the anniversary of the death of his brother, Charles A. Gardiner. He was a member of the Fifth Avenue Presbyterian Church. He leaves a widow, three daughters, and four sons.

Obituary Notes.

Mrs. JANE GROAT HEATH, widow of Judge S. Pulver Heath, and direct descendant of the first white family to settle in the vicinity of Amsterdam, N. Y., died in that city on Friday, in her ninety-second year. Her husband, who had served as a member of the Assembly from Montgomery County and as County Judge, died in 1883. He was twice married. Mrs. Heath leaves three stepchildren, among whom is ex-Sheriff George Warren Heath of Amsterdam, N. Y.

ROBERT CUNNINGHAM, one of the veteran keepers of the Tombs Prison, died in this city Friday at the home of his daughter, Mrs. Louise Washburn, in his ninety-fifth year. He was a keeper in the Tombs for forty years, retiring in 1893.

FRANK TWEED, nephew of the one-time Tammany leader, died on Friday in the New York Hospital as the result of injuries from a fall last December, when he broke his hip. He was 59 years old. Mr. Tweed was a Captain on various Sound steamboats up to ten years ago. He was at one time an Excise Inspector, and at the time of his death was connected with the Bureau of Highways.

JOSEPH H. REID, an auctioneer, who had spent all his life in Brooklyn, died on Friday at his home, 407 Park Place, in that borough, in his forty-second year.

JAMES H. SIMPSON, who served as an aid to Gen. Custer in the civil war, is dead at his home in Dover, N. J., of a complication of diseases, following an attack of pneumonia. He was 77 years old, had been a resident of Dover for forty years, and was the oldest member of Harmony Lodge, F. and A. M. He was the first President of the People's Bank of Dover, which has since become known as the Dover Trust Company. He was interested in mining and railroads in Morris County and in the State of Virginia. Mr. Simpson was a native of Newton, N. J. Two weeks ago Mr. and Mrs. Simpson celebrated their golden wedding anniversary at their Florida home. He leaves a wife and six children.

JOHN DEUCHARS HUNTER, a real estate operator, died suddenly at his home, 250 Eighty-first Street, Brooklyn, on Friday night, of heart disease. He was born in Dundee, Scotland, 64 years ago. Arriving in this country when he was 24 years of age he obtained employment with the old dry goods house of Fowler & Slocum in Manhattan. Later he became associated with E. S. Jaffray & Co. Several years ago when that company went out of business he entered the real estate field. Mr. Hunter leaves a widow.

SAMUEL NELSON TURNER, a brother of Col. George W. Turner, for several years business manager of The New York World and later publisher of The New York Recorder, died of heart disease on Friday at his home, 717 Sterling Place, Brooklyn. He was an inventor of several ingenious things which gave him royalties amounting to a snug income. Among his patents are said to be a microscopic lamp for surgical use, several features of the modern photographic camera, and a broom for facilitating the street sweepers' work. Mr. Turner was born in Dorchester, Mass., forty-four years ago. He studied law at Harvard University, but never sought admission to the bar. [illegible]

MARK TWAIN AT REST; BURIED BESIDE WIFE

Simple Ceremony Held in the Home of His Brother-in-Law, General Langdon.

SCHOOLCHILDREN'S TRIBUTE

The 500 Boy Pupils of Louisville High School Send Floral Piece—Rev. Samuel Eastman Officiated.

Special to The New York Times.

ELMIRA, N. Y., April 24.—In a heavy downpour of rain the body of Samuel L. Clemens (Mark Twain) was buried this afternoon in Woodlawn Cemetery beside that of his wife.

The body was brought to this city at 9:30 o'clock this morning in the private car of Vice President Loomis of the Lackawanna. In the party accompanying it were Mark Twain's daughter, Mrs. Ossip Gabrilowitsch, and her husband; Mr. and Mrs. Loomis, Mr. and Mrs. Jervis Langdon, Mr. and Mrs. Robert J. Collier, Mrs. Richard Watson Gilder, Major Fred T. Leigh, and F. A. Duneka. At 3:30 o'clock funeral services were conducted at the residence of Gen. Langdon, brother of the departed wife of Mr. Clemens. The services were concluded in twenty-five minutes. The Rev. Samuel Eastman, who succeeded Thomas K. Beecher as pastor of the Park Congregational Church, officiated.

In keeping with Mr. Clemens's wish the ceremony was simple. There were no music, no honorary pallbearers—just the brief address and prayer by Dr. Eastman. The body lay in state in the very parlor where Mr. Clemens's marriage of forty years ago was held, and some of those who attended the wedding were there to-day to look for the last time upon the face of their friend.

The services at the house were public, but the attendance was not large. Besides the funeral party which accompanied the body from Redding, the little gathering included only a few relatives and old friends. Dr. Eastman said in part:

"We are not here at this time to speak of the great man whose going hence the whole world mourns, nor to claim for him that place in the halls of fame which only time can give him. We are here to weep with those that weep, to give thanks with those whose own he was in the sacred bonds of human kinship and family affection."

The last visit of Mr. Clemens to Elmira was two years ago, when he came especially to be present at the dedication of the new organ in the Park Church. It was suggested then that he go to the old home on East Hill, where he wrote many of his early stories, but he demurred, replying that such a visit would awaken sorrowful thoughts. He had not been to that former abode since before the death of his wife.

It was recalled to-day that forty years ago Mr. Beecher held Sunday afternoon services at the Elmira Opera House, engaging a brass band, and thus shocking the Protestant Ministers' Union, which suspended Mr. Beecher from its rolls. Mr. Clemens came to the defense of Mr. Beecher and the methods he employed to elevate the masses, writing several articles on the subject for the local press. Just south of the Langdon residence in the park stands the Beecher statue. On the occasion of his last visit here Mr. Clemens viewed the statue.

Just before the hour of the funeral there arrived a large floral design with the following card attached:

"From five hundred boys of Louisville (Ky.) Male High School. In remembrance of Samuel L. Clemens, who has brightened their lives with innocent laughter and taught them squareness and grit and compassion."

The piece received a conspicuous place at the bier. Much sorrow was expressed when it was learned that the wife of the Rev. Mr. Twitchell, who officiated at the services yesterday and who expected to assist Mr. Eastman here to-day, was dead.

MRS. TWICHELL DIES.

Wife's Illness Kept Minister from Mark Twain's Funeral.

HARTFORD, Conn., April 24.—Mrs. Julia Cushman Twichell, wife of the Rev. Joseph H. Twichell, for nearly fifty years pastor of the Asylum Avenue Congregational Church, died early to-day at the Hartford Hospital following an operation for stomach trouble. Mrs. Twichell was 67 years old, and leaves besides her husband two sons and three daughters.

Mrs. Twichell was taken ill suddenly on Saturday while her husband was attending the funeral services of Mark Twain, in the Brick Presbyterian Church, New York, and the latter returned to Hartford instead of going to Elmira, N. Y., where he was to have conducted the services at the grave.

Mrs. Twichell was a life-long friend of Mrs. Clemens, the latter having been a member of the Asylum Avenue Congregational Church while a resident of Hartford.

AKED CALLS TWAIN A SEER.

Pastor Says He Looked Deep Into the Soul of Things.

The Rev. C. F. Aked at the Fifth Avenue Baptist Church last night, in a sermon on Mark Twain, said he was as great as any of the Hebrew prophets, and was not a humorist, as Americans felt, but a philosopher and a seer, as he was regarded in England. The text was Samuel I., ix., 9: "For he that is now called a Prophet was beforetime called a Seer."

"A prophet,' said Dr. Aked, "is a man who speaks for God. A seer is a man who sees into the very soul of things. To-night I'm going to talk about a great servant of humanity who was also a great seer of humanity, Mark Twain, a man who has deserved to be called as truly as any man of the Hebrew race, a seer.

"He saw into the very depths of things, beneath the forms of things, deep into the soul. He refused to look through a guidebook, either when seeing Europe or looking through its art galleries. This was characteristic of the man from the first work he produced down to the last time he let the pen fall from his hand. This is why he was so much to the peoples beyond the seas. In this country Mark Twain is regarded as a humorist, but not so by the British people. Maybe, of course, the British can't appreciate humor. That is one of your most cherished delusions."

Dr. Aked then went on to tell of the dispatches quoting German and English papers on Mark Twain's death, all of which spoke of his deep passion for humanity and his wide sympathy and insight into humanity.

"It was this," said Dr. Aked, "that made him so loved by the British. It was not the rollicking humor that took them. Here it was the great, rollicking, magnificent humor of Mark Twain that made him popular. He has added to the gayety of nations. His humor was clean. I can't recall to mind one unclean jest of Mark Twain's. His humor was boisterous, extravagant, rollicking. It verged upon the profane, but isn't American humor always verging upon the profane?"

Without answering this, Dr. Aked told "an unpublished story of Mark Twain."

"It was told me by Mrs. Harriet Beecher Stowe," said Dr. Aked. "A young man was at a party at which Mark Twain was a guest. Mark Twain had at his service a long string of blasphemous oaths of his Mississippi pilot days. The young man said he would have to leave. 'Why?' asked Mark Twain. 'Well,' replied the young man, 'I don't like some of your language, and I'm sure my mother wouldn't like it.' 'My boy,' said Mark Twain, 'you'll never hear an oath while you're in this party.' 'Thank you,' said the young man."

The story ended with Mark Twain living up to his word.

"Respect for women and reverence for womanhood is in everything Mark Twain ever wrote. He was pious beyond the meaning of his will, and he builded better than he knew, this fine heart of gold."

Dr. Aked quoted from many of Mark Twain's books at length to illustrate his opinion.

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MARRYING JUSTICE DEAD.

F. H. O'Keefe of Hoboken a Victim of Pneumonia at a Friend's House.

Justice of the Peace Frank H. O'Keefe, known for the last fourteen years as the friend of all young persons who wished to be married, died yesterday of pneumonia at the home of his closest friend, George Prant of 115 Park Avenue, Hoboken, N. J. Judge O'Keefe had been ill only a few days.

Mr. O'Keefe was born in 1863, and when 7 years old received an injury which made him a cripple for life. His legs were useless, and he invented a carriage whereby he might roll through the streets and up the stairs of buildings. Fourteen years ago he was made a Justice of the Peace in Hoboken, and soon became a well-known figure in political circles.

He spent the Winter months in the South, and had been in Hoboken only a few weeks this Spring when he was stricken with pneumonia. Mr. Prant asked that he be allowed to take care of him during his illness, and Judge O'Keefe was moved to the Park Avenue house.

A sister survives him.

JOHN H. MILLER DEAD.

Builder of First Electric Tunnel Succumbs to Angina Pectoris in Baltimore.

Special to The New York Times.

BALTIMORE, April 24.—John Henry Miller, capitalist, who conceived the plan and constructed the first electric tunnel in the country, and who also planned the great Susquehanna electric power plant at Conowingo, died to-day of angina pectoris.

Mr. Miller was the son of Major John Henry Miller. He began his business career in Pittsburg, where he married Miss Barbara Peebles, member of a prominent Pittsburg family. He had many interests in New York City. His wife and three children—Mrs. E. D. Morgan Waterman of New York City, George P. Miller, chief engineer of the Pennsylvania lines in New York, and Norvell Miller of Baltimore—survive him.

Marriage and death notices intended for insertion in The New York Times may be telephoned to 1000 Bryant.

Born.

DOERZBACHER.—April 18, Newark, N. J., to Mr. and Mrs. P. J. Doerzbacher, a son.

Married.

HOE—PERRY.—On Saturday, April 23, at St. John's Church, Washington, by the Rev. Walter H. Larom, Archdeacon of Ogdensburg, Evelyn Perry, daughter of Mrs. Eugene Perry, to Arthur J. Hoe of New York.

BERLINER—WEINER.—April 21, Anna Weiner to William M. Berliner.

FIELD—WILMERDING.—April 23, Isabel L. Wilmerding to Oliver C. Field.

FUHR—KENNEDY.—April 20, May Kennedy to Lewis Fuhr.

HERZBERG—YENAWINE.—April 23, Mildred Yenawine to Joseph M. Hersberg.

HIRSCH—HARRIS.—April 20, Ray Harris to Abram G. Hirsch.

JACOBI—WOLFENSTEIN.—April 21, Lillian Wolfenstein to Dr. Leo Jacobi.

KRONHEIMER—BYTHINER.—April 19, Clara Bythiner to Moses C. Kronheimer.

LANGE—GLOVER.—April 20, Anna Glover to George E. Lange.

LEVY — SCHWARTZ.—April 19, Martha Schwartz to Richard Levy.

LINDHEIMER—GREINER.—April 20, Rosa Greiner to Max Lindheimer.

LOEBL—ELKIN.—April 21, Dora Elkin to Edwin P. Loebl.

MICHEL—MARX.—April 20, Betty Marx to Friedrich Michel.

O'NEILL—BAYER.—April 20, Catherine Bayer to Clinton O'Neill.

VAN LOAN—WEIMAR.—April 23, Louise Weimar to William W. Van Loan.

WEINBERG—GRAY.—April 17, Estelle Gray to M. H. Weinberg.

WOODS—DURAND.—April 21, Agnes Durand to Edgar K. Woods.

Brooklyn.

POWERS—JOHNSTON.—April 23, Emma H. Johnston to Herbert L. Powers.

RYAN—McGOVERN.—April 20, Mabelle I. McGovern to Francis J. Ryan.

Died.

ALLIN.—On Monday, April 24, Anna M. Fraser, widow of Robert C. Allin and daughter of the late Alfred S. Fraser, in her 77th year. Funeral private.

ASCH.—Albert Asch, beloved husband and father, suddenly, in the 58th year of his age. Funeral Tuesday, 2 P. M., from 488 Lenox Av. Please omit flowers.

BASIL.—At the Convent of the Good Shepherd, foot of East 90th St., Sister Mary of St. Basil, daughter of the late James and Mary Keating. Funeral from the convent chapel, Tuesday morning, April 26, at 10 o'clock.

BEVAM.—Charles J. Bevam, April 24, beloved husband of Alice Jennings Bevam, at his home, Port Chester, N. Y. Funeral Tuesday, April 26, at 10 A. M., Church of Our Lady of Mercy. Last train leaves Grand Central Station 8:05 o'clock.

BLACKMAN.—At Westport, Conn., April 24, 1910, M. Georgia Blackman, daughter of the late Dr. George C. and Charlotte D. Blackman. Funeral services will be held from her late residence, Westport, Conn., on Thursday, April 28, 1910, at 2 o'clock P. M.

BOWERS.—Suddenly, at Cranford, N. J., April 23, 1910, Henry Glenn Bowers, son of Benjamin O. and Delphine L. Bowers of Plainfield, N. J.

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THE FINANCIAL SITUATION.

Whatever bearing the Rochester election may have upon the political situation, the financial community found in the outcome a topic of absorbing interest in its relation to various phases of the financial situation. One by one the country's railroads have been forced to yield to the demands of employes of all classes for higher wages. The gross earnings of the various roads have heretofore provided a fairly satisfactory margin for dividends over expenses of one kind and another, but the promised reduction in this margin through the payment of higher wages has led railroad executives everywhere to look for relief through the medium of increases in rates. A number of developments of recent date, including, strange as it may seem at first glance, the upshot of the Rochester election, threaten to make it difficult, and perhaps impossible, to augment transportation charges. It is the habit, of course, of the shipper of goods, whether he be manufacturer, wholesaler, or retailer, to put the burden of all increases in the expenses under which he works off on the consumer, but the latter at the moment is in no mood to accept such a shifting process with docility. As a matter of fact, the consumer is just now engaged in a search for effective weapons with which to punish those he holds responsible for the difficulties and embarrassments under which he labors. No better proof of this could be desired than the recent balloting in the Fourteenth Massachusetts Congressional District, or that in Rochester last week. After making due allowance for the dislike in which the Republican candidate in the Genesee district was undoubtedly held by many of his party mates, it remains true that the obstinate refusal of thousands of voters who cast ballots for the Republican candidate two years ago to go to the polls bespeaks deep-seated dissatisfaction with Republican policies, and particularly with that party's Tariff bill, which is undisputably one of the chief sources of the financial distress of people generally. It may well be doubted if the efforts of the Administration to distract attention from the responsibility of the tariff for the high cost of living by means of actions against speculative or manipulative pools in cotton, wheat, and other commodities, will meet with the least success. Manipulation, particularly on the scale and after the fashion practiced by the Chicago and New Orleans plungers of present notoriety, has beyond question added to the burdens of the people, but the opportunity for that manipulation was created and is maintained by the inequities of the tariff. The absolute bar raised against importations of steel materials and the defenseless position of consumers here as a result afford the plainest proof of the truth of this argument. Our people have by dint of personal investigation come to see this matter in its true light, and no amount of specious reasoning and no oratorical appeals for party regularity can ever again blind them to the facts or defeat their resolution to seek a real remedy. Among far-sighted financiers where this trend of popular sentiment is clearly understood and rightly appraised it is impossible to discover any great apprehension over the outlook. The possibility of a division of power in Congress is not entirely unacceptable as a substitute for the autocracy which years of dominion has bred, and finally inevitably rendered unfit for genuine public service.

There has now gone forward from this city to London $17,500,000 of the $25,000,000 gold which it was estimated would be required in the English capital before the export movement came to an end. There was a disposition in banking quarters last week to revise earlier estimates of the probable amount of shipments, but whether first calculations will be exceeded or not seems to turn on two factors, our foreign trade and the upshot of the complicated English political situation, which are to a considerable extent indeterminate. A smooth settlement of the political disturbances would probably lead to an early termination of the Bank of England's quest for gold for the reason that superfluous strength would simply invite Continental demands on London. Already the position of the Bank has been materially strengthened by its receipts of gold shipped from this side. In the fortnight covered by these receipts the Bank has added $12,500,000 to its coin and bullion holdings, while its percentage of reserve to liabilities has advanced from 39.55, the figure of April 7, to 50.68 on Thursday last. This is an exceedingly high percentage for the season of the year. So far as our foreign trade is concerned it is impossible at the moment to foresee the turn in the tide. High prices of commodities, particularly of wheat and cotton, have undoubtedly reduced the balance in our favor, but there is the further and more significant fact that our own consumption of these and other commodities is now running so large as to threaten to remove them entirely in the near future from the list of important exports. Whether they can be replaced by exports of manufacturers remains to be determined, but in spite of the enlarging percentage which such manufactures have formed of our total trade over a series of years a limit to their sale abroad seems to be set by the cheap labor of Europe. Perhaps the solution lies in wholesale liquidation not only of commodities, but of labor in this country; an ideal solution from the point of view of the economist, but a harsh one from any other. Our money market has been unaffected by the drain of gold, thanks to receipts from the interior and the quiet securities markets. The point of interest here is the ability of the banks to properly prepare for the heavy Fall requirements and to meet at the same time any further substantial demands on the part of Europe for gold.

At the moment securities markets are obviously drifting, with desultory movements controlled by purely speculative operations based for the most part on day-to-day developments. In this there is denoted an absence of change in fundamental factors and exaggeration of the importance of passing events. Technically considered the balance of developments has been adverse for some little time; the market is perhaps oversold, but in the absence of convictions in any important speculative quarter the correction of this oversold position would undoubtedly be followed at the first opportunity by further and equally successfully bearish operations. Of fundamental factors the business situation is confessedly irregular, with the steel and iron trades reporting a check in demands and the copper trade still languishing. The Tefft-Weller affair is understood to have been due very largely to bad collections, a fact which speaks eloquently of conditions in mercantile lines. The best feature of the business outlook is to be found in the declines in commodities prices, particularly in the price of wheat. The fall here indicates considerable confidence on the part of the grain trade in the crop outlook, a most welcome fact, since upon the year's harvests depends the commercial and financial welfare of the country.

THE MARKETS OF EUROPE.

PARIS MARKETS UNSETTLED.

Nearness of French Elections Affected Prices on the Bourse.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

PARIS, April 24.—The Bourse felt the unfavorable influences both of New York and London during the greater part of the week. There was a slight subsidence of nearly all prices, followed by an equally moderate reaction. The nearness of the elections unsettled French rentes, but foreign funds in general were strong. Copper and diamond stocks exhibited the greatest changes. Rio Tinto lost 29f. from Monday to Saturday, but recovered 7f. at the close.

BERLIN MARKET WEAK.

German Steel Trade Unsettled, and English Money Situation Depresses Boerse.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

BERLIN, April 24.—The market was exceedingly weak again last week. Only in a few local industrials were signs of activity apparent. Any tendency in the upward direction was promptly checked by news from the American market as well as cheerless reports from the German steel and iron trade. Uncertainty of the money market, especially as determined by events in England, was also a depressing factor.

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IRON MAKERS RAISE WAGES, BUT CURTAIL

Steel Corporation's Voluntary Offer to Its Men Hits Others Hard.

RAISE FORCED ON THEM

A Few Manufacturers in the Pittsburg District Will Refuse Advances Till Business Warrants Them.

Special to The New York Times.

PITTSBURG, April 24.—An anomalous state of affairs, in which the iron and steel trade were at the same time figuring on restriction of output and a wage increase, to go into effect simultaneously May 1, was presented by the independent steel and merchant furnace interests of the Pittsburg district last week. The Bessemer Pig Iron Association agreed to restrict output of Bessemer and basic iron to the tonnage actually under contract, and at the same time postponed consideration of the wage question. The independent steel interests ordered curtailment in crude steel, wire, and pipe production, and then carefully approached the wage question.

The wage increase is forced on the independent producers by the action of the United States Steel Corporation in its recently announced advance of 6 per cent. The notices of an advance to the tonnage men in the sheet and tin plate mills of the corporation, who were thought at first to have been left out of the proposed advance, were posted on Friday, so that all mill men from laborers up are to participate. Officials of the larger independent steel interests protest that the advance in wages at the present time is a mistake, but admit they have no alternative but to follow the leader. Announcements of wage increases will be made by at least two of the larger independent interests before the close of the coming week.

There has been labor discontent among the blast furnace men in the valleys territory since the Steel Corporation's wage announcement. The furnace companies will take up the question again the coming week, but the sentiment at present is plainly against an advance, in the face of a fifty-cent increase in the price of Lake Superior ores, in effect to-morrow, and a market decline to the lowest price at which iron has sold since May, 1909. Some of the smaller finished product manufacturers have taken the same stand, declaring flatly that they will grant no wage increase till business and prices justify it, irrespective of what the Steel Corporation may do.

The result of Friday's action by the Bessemer Association will be the closing of probably four or five furnaces now on steel-making iron during the next fortnight. The situation in basic and Bessemer has become critical during the first three weeks of the new quarter. Running contracts for basic and Bessemer irons insured the taking up of the greater part of the valley output prior to April 1. But with the expiration of these contracts, most of them with steel-making companies that have enlarged their pig iron capacity during the past six months, there was a sudden startling cessation of shipments. Stocks threatened to pile up rapidly. The Steel Corporation was appealed to to come to the relief of the merchant furnaces, but the Carnegie Steel Company already had put five furnaces out of blast on its own account, and the "trust" insisted that the Bessemer Association make some effort to restrict output. One large independent producer of Bessemer in this district, who is outside the valley association, is understood to be fairly well contracted for at least half the present quarter.

By the closing of nearly 5,000 coke ovens the Connellsville region has succeeded in reducing the weekly output of that field from 474,496 tons, the maximum record of the last week in January, to 468,874 tons for the week of April 16. The Frick Coke Company's part in this curtailment has been the closing of 3,700 ovens since April 1, reducing its production of coke by nearly 30,000 tons a week. This does not mean a corresponding reduction in blast furnace capacity by the Steel Corporation, for the Frick Company has been stocking coke in the Connellsville field since last November. The Frick Company management feared labor troubles in the Connellsville field contemporaneously with the coal strike in the Pittsburg district. It is an open secret that labor agitators, working under cover, have succeeded in unionizing the larger part of the Connellsville field, and the Steel Corporation preferred to have liberal stock piles at its Connellsville plants as long as there was any danger of labor trouble there. Since that danger apparently has passed the Frick Company will begin reducing its coke stocks throughout the Connellsville field.

Present indications do not point to any further restriction in pig iron production by any of the steel-making companies in this section. The Jones & Laughlin Steel Company, the Republic Iron and Steel Company, the Cambria Steel, and the Youngstown Sheet and Tube all have new steel-making and finished-product capacity going in operation this month. The Republic will close one furnace in valleys territory the coming week, but will fire another, which has been rebuilt. Two independents in the Wheeling (West Va.) district have closed down one stack apiece, but the steel companies are consuming practically all of their own production.

The lines that are carrying the peak of the load in the steel trade at present are merchant steel, steel plates, and tin plate, in all of which mills are booked ahead from three to six months. There seems to be little cessation in the run of new business for these products, and the minimum quotations on both plates and merchant bars have disappeared in this district. Merchant steel mills are contracting into the fourth quarter, and deliveries were made only last week on specifications placed with some of the largest producers last November. Pressure for tin-plate deliveries becomes more acute each week, and a scarcity in sheet and tin mill labor, particularly among the more highly skilled tonnage men, has developed with the starting up of new plants by the independents.

Much shading of black and corrugated sheets is reported from the West. Other lines in the sheet mills are contracted well ahead, and premiums have been common on blue annealed sheets for prompt delivery the past week. Structural material prices are weak in this district, notwithstanding the influx of new work, on which bids are to go in within the coming ten days. Structural lettings pending in Pennsylvania and Ohio, including railroad contracts, are estimated to total fully 80,000 tons of steel.

There was a marked restriction in pipe output by independents during the week, mills at Wheeling and Youngstown having partially suspended operations. The combine is still operating to practically full capacity. Some pipe-line contracts are coming up, including two in West Virginia for large-size pipe, aggregating about 40 miles. One local gas interest is preparing to authorize a substantial piece of new construction. Jobbers' stocks in the West, which had been large during the Winter, are being exhausted, and there is hope for a better feeling in merchant pipe after May 1. In some lines of wire the all-Spring dullness has resulted in shading of prices. Mills are carrying large stocks, and there are few indications of a revival of business.

In crude steel, the shortage has centred in open-hearth lines, which are scarcer than they were a month ago. Small open-hearth billets command premiums. Bessemer billets and sheet bars have declined 50 cents, reaching a minimum of $26.50 and $27, maker's mill, respectively. The Steel Corporation is said to have some surplus Bessemer billets, which will probably go into the open market if price conditions are favorable.

The Weekly Financial Review.

To-day's issue of THE NEW YORK TIMES WEEKLY FINANCIAL REVIEW devotes considerable space to the condition of general trade over the United States. The statement of some bankers that merchants are offering their paper in large amounts for what amounts practically to rediscount, the increase in idle railway cars, and other significant developments of the past fortnight are gathered together in an attempt to get at their meaning. In another article the drop in the prices of commodities and of the cost of living are set forth. The regular article on the state of trade also has some significant facts.

Why some investors specialize in bank stocks and the peculiarities of this class of securities are told in a special article. The Government's action in the cotton market, the litigation involving the Wabash, the state of the steel and iron trade, and the bulge in crude rubber and its finished products are subjects of other interesting articles.

NATIONAL BOND VALUES COMPARED

Monetary Commission Charts Show Fluctuations in American and European Issues.

CHANGES ARE NOT PARALLEL

General Upward Movement of All Till 1889 Continued in Europe Till 1897, While Americans Suffered Decline.

WASHINGTON, April 24.—Charts prepared for the National Monetary Commission by Dr. A. Piatt Andrew show very strikingly the variations in the value of Government bonds of the United States and three other important commercial powers—Great Britain, France, and Germany—on account of fluctuations in the demand for capital and disturbances in the money market. It appears that the market for European Government bonds was subject to different fluctuations in some cases from those felt in the market in America.

The United States 4 per cents touched their maximum average price about 128 in 1889. This was also the period of the maximum annual average of German imperial 4s, which were above 108. British consols, then paying 3 per cent., were near their maximum in 1897, but French 3 per cents were then below 80 and were only beginning their upward course, which culminated in 1907 at 103. The United States 4s fell between 1889 and 1893 below 108, partly as the result of approaching maturity and partly because of the panic of that year. The year 1896 was the year of the culmination of the prices of German 3 and 3½ per cents, the former going close to 105 and the latter to near par. English consols also touched their high point, above 112, in 1887, and then began the downward plunge, which, in 1901, left them below 95 and carried them in 1907 below 85, after their reduction in 1903 to a 2½ per cent. basis. The pressure upon the money markets caused by the Boer war and other influences affected all European issues in 1900. They enjoyed a considerable recovery during the next few years, but suffered again in the panic of 1907. The United States 2 per cent. bonds advanced to nearly 109 in 1902, but then began the downward course, which has carried them, with the 3s, nearly to par.

The influence of these changes is brought out, perhaps, more clearly by a table in which the issues of the four countries dealt with are reduced to 3 per cent. basis. In this table, in spite of wide variations due to particular causes, there is a general movement upward from 1884 to 1889, which persisted in the case of European issues until 1897. In the United States there was a marked decline in values in 1896, which would have put the 4 per cent. bonds below par upon a 3 per cent. basis. Between 1897 and 1900 German and British loans declined materially, and French rentes declined slightly, while American issues recovered. Then set in, about 1902, the decline in all the securities quoted, at the time of the large demands for capital arising from competing issues of railway and industrial securities, culminating in the stringency of 1907.

A chart showing the real interest earned upon Government issues shows more variations in the case of the United States than in that of Great Britain, France, of Germany. The net interest rate upon German imperial securities, while showing less variation than in the case of France or the United States, is higher than that of either of these countries, standing for the fours in 1907 above 3¾ per cent. French rentes, which in 1884 earned nearly 4 per cent., declined in earning power as their price rose, until their net return was below 3 per cent. in 1897, but with the fall in price in 1907 showed an increase in earning power to about 3.25. English consols, which in 1897, at the period of their highest price, paid less than 2½ per cent., stood in 1907 practically at a 3 per cent. basis. The earning power of American securities in 1908 makes a showing under 2½ per cent. for the fours of 1925, and about 1¾ for the 2 per cent. bonds.

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NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE QUOTATIONS

SALES OF STOCKS IN THE WEEK ENDED APRIL 23. TOTAL WEEK'S SALES, 2,872,837 SHARES.

Range for Year 1909. High.	Range for Year 1909. Low.	Range for Year 1910. High.	Date.	Range for Year 1910. Low.	Date.	Closing Saturday April 23. Bid.	Ask	Week's Net Change	STOCKS.	Par Value.	Amount Capital Stock Outstanding.	Last Dividend Paid. Date.	Per Cent.	Period.	Range for Week Ended April 23. First	High	Low	Last	Closing a Year Ago.	Sales Week Ended April 23. '10.
16⅞	12¾	15	Jan. 3.	9¼	Mar. 24.	10½	11⅛	— 1	**Allis-Chalmers Co.**	100	$19,820,000	.....	..	..	11	11	10½	10½	15⅞	200
57½	38	54¾	Jan. 5.	86	Feb. 8.	36½	37½	— 2	Allis-Chalmers Co. pf.	100	16,150,000	Feb. 2 '04.	1¾	Q	39½	39½	37	37	50⅝	700
96⅝	65	90¾	Jan. 3.	103¾	Feb. 8.	45	47½	— ½	Amalgamated Copper Co.	100	153,887,900	Feb. 28, '10.	½	Q	78¼	75⅝	73⅝	74	77½	178,900
50	33¼	49	Jan. 10.	40½	Feb. 8.	38¼	38½	— 2	American Agricultural Chem. Co.	100	17,114,100	.....	..	..	47	47	47	47	38⅞	150
49½	20¼	47¼	Jan. 10.	31⅞	Feb. 8.	10⅜	11	— ⅜	American Beet Sugar Co.	100	15,000,000	.....	..	..	40⅜	40⅜	38	38	24⅞	4,100
15⅛	7½	13⅝	Jan. 3.	7	Feb. 3.	73⅜	74¼	— 2⅜	American Can Co.	100	41,283,300	.....	..	Q	11¼	11¼	10⅝	10¼	11⅞	3,300
86	71½	81½	Jan. 6.	72	Feb. 3.	63	63⅝	— 2½	American Can Co. pf.	100	30,000,000	Apr. 1, '10.	1½	Q	76	76⅞	73⅝	73⅝	50⅝	1,900
76½	44¼	72⅛	Jan. 3.	115	Feb. 7.	115	117⅜	— ½	American Car & Foundry Co.	100	30,000,000	Apr. 1, '10.	1½	Q	65	65¼	62½	62⅝	50⅝	4,900
124¾	107½	120	Mar. 9.	57	Feb. 8.	65¾	66⅜	+ 1	American Car & Foundry Co. pf.	100	30,000,000	Apr. 1, '10.	1½	Q	117	117	117	117	111½	400
79¼	42⅜	69¾	Mar. 9.	101	Feb. 1.	102	103	+ ¾	American Cotton Oil Co.	100	20,237,100	Dec. 1, '09.	5	SA	68	68½	66	66	58¾	2,900
107¾	98	106	Apr. 19.	6	Feb. 3.	6¾	7	— ⅜	American Cotton Oil Co. pf.	100	10,198,600	Dec. 1, '09.	3	..	106	106	106	106	102½	300
10	6¼	8½	Jan. 5.	6	Feb. 3.	34¾	35¼	— 1½	American Hide & Leather Co.	100	11,274,100	.....	..	..	7	7	7	7	7⅞	100
51⅞	34	47⅞	Jan. 3.	32	Feb. 3.	26	26½	— 1¼	American Hide & Leather Co. pf.	100	12,548,300	Aug. 15, '06.	1	..	38¾	38¾	35	35	40⅝	2,400
42¾	18⅝	29¼	Mar. 8.	20	Feb. 3.	12⅜	14	— 1¼	American Ice Securities Co.	100	19,042,500	July 20, '07.	1¾	..	27⅜	27⅝	26¼	26¼	40⅝	1,020
20	12	17⅜	Jan. 3.	13½	Feb. 7.	36¾	38	— 3¾	American Linseed Co.	100	16,750,000	.....	..	..	15	15	15	15	16⅝	1,005
47⅝	29	46⅞	Jan. 3.	34½	Feb. 8.	50½	51	— 2	American Linseed Co. pf.	100	16,750,000	Sept. 1 '00.	1¾	..	40¼	40¼	36⅞	36⅞	37	2,800
69¼	49	62½	Jan. 3.	45⅜	Feb. 8.	112	113	+ 1	American Locomotive Co.	100	25,000,000	Aug. 20, '08.	1¾	Q	58¼	58¼	50	51	55⅜	102
122	109¼	115	Jan. 7.	110	Feb. 7.	6	6½	...	American Locomotive Co. pf.	100	25,000,000	Apr. 21, '10.	1¾	Q	118	118	113	113	114½	788
11½	6	8	Feb. 18.	5½	Feb. 9.	37	38¼	— ⅜	American Malt Corp.	100	5,612,100	.....	..	..	6½	6¾	6	6	7¼	1,220
59	38	48	Mar. 21.	33	Jan. 20.	82¼	83⅜	— 1¼	American Malt Corp. pf.	100	8,651,800	Nov. 3, '09.	2½	SA	88	88	87½	88	47¼	1,220
105½	77¾	104	Jan. 3.	75¼	Feb. 9.	103	105¾	— 1¼	American Smelting & Refining Co.	100	50,000,000	Apr. 15, '10.	1	Q	86¼	86¼	81½	82⅜	80⅞	117,020
116⅞	101	112⅜	Jan. 3.	104½	Feb. 8.	87¼	88	— ¼	American Smelting & Refining Co. pf.	100	50,000,000	Apr. 1, '10.	1½	Q	107	107	105¾	105¾	103¼	850
92	80	90⅞	Jan. 3.	86¾	Feb. 8.	59	60	41	American Smelt. & Refining Co. pf. B.	100	30,000,000	Mar. 1, '10.	1¼	Q	88	88¼	50	59	37½	3,400
66⅜	34⅝	66	Jan. 10.	54½	Feb. 4.	123	126	— ½	Amer. Smelting Securities pf. B.	100	16,218,000	.....	..	..	63¼	63½	59	59	33⅞	300
138⅜	115⅝	127½	Feb. 28.	118¼	Feb. 7.	122	123	— 1½	American Steel Foundries	100	45,000,000	Apr. 2, '10.	1¾	Q	126½	126½	123	123	138¾	3,300
131	118	124	Feb. 28.	119½	Feb. 10.	136¼	136½	— 1¼	American Sugar Refining Co.	100	45,000,000	Apr. 2, '10.	1¾	Q	122	122	122	122	.....	100
145½	125	143⅜	Feb. 24.	134	Apr. 2.	95	98	— 1	American Sugar Refining Co. pf.	100	259,115,800	Apr. 15, '10.	2	Q	138	138¼	136¼	136¼	141⅜	5,384
104	90½	90⅜	Mar. 14.	91	Feb. 3.	36½	37½	— 1¼	Amer. Telephone & Telegraph Co.	100	18,080,100	Apr. 1, '10.	1½	Q	97⅜	97⅝	97	97	96⅝	1,050
40½	26	39½	Mar. 18.	99	Jan. 25.	99½	100	— 2½	American Tobacco Co. pf.	100	29,501,000	.....	..	..	38½	38¼	37	37	33	800
107⅝	93⅜	104	Mar. 7.	31	Feb. 8.	44½	45	— ½	American Woolen Co.	100	40,000,000	Apr. 15, '10.	1¾	Q	100½	100½	99⅝	99⅝	100¼	1,081
54⅜	37¾	54	Jan. 3.	48⅛	Feb. 23.	70	72	— 2⅜	American Woolen Co. pf.	100	40,000,000	Apr. 20, '10.	50c	Q	47⅞	47⅞	44¼	44¼	45½	13,825
...	...	72½	Mar. 8.	110½	Feb. 8.	112⅛	112¾	— ⅝	Ann Arbor pf.	25	30,000,000	.....	..	..	71	71	71	71	.....	100
125⅜	97⅛	124⅛	Jan. 3.	3-64	Apr. 20.	...	...	— ⅝	Anaconda Copper Mining Co.	100	4,000,000	.....	..	..	114⅞	115	112	112¾	107⅞	88,950
106⅜	100¼	104¼	Jan. 10.	102¼	Apr. 20.	102¼	102⅝	— ⅝	Atchison, Topeka & Santa Fe.	100	163,725,000	Mar. 1, '10.	1½	Q	3-32	3-32	1-32	3-64	.....	28,320
143½	107½	137½	Jan. 5.	123½	Feb. 8	128	130	+ ¼	Atchison, Topeka & Santa Fe rights.	...	...	.....	..	..	...	...	...	...	104	510
122¼	103½	119⅛	Jan. 8.	108⅜	Feb. 7.	110⅜	111¼	— 1⅝	Atchison, Topeka & Santa Fe pf.	100	114,199,500	Feb. 1, '10.	2½	SA	102⅜	102⅜	102¼	102¼	126½	550
96	91	94	Jan. 7.	90	Feb. 4.	90	92	— 2½	Atlantic Coast Line.	100	56,963,900	Jan. 10, '10.	3	SA	130	130½	130	130½	.....	...
51⅝	27¼	31½	Jan. 3.	30	Feb. 3.	38½	39	— ½	**Baltimore & Ohio.**	100	152,216,800	Mar. 1, '10.	3	SA	112	112	110½	110⅝	118¾	5,050
111	99¾	109¼	Mar. 8.	105¼	Feb. 7.	107	108	— ...	Baltimore & Ohio pf.	100	60,000,000	Mar. 1, '10.	2	SA	90	90	90	90	4	100
115	105	119	Jan. 25.	116	Jan. 3.	114	117	— ...	Batopilas Mining.	20	8,929,920	Dec. 31, '07.	12½	..	3½	3½	3	3½	4	300
91¼	55⅝	92	Jan. 3.	77⅛	Feb. 8.	86¾	86⅞	— 2¼	Bethlehem Steel Corporation.	100	14,832,000	.....	..	..	81	81	80	80	28½	320
74⅜	57⅞	68¾	Jan. 3.	50¼	Apr. 5.	51½	52	— 1½	Brooklyn Rapid Transit Co.	100	45,000,000	Apr. 1, '10.	1	Q	81	82	79¼	80	78⅛	69,765
37⅜	31½	36½	Jan. 3.	27	Feb. 8.	28	29	— 1½	Brooklyn Union Gas Co.	100	17,997,500	Apr. 1, '10.	3	SA	140¼	140¼	138	138⅝	147½	400
64⅜	58⅞	64½	Jan. 10.	52	Feb. 8.	54	55	— 2	Brunswick T. & Ry. Securities Co.	100	7,000,000	.....	..	..	12½	12½	12½	12⅛	14	100
165⅛	141	158¾	Jan. 3.	156	Apr. 5.	157½	158¼	— 1⅝	Buffalo, Rochester & Pittsburg pf.	100	6,000,000	Feb. 15, '10.	3	Q	125	125	125	125	...	100
181	158¼	172¾	Jan. 3.	150	Mar. 31.	151½	152	— 3¾	Buffalo, Rochester & Pittsburg pf.	100	14,575,200	Mar. 1, '10.	¾	Q	30⅞	30⅞	30⅞	30⅞	...	3,405
198½	173½	182¼	Jan. 3.	150	Mar. 28.	205	210	— 9	Butterick Co.	100	10,556,200	Feb. 21, '10.	3½	SA	183¾	183¾	181⅝	182¼	175⅞	57,030
228	208	225	Jan. 4.	205	Mar. 23.	144	155	— 9	Canadian Pacific.	100	140,998,900	Apr. 1, '10.	$3½	SA	45½	46	42½	43⅝	20⅝	110
167	148	162¼	Feb. 23.	144	Apr. 23.	31	...	— ½	Central Leather Co.	100	39,545,100	.....	..	..	108	108	108	108	101¼	28
4½	2	4	Jan. 7.	2	Jan. 28.	4	4½	— 1½	Central Leather Co. pf.	100	38,226,600	Apr. 1, '10.	1¾	Q	115	115	115	115	.....	29,495
7	3½	5⅝	Jan. 4.	4	Jan. 20.	9	10½	— 1½	Central & South American Teleg.	100	10,000,000	Apr. 8, '10.	1½	Q	89	89	85½	86¾	76½	100
18¼	7⅝	12¼	Jan. 4.	7⅞	Jan. 20.	85	86	— 2½	Chesapeake & Ohio.	100	62,793,700	Mar. 31, '10.	1	..	53⅜	54⅜	51⅝	51⅝	70¼	1,872
83¼	68	92¼	Mar. 8.	32½	Feb. 7.	110	113	— 2½	Chicago & Alton.	100	19,537,800	Feb. 15, '10.	2	..	29⅜	30	27½	28½	.....	526
50	30	39	Jan. 3.	30	Feb. 3.	63	63⅞	— ½	Chicago Great Western.	100	40,027,400	.....	..	..	55½	55¾	54¾	55½	19,775
115	55	92	Jan. 3.	77⅛	Feb. 8.	86¼	86⅝	— 2¼	Chicago Great Western pf.	100	38,581,400	.....	..	..	144	144¾	140¾	141½	149¾	800
74⅜	57⅞	68¾	Jan. 3.	50¼	Apr. 5.	51½	52	— 1½	Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul.	100	116,348,200	Mar. 1, '10.	3½	SA	159	159¾	157¾	157¾	166	8,770
37⅜	31½	36½	Jan. 3.	27	Feb. 8.	54	55	— 2	Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul pf.	100	116,274,900	Mar. 1, '10.	3½	SA	153¼	156¼	151½	151½	180	525
64⅜	58⅞	64½	Jan. 10.	52	Feb. 8.	141¼	141⅝	— 2	Chicago & Northwestern.	100	130,121,700	Jan. 8, '10.	3½	Q	205	205	205	205	220	300
165⅝	141	158⅜	Jan. 3.	156	Apr. 5.	157½	158¼	— 1⅝	Chicago & Northwestern pf.	100	22,395,100	Apr. 1, '10.	2	..	147	147	144	144	150	300
181	158¼	172¾	Jan. 3.	150	Mar. 31.	151½	152	— 3¼	Chicago, St. P., Minn. & Omaha.	100	18,556,200	Feb. 21, '10.	3½	SA	...	2	2	2	.....	200
198½	173½	182¼	Jan. 3.	205	Mar. 28.	205	210	— 9	Chicago Terminal Transfer.	100	13,000,000	.....	..	..	...	4	4	4	4⅝	300
228	208	225	Jan. 4.	205	Mar. 23.	144	155	— 9	Chi. Union Traction tr. rcts.	100	10,198,600	.....	..	..	...	7	7	7	7⅞	100
167	148	162¼	Feb. 23.	144	Apr. 23.	31	...	— ½	Chi. Union Traction pf., tr. rcts.	100	8,523,000	.....	..	..	8¾	8⅝	8⅝	8⅝	14⅞	600
4½	2	4	Jan. 7.	2	Jan. 28.	4	4½	— ½	Cleve., Cin., Chi. & St. Louis.	100	4,571,700	.....	..	..	87⅞	87⅞	84½	85	74⅞	6,000
7	3½	5⅝	Jan. 4.	4	Jan. 20.	9	10½	— 1½	Colorado Fuel & Iron.	100	34,235,500	Apr. 15, '02.	1½	..	42	42	38¾	39¼	38⅝	100
18¼	7⅝	12¼	Jan. 4.	7⅞	Jan. 20.	85	86	— 2½	Colorado Fuel & Iron pf.	100	2,000,000	Feb. 20, '03.	4	..	114	114	114	114	.....	100
83¾	68	92¼	Mar. 18.	77	Jan. 7.	32½	33	— 2½	Colorado Fuel & Iron pf.	100	31,000,000	Dec. 31, '09.	2	A	61	61	58⅝	59	64½	2,150
53	29	50	Jan. 3.	32	Feb. 7.	38¾	39	— ⅜	Colorado & Southern.	100	8,500,000	Apr. 1, '10.	2	SA	78	79½	78	79	82	710
115	67	120	Jan. 10.	110	Feb. 17.	113⅝	118	+ ⅜	Colorado & Southern 1st pf.	100	6,980,800	Mar. 1, '04.	¼	Q	13½	13⅞	12	12	137½	7,700
68¼	51	65¾	Feb. 25.	54½	Feb. 8.	59	60	— 2	Columbus & Hocking Coal & Iron.	100	99,809,000	Mar. 15, '10.	1	Q	144½	144½	140	141	137½	1,600
86	76½	83	Mar. 4.	73	Apr. 19.	79	80	— 1½	Consolidated Gas Co.	100	99,756,500	.....	..	..	17½	17½	16½	16¾	23⅞	10
91½	21⅜	92½	Jan. 4.	12	Apr. 22.	8	12	— ...	Corn Products Refining Co.	100	29,817,600	Apr. 11, '10.	½	Q	77¾	77¾	77¾	77¾	84½	800
165¼	114½	160⅝	Jan. 3.	139	Feb. 7.	140½	141	— ½	Corn Products Refining Co. pf.	100	2,989,300	Dec. 15, '09.	$2½	SA	56	56	55	55	51	1,620
26¼	16½	23¼	Jan. 6.	16¼	Mar. 30.	16½	17	— ½	Crex Carpet Co.											200
93½	73¼	86¾	Jan. 3.	77⅜	Apr. 9.	77	78	— 2	**Delaware & Hudson.**	100	42,501,000	Mar. 21, '10.	2½	Q	173½	175	172	173⅝	182½	1,620
63	45	62½	Feb. 25.	55	Apr. 20.	53	60	— ...	Delaware, Lackawanna & Western.	50	30,277,000	Apr. 20, '10.	2½	Q	500	500	500	500	680	200
200	167¾	185	Jan. 3.	168½	Feb. 3.	172	173¾	— 1⅜	Denver & Rio Grande.	100	38,000,000	.....	..	SA	43½	44½	41	41½	52⅝	18,900
680	535	620	Mar. 21.	500	Jan. 19.	585	595	— 5	Denver & Rio Grande pf.	100	40,772,400	Jan. 15, '10.	2½	Q	80	81½	80	80	87⅜	1,700
84	37⅝	52	Jan. 3.	36	Feb. 8.	41	42	— 1⅜	Detroit United Railway.	100	12,500,000	Aug. 1, '07.	1½	Q	61	61	61	61	.....	170
90	70½	84	Jan. 3.	76½	Feb. 8.	79½	81	+ ⅜	Distillers' Securities Corporation.	100	35,768,000	Jan. 31, '10.	1½	Q	31¾	31¾	30	30¼	38½	2,500
71⅜	56	66	Jan. 21.	61	Jan. 17.	60¾	62	— 1⅝	Duluth, South Shore & Atlantic.	100	12,000,000	.....	..	..	15½	15½	14⅞	14⅞	17½	200
41⅞	32¼	38⅝	Jan. 10.	27	Feb. 3.	30	31	— ⅝	Duluth, South Shore & Atlantic pf.	100	10,000,000	.....	..	..	28¾	28¾	28¼	28¼	32	300
21	14¼	18⅜	Jan. 3.	14	Feb. 3.	14½	15	— ¼												
36½	28	34⅜	Jan. 4.	24	Feb. 3.	26	27½	— ¼		100	112,378,900	.....	..	..	31	31	28⅝	29	30⅞	10,000
									Erie	100	47,802,400	Feb. 20, '07.	2	..	48½	49⅜	46¾	48¾	47	1,100
50	22⅝	34⅜	Jan. 5.	25¼	Feb. 8.	29	29½	— 2	Erie 1st pf.	100	16,000,000	Apr. 9, '07.	2	..	38	38	37	37	38¾	800
56⅝	36½	52⅜	Mar. 8.	41¾	Feb. 7.	46⅜	47	— 2¾	Erie 2d pf.											200
46	28½	42	Mar. 8.	32⅝	Feb. 8.	35	37½	— 1⅝												
94	80	88	Jan. 3.	53	Apr. 5.	68	70	— 3	**Federal Mining & Smelting pf.**	100	12,000,000	Mar. 15, '10.	1¾	Q	69	69	65	65	..	10
																				50
95	61	109¾	Feb. 16.	94	Jan. 20.	95¼	99	..	**General Chemical Co.**	100	7,410,300	Mar. 1, '10.	1½	Q	95	95	95	95	..	1,700
108	98½	107	Mar. 18.	103	Jan. 4.	103	105	..	General Chemical Co. pf.	100	12,500,000	Apr. 1, '10.	1½	QQO	103¼	103¼	103¼	103¼	.....	20
172¾	150⅞	160¾	Jan. 5.	147½	Feb. 7.	150	151	— 4¼	General Electric Co.	100	65,179,800	Apr. 15, '10.	2	Q	152	152	149	149⅛	95	5,384
110½	91	112¾	Jan. 3.	40	Apr. 7.	40	60	— 2⅜	Granby Con. Min. Smelt. & Power.	100	14,118,400	Dec. 31, '09.	2	..	45	45	45	45	95	1,050
157⅜	130⅝	143⅞	Jan. 3.	130⅜	Jan. 20.	136⅞	137	— 3¼	Great Northern pf.	100	259,950,400	Feb. 1, '10.	1⅜	Q	140	140¼	136½	137	144¼	4,300
88½	65⅝	80½	Jan. 4.	63½	Feb. 8.	66½	67¼	— 1½	Great Northern ctfs. for ore prop.	...	1,500,000	Mar. 15, '10.	50c	SA	70⅜	71	66¾	67	69	100
																				160
100	83⅛	99	Jan. 4.	94½	Jan. 25.	...	...	— 1½	**Havana Electric Ry. pf.**	100	5,000,000	Feb. 14, '10.	1½	Q	96	96	96	96	92	100
94½	88	101⅛	Apr. 15.	86	Feb. 7.	101⅜	..	..	Hocking Valley pf.	100	3,737,300	Jan. 17, '10.	2	SA	101¼	101½	101⅜	101⅛	92	1,000
																				30,050
102¼	137	147	Jan. 5.	138	Apr. 1.	138	140	— 1½	**Illinois Central.**	100	109,270,400	Mar. 1, '10.	3½	SA	140½	141	139½	139½	145⅝	65,025
25⅞	11⅝	25½	Jan. 11.	18	Feb. 3.	22¼	22⅝	— ⅛	Interborough-Metropolitan.	100	93,262,100	.....	..	..	23½	23⅝	22¾	22⅝	15⅝	3,780
63⅜	36¾	62⅞	Jan. 12.	45⅛	Feb. 8.	58⅜	58½	— ⅛	Interborough-Metropolitan pf.	100	45,740,000	July 1, '07.	1¼	Q	59¼	60⅝	57⅞	58⅛	45	300
118⅝	62	123⅞	Jan. 10.	83¼	Feb. 8.	93¼	94½	— ⅞	International Harvester.	100	79,999,700	Apr. 15, '10.	1	Q	95¼	95¼	94	94	83½	100
128	109¼	129	Jan. 4.	120	Feb. 17.	121½	123	— ¾	International Harvester pf.	100	60,000,000	Mar. 1, '10.	1¾	Q	122½	122½	122¼	122¼	119	400
19¼	9¼	16	Jan. 3.	12⅜	Mar. 28.	12½	13	— ...	International Paper Co.	100	17,442,900	.....	..	..	13½	13¾	13¼	13¼	12	800
69⅜	47⅜	61½	Jan. 3.	48½	Mar. 28.	52	53	— 2½	International Paper Co. pf.	100	22,530,700	Apr. 15, '10.	½	Q	52¾	52⅞	52	52	56½	155
54½	33½	54⅜	Jan. 7.	42	Mar. 28.	45½	46	— 2½	International Steam Pump Co.	100	17,762,500	Apr. 1, '05.	½	Q	47	47½	45¼	45½	39¾	850
91¾	82½	90⅜	Jan. 17.	82¼	Feb. 7.	19	Feb. 7.	213	22¼	— ½	International Steam Pump Co. pf.	100	11,350,000	Feb. 1, '10.	1½	Q	85¾	85¾	85½	85¾	85¾	1,620
86	26⅜	30	Jan. 3.	19	Feb. 7.	21¾	22	— 1½	International Steam Pump Co. pf.	100	8,524,400	.....	..	..	23¾	23¾	22	22¼	88⅞	570
62	48	54¼	Jan. 3.	39	Feb. 3.	41	42	— 1½	Iowa Central.	100	5,673,800	May 1, '00.	1½	..	43	43¾	41	41	50¾	100
									Iowa Central pf.											2,700
61	50	78	Apr. 19.	52	Feb. 15.	84	...	+ 5½	**Kanawha & Michigan tr. rcts.**	100	8,708,100	.....	..	..	75	78	75	78	..	300
82	74	80	Feb. 18.	76	Apr. 5.	75	78	+ ½	Kan. City, Ft. Scott & Mem. pf.	100	13,510,000	Apr. 1, '10.	½	Q	76½	76½	76½	76½	45⅜	2,700
50¼	37	44¼	Jan. 3.	33½	Feb. 8.	35½	36	— 1⅜	Kansas City Southern.	100	50,000,000	.....	..	..	38	38¾	35¾	35¾	45⅜	800
75½	67⅞	71	Jan. 4.	65⅞	Apr. 9.	66	69	— 1	Kansas City Southern pf.	100	21,000,000	Apr. 15, '10.	½	Q	67⅝	67⅝	67	67	73	8,200
																				760
113⅜	104	110¼	Jan. 10.	97	Feb. 7.	102	102¼	— 1	**Laclede Gas Co.**	100	8,500,000	Mar. 15

¶ The Long Island Loan & Trust Company acts as Trustee under corporate mortgages.

¶ As fiscal agent it will pay coupons or interest, disburse dividends, redeem bonds at maturity or when due by operation of a sinking fund.

¶ The Company also acts as Registrar and Transfer Agent for stocks and bonds.

¶ It may be appointed Receiver for the liquidation or reorganization of corporations.

LONG ISLAND LOAN & TRUST COMPANY
TEMPLE BAR, 44 COURT ST.
BROOKLYN

MANHATTAN TRVST COMPANY

Temporary Offices
113 BROADWAY

WALL STREET
CORNER NASSAU

CHARTERED 1866
Brooklyn Trust Company

Guaranty Trust Co.
OF NEW YORK
28 Nassau Street, New York.
Fifth Ave. Branch, 5th Ave. & 43d St., N. Y.
London Branch, 83 Lombard Street, E. C.
Capital..... $5,000,000
Surplus..... 18,000,000

The Washington Trust Co.
of the City of New York.
253 BROADWAY.
Allows interest on deposits. Guardian, Executor, Trustee, Administrator.

PROPOSALS.

OFFER OF $8,000,000 PHILADELPHIA CITY LOAN.

OFFICE OF THE MAYOR.
Philadelphia, April 15, 1910.

Sealed proposals will be received by the undersigned at the Office of the Mayor, Room No. 209, City Hall, Philadelphia, until TWELVE O'CLOCK NOON, MONDAY, MAY 16TH, 1910, for Eight Million ($8,000,000) Dollars, City Loan, on conditions as follows:

Eight Million ($8,000,000) Dollars, authorized by Ordinance of City Councils, aproved April first, 1910, entitled—"An Ordinance to authorize the creation of a loan or loans by the City of Philadelphia for the sum of $8,000,000 for the following municipal purposes: For the purchase of sites and the erection of buildings for elementary schools; for children's playgrounds; for the completion of filtration work at Queen Lane; for repaving streets not occupied by passenger railways; for main sewers for new bridges; for resurfacing with asphalt streets not occupied with street railways; for grading; for new macadam roads; for improvement of sewers; for paving intersections; for branch sewers; for the improvement of the harbor; for sites and erection of high pressure fire system in the mill district; for alterations to police station, improvement and erection of police and fire stations; for fire and police apparatus; and equipment for Cohocksink sewer; for League Island Park, for mandamuses; for Parkway; for Monument and History of Philadelphia Soldiers and Sailors in the Civil War; for restoration of Congress Hall, lighting Independence Hall and Squares; for the erection of Hospital Buildings for Contagious Diseases."

The principal of this Eight Million ($8,000,000) Dollars authorized as above, will be payable thirty years after date of issue or payable thirty years after date of issue of the certificates. The rate of interest shall not exceed four (4) per centum per annum, and shall be payable at the office of the fiscal agent of the City of Philadelphia, half yearly, on the first day of the months of January and July.

Bidders are advised that under the Ordinance certificates of the loan will be issued in such amounts as the lender may require in the sums of one hundred dollars and its multiples, in registered or coupon form, and shall be made "payable in lawful money of the United States, free from all taxes."

Proposals must be made upon the prescribed form of blanks, which may be obtained upon application at the Office of the Mayor.

No bid will be considered unless accompanied by a certified check or certificate of deposit, drawn to the order of the Mayor of the City of Philadelphia, for five per centum of the amount of the loan for which the bid is made.

Checks or certificates accompanying bids not accepted will be returned to the bidders within forty-eight hours after the opening of the bids. Deposits of successful bidders will be applied in partial payment of the amount of the loan awarded them. It is distinctly announced, however, that no allowance will be made for interest on deposits from the time of opening bids to the time of settlement. Should there be more than one proposal at the same price a pro rata award may be made.

Settlement in full for the loan awarded must be made with the City Treasurer on or before THREE P. M., WEDNESDAY, MAY 18TH, 1910.

The Mayor reserves to himself the right to reject any or all proposals, or to award only a portion of the loan for which bids were received, as he may deem best for the interests of the City of Philadelphia.

JOHN E. REYBURN,
Mayor of Philadelphia.

6.86%
PER ANNUM
Guaranteed income and a participation in the increasing value of a permanently owned estate.
Fourteen Years of Increasing Annual Dividends.
For particulars address METROPOLITAN DEPT.
New York Realty Owners
"OWNERS—NOT OPERATORS"
489 FIFTH AVENUE, NEW YORK.

FOR SALE
Continental Insurance Co.
Title Guarantee & Trust Co.
Mortgage Bond Co.
WANTED
Fidelity-Phenix Ins. Co.
Safety Car Heating & Lighting Co.
J. A. MORRILL,
5 NASSAU STREET,
TELEPHONE, 1829 RECTOR.

Quotation List of Outside Securities

THESE quotations are obtained from brokerage houses all over the country. The name of the bidder will be given upon request. Where bid and asked prices are identical two houses have been quoted, so that the bid price of the one equals or is higher than the asked price of the other.

DIVIDEND and Interest periods are indicated as follows: M—Monthly; B—Bi-Monthly; Q—Quarterly; S—Semi-Annual; A—Annual; V—No information. *Sells dollars per share. †And interest. ‡Including extra dividend. §Amount authorized. ††Sells flat. ¶Special. xEx dividend.

STREET RAILWAY AND ELECTRIC COMPANIES.

SECURITIES.	Amount Outstanding.	Dividend Per C't.	Dividend Period	Dividend Date.	Quotation Apr. 23, 1910. Bid.	Quotation Apr. 23, 1910. Asked.
Albany So. 5s..	$1,250,000	2½	S	Sep., 1909	97	99½
Am. Cit. R. & L.	6,966,177	1½	S	Jan. 1, 10	63	64
Do preferred	5,500,000	1½	Q	Apr. 1, 10	95	96
Am. Pow. & Lt.	2,500,000	1½	Q	Jan. 1, 10	46	47½
Do 6% cum.pf	5,000,000	..	..	.....	83	84
Ariz. Power ...	825,000	..	..	.....	23	26
Do preferred	1,707,000	3	S	Nov., 1909	44	50
Do 1st 6s, '33	2,241,000	2	S	Oct. 1, 09	†86	†91
Atl. Av. 5s, '31					99	101
A. & S. E. RR. 1st & ref.5s,'42	1,425,000	2½	S	Oct. 1, 09	100	102
Augusta R.&E.5s	1,000,000	½	V	V	100	102
Aur., El. & Chi.	3,100,000	1½	Q	Apr. 9, 10	54	59
Do preferred	3,100,000	1½	Q	Apr. 9, 10	90	93
Do 1st 5s, '41	3,000,000	2½	S	Oct 15, 09	100	102
Dolstrf 5s,'46	1,300,000	2½	S	Jan., 1909	..	97
Balt. Co. Water & Elec. 5s, '46	823,000	2½	S	Nov 1, 09	94½	96½
Bangor R. & E 1st con. 5s,'35	1,851,000	2½	S	Jan. 1, 10	103	--
Binghamt'n Ry. 1st con. 5s,'31	863,000	2½	S	Mar 30,10	--	101
Birmingham R. & E. Co. 5s...	957,000	2½	S	Jan., 1909	104	--
Birmingham R., L. & P. Co.4½s	8,720,000	2¼	S	Apr. 1, 10	89½	90½
Do 6s.....	1,300,000	3	S	Nov, 1909	100	106
Bleecker St.&F. Ferry stock...	900,000	¾	S	Jan. 1, 10	15	18
Do 1st 4s,1950	700,000	2	S	Jan. 1, 10	55	65
B'way& 7th Av.	2,100,000	2½	Q	Oct 11, 09	125	130
Do 2d 5s, 1914	500,000	2½	S	July 1, 09	98	100
B'way Surface guar. 1st 5s,'24	1,500,000	2½	S	Jan., 1910	103	107
B., B. & W. E. gen. 5s, 1933..	250,000	2½	S	Oct., 1909	97	102
B'klyn C.R.($10)	12,000,000	2½	Q	Jan., 1910	165	170
Buff. Cross'n 5s	2,974,000	2½	Q	Nov 1, 09	104	106
Buff. Gen. El.5s	2,375,000	2½	S	Aug, 1909	101	102½
Buff. & L. E. Tract. 5s, '36.	5,005,000	V	V	V	82½	84
Buf. & Lockpt. Ry. 5s.....	500,000	2½	S	Jan., 1910	--	101
B. & N. Falls E. L.& P.1st 5s,'42	500,000	2½	S	Feb., 1910	98	--
Capitol Tract'n (Wash.)	12,000,000	1½	Q	Mar 31, 10	130	132½
Do 1st 5s, '47	4,000,000	2½	Q	Dec. 1, 09	115	116
Cen. Crosstown	600,000	3½	Q	Oct. 1, 09	90	130
Do 1st 6s.1922	250,000	3	S	Nov. 1, 09	..	95
Charleston Con. R., G. & E.($50)	1,500,000	2	S	Jan 10, 10	83	83
Do con 5s, '99	1,713,000	2½	S	Sep., 1909	96	97
C'ston City Ry. 1st 5s of '28..	780,000	2½	S	Jan., 1910	104	105
Chattan'ga Rys	2,000,000	..	Q	.....	35	40
Do preferred	1,000,000	1¼	Q	Apr., 10	75	80
Do 1st 5s, '56	2,165,000	2½	Q	Nov, 1909	95	95
Chi. & Jol. 1st5s	7,000,000	V	V	V	95	96½
Clev., Painsv. & East. 1st5s,'16	500,000	2½	S	Oct., 1909	80	85
Clev.E.Ry.1st 5s	600,000	V	V	V	96	100
Cleveland, El. & W. 5s.....	1,078,000	2½	S	Aug, 1909	88	92
Clev. Ry. 5s, '12	2,128,000	2½	S	Jan. 1, 10	98¼	99¾
Columbia G.&E. Do 1st 5s, '27	50,000,000	..	..	.....	22	24
Col'bus (Me.) El. 5s & '33..	14,080,500	2½	S	Jan. 1, 10	69	71
Colum's New'k & Z. 1st 5s...	689,000	V	V	V	--	92
Conn. R. & L. 1st 4½s, 1951.	1,260,000	5½	A	Mar, 1909	95½	97
st. red'm'ble..	10,682,000	2¼	S	J. & J.	101¼	102¼
Do unstamp.	1,809,378	2½	S	J. & J.	101¾	102¾
C. P. N. & E.R.	1,800,000	2½	S	Jan., 1908	30	60
Chris. & 10th St	650,000	V	V	V	80	90
Coney Isl. & B. Do 1st con 4s	2,983,000	2	Q	Feb 28,10	70	80
Con. Gas.E.L. & P. (Balt.) 4½s	2,000,000	2	S	Jan. 1, 10	78	83
Do 1st 5s,1933	9,831,000	2½	S	Jan. 1, 10	82	83
Con. Tr. of N.J.	15,000,000	2	S	Jan 15, 10	75	76
Dallas E. C. 1st col. tr. 5s, '22	15,000,000	2½	S	Dec., 1909	103¾	104¼
Dayt. Lt. 5s, '37	3,658,000	2½	S	Oct., 1909	--	96
Denver City— Tram'y 5s, '19	1,582,000	2½	S	Mch 1, 10	--	197½
Do ref. 5s, '33	2,000,000	2½	S	Oct., 1909	99¼	102
Con. Tr. 5s, '33	1,848,000	2½	S	Nov., 1909	96	97
Met. Ry.6s,11	1,167,000	2½	S	Oct., 1909	99½	102
Detroit Ed'n 5s	953,000	2½	S	Jan., 1910	99½	102
Dry D. E. B. & B. 1st 5s, 1932	8,822,000	2½	S	Jan. 1, 10	99½	101½
Do 5%sc.,1914	850,000	2½	S	Dec., 1908	96	100
Duluth Ed. El. Co. 1st 5s, '31	1,100,000	2½	S	Feb., 1909	45	50
East Penn. Rys. 1st 5s, '36.	1,127,000	2½	S	Mar. 1, 10	98	100
Economy L.&P. 1st mtg. 5s,'56	2,905,500	2½	S	Jan. 1, 10	80	85
Ed'nEl.(L.Ang.) pf. stock.....	1,546,000	2½	S	J. & D.	95½	98
Eighth Av.R.R.	V	V	V	V	80	80½
Elmira Water, L. & RR.1st 5s	1,000,000	V	V	V	200	220
Do con. 5s...	1,661,000	2½	S	Jan. 1, 10	99	99½
El Paso El. 5s.	1,814,000	2½	S	Sep. 1, 09	93	96
42d St. & Gr.St.	1,000,000	2½	S	Jan. 1, 10	97	100
42d St., M. & St. N.Av.1st 6s,'10	748,000	4½	..	May 6, 09	200	229
Gd. Rapids Ry. Do preferred	1,200,000	V	V	V	99	101
Gt. W. Pow. 5s	1,500,000	..	Q	.....	50	60
Harwood El. 5s, '39	2,000,000	1	Q	Mar 1, 10	120	123
Helena R. & L. Do 5s cum.pf.	1,000,000	1¼	Q	May 2, 10	89	91
Houston L.&P. 1st 5s, 1942....	2,165,000	2½	Q	Nov, 1909	95	100
I. U. Trac. 5s,'33	7,000,000	V	V	V	99	100
Int. Ry. of Buf.: Buf. Div.5s,'31	3,373,000	2½	S	Jan. 1, 10	193	196
L.&O.Div 1st5s	9,300,000	2½	S	J. & J.	96	99
B.&L.Div 1st5s	700,000	2½	S	.....	40	50
B.&N F D 1st5s	561,000	V	Q	Feb. 1, 10	75	80
Int. Trac. 4s,'49	874,000	2½	S	Sep., 1909	92	96
J. C., H. & P. 4s	744,000	2½	S	Jan. 1, 10	99	101
Kan. C. R. & L. Do pref.....	1,250,000	V	V	V	70	79
Do 1st l.r. 5s	4,706,000	2½	S	Feb., 1910	104	105
Do 6% notes.	1,000,000	8	S	Mar, 1910	104	105
Kan. C. West.5s	800,000	2½	S	Jan., 1910	00	98
Kings Co. E. L. & P. 5s, 1937.	500,000	2½	S	Jan., 1910	..	100
Knox. R. & L.5s	750,000	2½	S	Jan., 1910	63½	65
Knoxv. Trac.5s	9,635,000	1½	Q	Mar 1, 10	77½	78½
Lit. Rock Ry. & El. 1st 5s, '33.	9,522,000	2½	S	Nov 15,09	†96½	†97½
Memph. St.R.5s	9,220,000	2½	S	Mar, 1910	98½	98½
Met. St. Ry.... Mil. L., H. & T. 1st 5s of '29..	4,125,000	3½	S	Sep., 1909	†84	†87½
Minn. Gen. E. 1st con. 5s, '33	1,650,000	2½	S	Oct., 1897	101	103
Minn. St. Ry. 5s	2,500,000	2½	S	Oct., 1909	103	..
Mobile Elec. 5s.	1,932,000	2½	S	Oct., 1909	103	..
Nashv. R. & El.5s	824,000	V	V	V	103½	105½
Do preferred	7,894,000	2½	S	Nov. 1909	99	100
Do con 5s,'53	9,550,400	1¾	..	July 1, 07	12	15
Do ref. 5s, '58	5,000,000	2½	S	Nov, 1909	103	104½
Nassau L. & P5s	5,486,000	2½	S	Dec., 1909	99	101
Np.News & O.P. R. & El.5s, '41	4,208,000	2½	S	Jan 15, 10	103½	104¼
Do g. mtg.5s	1,424,000	2½	S	V	87	90
N. Orl. Rys.... Do preferred	4,034,000	V	V	V	101	103
N.Y.&N.J.5s,'32	4,000,000	V	V	V	.....	84½
Ninth Avenue..	2,500,000	V	V	V	.....	101½
N. Am. Co. 5s, notes, 1912....	4,054,000	V	V	V	.....	98½
Nor. Tex. Tr. 5s	1,785,000	2½	S	Oct., 1909	99	101½
Nor. Hudson Co Ry. ext. 5s...	547,000	2½	S	.....	.....	.....
Nor. Jer. St.Ry. 1st 4s, 1948...	1,700,000	2½	S	V	80	..
Aetna Nat.....	15,000,000	2	S	V	26¼	26¼
America	$3,000,000	2	Q	Apr. 1, 10	175	180
Am Exch Nat.	1,500,000	13	S	Jan. 2, 10	625	640
Batt'y Pk. Nat.	5,000,000	5	S	May 2, 10	240	250
Bowery	200,000	..	..	.....	120	130
Bronx Borough.	250,000	18	Q	May 2, 10	400	..
Butch. & Drov. (Nat.) ($25)...	150,000	10	..	Dec 30, 09	300	..
Century	300,000	3	S	Jan. 3, 10	135	145
Chase National.	200,000	1½	Q	Apr. 1, 10	170	180
Chat'm Nat($25)	5,000,000	19	S	Jan. 3, 10	450	465
Chelsea Exch..	450,000	4	Q	Apr. 1, 10	323	330
Chemical Nat..	200,000	2	Q	Apr. 1, 10	205	220
Cit's Cent. Nat.	3,000,000	2½	B	May 2, 10	440	..
Citizens' (National).	2,550,000	1½	Q	Apr. 1, 10	160	165
Coal & Iron Nat.	25,000,000	5	Q	May 2, 10	405	410
Colonial	1,000,000	1½	Q	Apr. 1, 10	150	155
Columbia	400,000	2½	Q	Apr. 1, 10	330	345
Commerce (Nat)	625,000	6	Q	Jan. 3, 10	210	210
Corn Exchange.	25,000,000	2	Q	Apr. 1, 10	320	327
E. R. Nat. ($25)	3,000,000	4	Q	May 2, 10	120	130
Fidelity	250,000	3	S	Jan. 3, 10	165	175
Fifth Avenue..	200,000	3	S	May 2, 10	4300	4500
Fifth National.	100,000	25	Q	Apr. 1, 10	300	350
First National.	250,000	3	Q	Apr. 1, 10	900	913
Fourteenth St.	10,000,000	15	S	Feb. 1, 10	150	165
Fourth Nat....	1,000,000	3	S	Apr. 1, 10	199	202
Gal'tin Nat.($50)	5,000,000	2	Q	Apr. 1, 10	850	860
Garfield Nat....	1,000,000	2	Q	Apr. 6, 10	290	310
Ger.-Am. ($75).	1,000,000	3	Q	Mar 31, 10	140	145
German Exch..	750,000	3	S	Feb. 1, 10	450	475
Germania	200,000	10	S	Jan. 2, 10	550	575
Greenwich	200,000	112½	S	May 2, 10	250	265
Hanover Nat..	500,000	2½	Q	Feb. 1, 10	625	650
Imp. & Tr. Nat.	3,000,000	4	S	Jan. 3, 10	560	575
Internat. B'k'g.	1,500,000	12	S	Jan. 3, 10	107	115
Irv. Nat. Exch.	3,250,000	2	S	Oct. 1, 09	200	210
Jefferson	2,000,000	2	S	Apr. 1, 10	160	170
Liberty Nat....	500,000	5	Q	Jan. 2, 10	600	625
Lincoln Nat....	1,000,000	5	Q	Apr. 1, 10	400	425
Manhattan ($50)	2,050,000	8	S	Jan. 3, 10	330	340
Mar.& Fult.Nat.	1,000,000	3	Q	Apr. 1, 10	253	265
Mechanics and Metals	3,000,000	8	Q	Jan. 3, 10	265	275
Mercantile Nat.	3,000,000	11½	Q	Apr. 1, 10	160	170
Merch. Nat.($50)	2,000,000	3½	S	Jan. 3, 10	175	183
Merch. Ex. Nat. ($50)	600,000	3	S	Jan. 3, 10	165	175
Metropolis	1,000,000	4	Q	Feb. 1, 10	200	210
Metropolitan ..	2,000,000	2	Q	Apr. 1, 10	250	260
Mount Morris..	250,000	2½	Q	Jan. 3, 10	260	290
Mutual	200,000	4	S	Nov 1, 09	235	..
Nassau ($50)....	500,000	4	S	Jan 10, 10	110	..
Nat. Reserve..	1,200,000	3	S	Apr. 1, 10	200	225
N. Netherland..	200,000	2½	S	Jan. 3, 10	325	350
N. Y. (N.B.A.).	2,000,000	7	S	Jan. 3, 10	900	..
N.Y.County Nat	500,000	20	S	Apr 15, 10	170	180
N. Y. Prod. Ex.	1,000,000	14	S	.....	.....	.....

STREET RAILWAY AND ELECTRIC COMPANIES.

SECURITIES.	Amount Outstanding.	Dividend Per C't.	Dividend Period	Dividend Date.	Quotation Apr. 23, 1910. Bid.	Quotation Apr. 23, 1910. Asked.
Okla. G. & El..	700,000	1¼	Q	Mar 15, 09	96½	100
Do 7% cum.pf	1,000,000	1¾	Q	Jan 15, 10	95	100
Do 5s, '29 ...	1,600,000	2½	S	Oct. 1, 10	96	99
Om. & C. B. St. Ry. 1st 5s, '28.	6,533,000	2½	S	Jan., 1910	97	100
O. & C. B. Ry. & B. 1st 5s,'28	1,616,000	2½	S	Jan., 1910	97	100
Omaha El. L. & P. 1st g. 5s,'33	1,143,000	2½	S	Jan. 1, 10	97½	98½
Oreg. Elec. Ry.	2,000,000	2½	S	Nov 1, 09	96½	98½
Pacific Lt. & P. 1st 5s, '42.	2,850,000	2½	S	Jan., 1910	99¾	100¾
Portland (Ore.) Ry. 1st 5s, '30	6,734,000	2½	S	M. & N.	97	100
Port. Gen. El.5s	6,848,000	2½	Q	Dec 31, 09	101	118
Pub. Ser. Corp.. Do certs.....	23,437,000	1½	Q	May 1, 10	102	108¾
Pug. Sd. E. R.. Do preferred.	19,948,235	2½	S	.....	..	35
Do 1st c.5s,'32	8,500,000	..	..	Jan., 1910	..	85
Rochester Ry..	3,000,000	3	S	Feb. 1, 10	..	98
††Do c. 5s, '30	4,133,000	2½	S	.....	.....	.....
††Do 2d 5s,'33	3,000,000	2½	S	Apr. 1, 10	104	107
RochG.&Ellat5s	1,500,000	2½	V	Dec., 1909	100½	..
Roch. Ry.& L.5s	2,000,000	2½	V	V	100	100
Roch.,Syr.&E.5s	16,000,000	2½	S	Jan., 1910	98	100
Rutland R. L. & P.1st 5s,1946	4,828,000	2½	S	Nov 1, 09	88	90
St. Jos.(Mo.)R., L., H. & P. 5s	1,510,000	2½	S	M. & S.	94	96½
San Diego Con. G. & E..... Do preferred.	4,250,000	2½	S	Nov, 1909	100	101½
Do 1st 5s, '89.	700,000	1¼	Q	Mar 15, 10	90	94
Savan. El. Co. 1st con. 5s, '52	1,000,000	1½	Q	Mar, 1910	94	97½
Scioto Val. Tr. 1st 5s, '23....	2,051,000	2½	S	Nov, 1909	96½	97½
Scranton El. 5s	1,600,000	2½	S	Jan., 1910	73	80
Scran. Ry. ($50) Do pf.. ($50).	1,622,000	2½	V	V	97	99
Do con. 5s,'32	4,500,000	2½	S	Mar 1, 10	97	99
Seabeach 1st 4s	1,500,000	2½	S	Jan., 1910	55	..
Seattle Elec.... Do preferred.	900,000	2½	S	Sep., 1909	102½	125
Do 1st 5s, '30.	650,000	2	S	Jan. 1, 10	101	102
Seattle Ltg. 5s..	5,000,000	1¾	Q	Au. 31, 09	75	85
Seat.-Tac. Pow. 1st 5s, '25....	5,000,000	2½	S	Apr 15, 10	114	115
Second Av. stk. Do 1st con. 5s	4,565,000	2½	S	Apr. 1, 10	101	103
Do 1st 5s, 1909	1,645,000	2½	S	Feb., 1910	104	105
Do deb. 5s, '09	1,982,000	2½	S	Apr. 1, 10	100	98
Sharon Ry. stock	1,862,000	2½	Q	Jan. 1, 09	14	18
S. Boul. 5s, 1945	5,184,000	2½	S	Feb. 1, 09	50	58
So. Ferry 1st 5s	1,800,000	2½	S	May, 1908	96	100
Spokane & Inland Emp. 5s	216,000	2½	S	July, 1908	75	80
Springfield R. & L. 5s.....	2,000,000	2½	S	Jan 10, 10	120	130
Stein'y Ry.1st6s	250,000	2½	S	Oct. 1, 09	60	85
Superior W.,L.& P. 1st 4s, 1931	850,000	2½	S	.....	87	92
Syracuse, L. S. & No. 1st ex. 5s, '47.....	1,500,000	2	S	M. & N.	77	82½
Tampa Elec. 5s	2,700,000	2½	S	Nov, 1909	96	98½
T'town, W. P. & M. 1st 5s, 1928	1,500,000	3	S	Dec. 1, 10	104	108
34th St.Crosst'n 1st guar.5s,'96	1,500,000	2½	S	Jan. 1, 10	130	140
28th & 29th St. 1st 5s, 1996...	1,000,000	2½	S	Oct., 1909	75	85
23d Street.....	1,500,000	2½	S	Apr., 1909	15	25
Tri-City R& L.pf	600,000	4½	Q	Oct., 1908	210	225
Union Ry. 5s...	2,820,000	V	V	V	99	93½
United E. L. & P. (Balt.) 4½s	2,000,000	2	S	Aug, 1909	99	102
U. Elec. Co. N. J. 4s.....	4,500,000	2½	S	Nov 1, 09	90	91
Un. G. & E., N. J. 5s.....	V	V	V	V	78	79
Va. Ry. & P. 5s	V	V	V	V	90	98
Wash. Alex. & Mt. V. Ry. 5s.	7,542,000	2½	S	Jan., 1910	91	94
Wash., Balt. & N. 1st 5s.....	2,410,000	2½	S	Apr. 1, 10	97	97½
Wash. R. & L.. Do preferred	1,500,000	1	S	Jan. 2, 10	57½	62½
W'chest. El. 5s	V	V	V	V	70	72½
West SideRR.5s	6,500,000	1	S	Dec. 1, 09	87	89
Yonkers Ry. 5s	8,500,000	2½	S	Dec. 1, 09	90	92
	10,223,350	2½	S	Dec. 1, 09	84	85½
	500,000	..	..	.....	60	75
	12,000,000	..	..	.....	51	53
	5,220,000	..	S	Jan. 1, 10	51	54
	355,000	..	S	Oct., 1909	75	80
	1,000,000	2½	S	.....	.....	.....

INDUSTRIAL AND MISCELLANEOUS.

Alaska Packers	$5,750,800	1.50	V	Feb 10, 10	89	90
Am. Brake S. & F. 5s, 1952....	857,000	2½	S	.....	99½	101
Amer. Chicle.... Do preferred	6,000,000	1	M	Apr 15, 10	225	227
Am. Malt. 6s....	3,000,000	1½	Q	Jan. 1, 10	102	104
Am. Screw.....	3,893,000	3	Q	Nov, 1909	102½	103½
Am. Typefd.... Do preferred	8,250,000	2½	Q	Dec 31, 09	158	161
Am. Un. Telph. (H'sb'g) 5s, '57	4,000,000	1	Q	Apr 15, 10	45	49
Am. Writ. Pap Do preferred	2,000,000	1¾	Q	Apr 15, 10	101	108
Do 1st 5s, '19	1,244,000	V	V	V	45	53
Atl. P. Cem. 6s.	9,500,000	..	S	.....	2½	3
Babcock & Wilcox, stk.....	12,500,000	2½	S	Apr. 1, 10	24½	26
Barney & Smith Car 5s of '36..	17,000,000	2½	S	Jan. 1, 10	89	91
Bliss & Co.($50) Do pf.. ($50).	5,000,000	3	S	Sep., 1909	107¾	108¾
Bon Air C. & I. gen. 5s of '34.	15,000,000	1¾	Q	Apr 10, 10	101	108
Do 5s of '36.	2,000,000	2½	S	Jan. 1, 10	90	97
Bord. C. Milk.. Do preferred	1,250,000	2½	Q	Jan. 1, 10	125	135
Case Th. Mach. 1st 5s.....	1,250,000	2	Q	Jan. 1, 10	125	135
Celluloid	507,000	2½	V	V	80	85
Cen. Coal&Coke Do preferred.	780,000	V	S	Jan. 1, 10	50	60
Cen. Fireworks. Do preferred.	21,250,000	4	S	Feb 15, 10	115½	117
Cent. Fdy. pf..	7,500,000	1½	Q	Mar 15, 10	104	106
Cent. Fdy. 6s..	2,900,000	2½	S	Nov. 1, 09	99	100
Cent. Un. Telph. Do 1st 6s....	5,925,000	1½	Q	Apr. 1, 10	127¾	129¼
Do 5s of '19.	5,125,000	1½	Q	Apr 15, 10	80	81½
Cheseb'gh Mfg.	1,875,000	1½	S	.....	4	7
Chi. Pneu. Tool	1,406,150	1½	S	Sep. 1, 09	35	45
Chic. Subw. 5s.	1,267,200	3½	S	.....	2½	3½
Clev'd Furnace.	6,650,000	3	S	Nov, 1909	85	40
Col. Telph....	3,890,500	1	Q	Apr., 1898	34	..
Con.Coal 4½s,'34	5,450,927	3	S	Jan., 1910	102½	..
Con. Col. Duck. Do preferred	2,500,000	2½	S	Jan., 1910	96	..
Con. Tire..... Do preferred	3,500,000	1	Q	Jan. 1, 10	725	800
Do deb. 4s....	500,000	2½	Q	Apr 25, 10	40	45
Con. Tel. (Buf.)	6,113,800	1	S	.....	32½	40
Con. Tel. (Pa.)	15,800,000	2½	S	V	165	210
1st 5s, '31....	1,000,000	V	V	V	55	57
Cudahy Pkg. 5s	5,133,000	V	V	V	90	..
Cumberland Tel. & Tel.....	6,869,020	2½	S	Nov 1, 09	2½	7
Cuyah'a Tel. 5s	5,705,000	1	..	Oct. 1, 09	10	20
Dolores Mining 5s	5,149,500	1½	..	.....	2	4½
Du P. de N. P.. Do db.4½s,'36	1,149,500	3½	V	Dec., 1909	10	25
Empire St. & I. Do preferred	3,885,000	V	V	Apr. 1, 09	80	40
Fair. Coal 5s,'31	2,270,400	V	V	V	11	12
Federal Sugar.

New York Stock Exchange Quotations.

THE WEEKS TRANSACTIONS IN BONDS.

Total for the Week Ended April 23, $9,602,500.

	First.	High.	Low.	Last.	Sales.
Adams Express 4s	93⅛	93⅛	93⅛	93⅛	5
Albany & Susquehanna 3½s	93	93	93	93	5
Allis-Chalmers 5s	80	80	78¾	79	25
American Agricultural Chemical 5s	102¼	102¼	102¼	102¼	1
American Hide & Leather 6s	100⅜	100⅜	100⅜	100⅜	1
American Tel. & Tel. conv. 4s	102	102	101⅛	101⅛	143
American Tel. & Tel. col. 4s	90¼	90¼	90¼	90⅜	80
American Tobacco 4s	79¾	80	79¼	79¼	85
American Tobacco 4s reg	79	79	79	79	1
American Tobacco 6s	107¼	107⅜	107	107	30
Armour 4½s	92½	92½	92⅜	92⅜	16
Atch., Top. & Santa Fé gen. 4s	98½	98½	98⅛	98⅛	113
Atch., Top. & Santa Fé, adj. 4s, stpd	91½	91½	90⅝	91	11
Atch., Top. & Santa Fé conv. 5s	114½	114½	111⅞	111⅞	15
Atch., Top. & Santa Fé conv. 4s	114⅜	114⅜	112	111⅞	181
Atch., Top. & Santa Fé Trans. Sh. L. 4s	98⅜	98⅜	98⅛	98⅞	18
Atch., Top. & Santa Fé conv. 4s, 1960	103¼	103⅞	102⅞	102⅞	288
Atch. Top. & Santa Fé sub. rcts 2d pd	113⅛	113⅛	113⅛	113⅛	1
Atlantic Coast Line 4s	94⅜	94⅜	94½	94⅜	12
Atlantic Coast Line, L. & N. col. 4s	92⅞	92⅞	92	92¼	98
Baltimore & Ohio prior lien 3½s	90¼	90⅜	90¼	90¼	27
Baltimore & Ohio gold 4s	98⅜	99⅛	98⅞	99⅞	87
Balt. & Ohio, Southwestern Div. 3½s	90¼	90¼	90⅝	90⅝	3516
Balt. & Ohio, P., L. E. & W. Va. 4s	90⅜	90⅜	90¼	90¼	21
Bethlehem Steel 5s	88	88	87½	87½	35
Broadway & Seventh Avenue 5s	100	100	100	100	9
Brooklyn Rapid Transit 4s	85⅞	86⅛	84⅝	84⅞	282
Brooklyn Rapid Transit g. 5s	103¼	103¼	103¼	103¼	15
Brooklyn Union Gas 5s	105⅞	105⅞	105⅞	105⅞	3
Brooklyn Union Elevated 5s	101	101½	100½	101½	6
Canada Southern 2d 5s	101¼	101⅝	101¼	101¼	13
Central of Georgia 1st inc. 5s	86	86	86	86	18
Central of Georgia 1st inc. 5s, tr. r	85	85	85	85	20
Central of Georgia 2d inc. 5s	80	80¼	80	80⅛	4
Central of Georgia 2d inc. 5s, tr. r	79½	79½	79½	79½	4
Central of New Jersey gen. 5s	123⅞	124½	123¾	124⅛	28
Central of New Jersey gen. 5s reg	124	124	124	124	1
Central Vermont 4s	86	86	86	86	5
Central Leather 5s	100½	100½	100⅜	100⅜	50
Central Pacific gtd. 3½s	88½	88½	88½	88½	2
Central Pacific gtd. 4s	96½	96½	96¼	96¼	10
Chesapeake & Ohio conv. 4½s, w. i	94⅝	94⅝	94	94¼	84
Chesapeake & Ohio gen. 4½s	101½	101¾	101½	101½	10
Chesapeake & Ohio 6s, 1911	101	101	101	101	1
Chesapeake & Ohio consol. 5s	113	113	113	113	2
Chicago & Alton 3½s	72½	72½	72	72	7
Chi., Bur. & Q., Illinois Div. 3½s	87½	87⅜	87⅛	87⅜	3
Chi., Bur. & Q., Illinois Div. 4s	99⅜	99⅜	99	99¼	64
Chi., Bur. & Q. deb. 5s	101½	101½	101¼	101½	6
Chi., Bur. & Q. joint 4s	95⅝	96⅜	95¾	96	167
Chi., Bur. & Q. joint 4s reg	95½	95⅝	95¼	95⅜	8
Chi., Bur. & Q., gen 4s	96	96	96	96	11
Chi., Bur. & Q., Nebraska Ext. 4s	98⅜	98⅜	98⅛	98⅛	5
Chicago & Eastern Illinois gen. 5s	111	111	111	111	3
Chicago & Erie 1st 5s	99½	99½	98⅞	98⅞	78
Chi., Mil. & St. P., Chi. & Mo. River 5s	112	112	112	112	1
Chi., Mil. & St. P. gen. 4s, Series A	103⅜	103⅜	103⅜	103⅜	1
Chi., Mil. & St. P. 4s, 1934	92	92	92	92	85
Chi., Mil. & St. P., Dak. & Gt. South. 5s	103⅜	103⅜	103⅜	103⅜	4
Chicago & Northwestern gen. 3½s	87⅛	87⅛	87⅛	87⅛	16
Chicago, Rock Island & Pacific ref. 4s	90⅜	90	89½	90	150
Chicago, Rock Island & Pacific col. 4s	79⅝	79⅝	79⅜	79⅜	154
Chicago, Rock Island & Pacific gen. 4s	96⅛	96⅜	96⅜	96⅜	25
Chicago & West Indiana con. 4s	90⅜	90⅜	90⅜	90⅜	9
Cin., Ind., St. Louis & Chicago 4s	98½	98½	98½	98½	1
Cleve., Cin., Chi. & St. Louis gen. 4s	94½	95	94½	95	9
Colorado Midland 4s	75½	75½	75½	75½	10
Colorado & Southern 1st 4s	96⅞	96⅞	96	96	9
Colorado & Southern ref. & ext. 4½s	97½	97½	97	97¼	44
Corn Products Refining s. f. 5s, 1931	96	96	96	96	6
Delaware & Hudson 1st & ref. 4s	98⅞	99	98⅝	98¾	30
Delaware & Hudson conv. 4s	99	99⅝	99	99⅝	22
Denver & Rio Grande 1st & ref. 5s	93½	93¾	93	93	51
Denver & Rio Grande consol. 4s	95½	95½	93	93	7
Detroit United Railways 4½s	82½	82½	82½	82¾	1
Distillers' Securities 5s	72	72	71	71½	26
Du Pont Powder 4½s	88	88	88	88	1
East Tenn. Va. & Ga. consol. 5s	111¼	111¼	111¼	111¾	1
Erie 1st consol. 4s	83¾	83¾	83¾	83¾	8
Erie conv. 4s, Series A	77	77	77	77	5
Erie, Pennsylvania col. tr. 5s	84	84	84	84	8
Erie gen. 4s	73½	73½	73½	73½	3
Evansville & Terre Haute gen. 5s	101	101	101	101	10
Flint & P. M., Pt. Huron Div. 5s	105	105	105	105	1
Fort Worth & Denver City 1st 6s	113	113	113	113	2
General Electric conv. deb. 5s	142	142	139¾	139¾	17
Green Bay & Western deb. B	16	16	15	15	22
Georgia & Pacific 1st 6s	112¾	112¾	112¾	112¾	1
Hannibal & St. Joseph consol. 6s	101¼	101¼	101¼	101⅝	8
Havana Electric 5s	94	94	94	94	1
Hocking Valley 4½s	102	102¼	101	101	17
Illinois Central ref. 4s	98	98	98	98	2
Illinois Central 4s, 1952	100	100	100	100	1
Interborough Rapid Transit conv. 6s	102¼	102⅜	102¼	102¼	67
Interborough Rapid Transit 5s	102¼	102¼	102⅜	102⅜	10
Interborough-Metropolitan 4½s	81⅝	82	81⅝	81⅝	788
International & Gt. Northern 2d 5s, tr. r	111½	112	111½	112	123
International & Gt. Northern 3d 4s	23	23	23	23	10
International Paper conv. 5s	85	85	85	85	1
Iowa Central ref. 4s	76¼	76⅞	76½	76⅝	5
Kanawha & Michigan 2d 5s	98¼	98¼	98¼	98⅜	7
Kansas City, Fort Scott & Memphis 4s	78¼	79	78¼	79	8
Kansas City Southern 5s	102	102	101⅜	101⅜	30
Kansas City Southern 3s	72¾	72¾	72	72	6
Kentucky Central 4s	96⅜	96⅜	96⅜	96⅜	4
Kings County El. Light, H. & P. 6s	113	113	113	113	12
Kings County Elevated 4s, stpd	84⅞	85	84⅞	84⅞	
Laclede Gas Light of St. Louis 1st 6s	100½	100½	100½	100½	8
Lackawanna Steel 5s	97½	97⅝	97¼	97½	22
Lake Shore 4s, 1928	93½	93½	93½	93½	10
Lake Shore 4s, 1931	93½	93⅞	93	93	49
Lake Shore gen. 3½s	91	91	90⅝	90⅝	24
Lehigh & Wilkesbarre ext. 4½s	100	100	100	100	1
Long Island gen. 4s	96¼	96⅜	96⅛	96⅜	2
Louisville & Nashville unified 4s	98¼	98¼	98	98	45
Louis. & Nash., So. Mon. jt. 4s	90⅞	90⅞	90⅞	90⅞	1
Louis. & Nash., Nash., F. & S. 5s	109⅜	109⅜	109⅜	109⅜	1
Manhattan con. 4s, tax exempt	98	98	98	98	5
Metropolitan St. Railway gen. 5s	80	82¼	80	82¼	31
Metropolitan St. Railway gen. 5s, tr. r	80	82⅛	80	81⅝	179
Metropolitan Street Ry. 4s, tr. r., stpd	47	47	47	47	21
Mercantile Marine col. tr. 4½s	66⅜	66⅜	65¼	65¼	28
Michigan State Telephone 5s	98⅝	99	98⅝	99	2
Milwaukee Gas 4s	91	91	91	91	1
Missouri, Kansas & Eastern 1st 5s	112¾	112¾	112¾	112¾	2
Missouri, Kansas & Texas 1st 4s	98⅝	98⅝	98¼	98¼	2
Missouri, Kansas & Texas 2d 4s	85¼	85¼	85¼	85¼	8
Missouri, Kansas & Texas s. f. 4½s	88	88⅜	88	88¼	80
Missouri, Kansas & Texas ref. 4s	82¼	82¼	82¼	82¼	4
Missouri Pacific 4s	80	80	79½	79⅝	81
Missouri Pacific consol 6s	109⅝	109⅝	109⅝	109⅝	1
Missouri Pacific conv. 5s, cfs., full pd	94½	94¼	94	94⅛	104
Mobile & Ohio new 6s	118½	118½	118¼	118¼	1
Mobile & Ohio, St. Louis & Chi. gtd. 4s	95	95	95	95	1
Nash., Chatt. & St. Louis con. 5s	100¼	100¼	100¼	100¼	8
Nash., Chatt. & St. Louis 1st 7s	108⅝	108⅝	108⅝	108⅝	5
Nassau Electric 4s	77½	77½	77½	77½	15
National Rys. of Mexico gen. 4s	90	90	90	90	1
National Rys. of Mexico prior lien 4½s	94⅜	94⅜	94⅜	94⅜	23
National R. R. of Mexico con. 4s	84½	84½	84½	84½	4
New York Central gen. 3½s	89⅞	89⅞	89¼	89¼	18
New York Central deb. 4s	94⅛	94⅛	94⅛	94⅛	16
New York Central, Lake Sh. coll. 3½s	81	81	80	80½	83
New York & Erie 1st ext. 4s	100	100	100	100	5
N. Y. Gas, El. L., H. & P. col. tr. 5s	100¼	101¼	100¼	101	8
N. Y. Gas, El. L., H. & P. 4s	84⅞	84⅞	84½	84⅜	18
N. Y., Lackawanna & Western 1st 6s	114⅜	114⅜	114⅜	114⅜	3
N. Y., Lack. & Western term. & imp. 4s	99½	99½	99¾	99¾	22
N. Y., N. H. & H. conv. 3½s	100⅜	100⅜	100⅛	100⅛	87
N. Y., N. H. & H. conv. deb. 6s	134	134	132	132	2
N. Y., Ontario & Western ref. 4s	97⅛	97⅛	97⅛	97⅜	2
N. Y., Susquehanna & Western gen. 6s	90	90	90	90	21
N. Y. Telephone 4½s	97⅝	97⅝	97⅝	97⅝	1
Norfolk & Southern 1st 5s	100	100	100	100	8
Norfolk & Western div. 4s	91¼	91¼	91¼	91¼	25
Norfolk & Western consol. 4s	98½	98½	98½	98½	204
Norfolk & Western conv. 4s	105¼	105¼	103⅜	103⅜	8
Norfolk & West. conv. 4s, sub. rcts 1st pd	101⅞	101⅞	101⅞	101⅞	87
Norfolk & West. conv. 4s, sub rcts full pd	104½	104½	102¼	102¼	1
Northern Pacific prior lien 4s	100⅜	100⅜	100⅜	100⅜	54½
Northern Pacific gen. 3s	72	72½	72	72⅛	41½
Oregon Railway & Navigation 4s	95	96¼	95	96⅜	20
Oregon Short Line gtd. ref. 4s	92¾	92¾	92¼	92¼	17
Pacific of Missouri 1st 4s	98⅛	98¼	98¼	98¼	1
Pacific Tel. & Tel. col. 5s	98	98¼	97¼	97⅜	48
Pennsylvania 4s, 1948	104	104⅛	103	103	37
Pennsylvania gtd. 4½s	104	105¼	104	105¼	2
Pennsylvania gtd. gold. 4s	97¼	97½	97¼	97¼	1
Pennsylvania conv. 3½s, 1912	101⅝	101⅝	100⅞	100⅞	19
Pennsylvania conv. 3½s, 1915	99⅜	99⅜	99	99¼	153
Penn. Marquette gtd. ref. 4s	76½	76½	76½	76½	7
Philadelphia Co. conv. 5s	102½	102½	102⅛	102¼	10
Pittsburg, Ft. Wayne & Chicago 1st 7s	106	106	106	106	2
Railway Steel Spring 5s	97½	97½	97¼	97¼	5
Reading gen. 4s	99	99	98¾	99	74
Reading-Jersey Central col. 4s	97½	97½	97	97	6
Richmond & Danville con. 6s	106¼	106¼	106¼	106¼	4
Richmond & Danville deb. 5s	105	105	105	105	2
Rensselaer & Saratoga 7s	128⅝	128⅝	128⅝	128⅝	2
Rio Grande Western 1st 4s	91½	91⅝	91¼	91⅜	11
Rio Grande Western col. tr. 4s	84	84	84	84	2
Rock Island, Ark. & Louis. 4½s	95½	95½	95½	95½	3
St. Joseph & Grand Island 1st 4s	92	93	92	93	4
St. Louis, Iron Mt. & So. unif. & ref. 4s	85	85	85	85	5
St. Louis, Iron Mt. & South., R. & G. 4s	85¾	86	85	86	5
St. Louis & San Francisco Ry. gen. 6s	120	120	120	120	1
St. Louis & San Francisco R. R. gen. 5s	88¾	88⅞	88	88⅞	73
St. Louis & San Francisco ref. 4s	82¼	83	82	83	50
St. Louis Southwestern 1st 4s	91¼	91¼	91¼	91¼	1
St. Louis Southwestern consol. 4s	77⅞	78	77⅝	77⅝	16
St. Paul, Minn. & Man consol. 4s	100	100	100	100	2
St. Paul, Minn. & Man. Mont. Ext. 4s	98¼	98¼	98¼	98¼	2
St. Paul & Duluth consol. 4s	96½	96½	96½	96½	8
St. Paul & Sioux City 6s	113	113	113	113	1
San Antonio & Aransas Pass 4s	87½	87½	87¼	87¼	14
Seaboard Air Line gold 4s, stpd	84½	84½	84½	84½	6
Seaboard Air Line ref. 5s	100	100	99⅞	100	25
Seaboard Air Line adj. 5s	71	71¾	71	71⅝	272
Seaboard & Roanoke 1st 5s	106	106	106	106	2
Southern Pacific conv. 4s	102⅜	102⅞	101	101¼	707
Southern Pacific 1st 4s	90⅝	91	90⅜	90⅜	11
Southern Pacific ref. 4s	95	95	94⅜	94⅜	209
Southern Railway 1st 5s	106	106	105⅝	105⅞	27
Southern Railway dev. & gen. 4s	78⅜	78⅜	78½	78½	46
Southern Railway, Mobile & Ohio-col. 4s	87⅜	87⅜	87⅜	87⅜	5
Tennessee Coal & Iron gen. 5s	102½	102½	102½	102½	3
Tennessee Coal & Iron, Tenn. Div. 6s	106	106	106	106	1
Term. R. R. Ass'n of St. Louis ref. 4s	97⅜	97⅜	97⅜	97⅜	4
Texas Pacific 1st 5s	112¼	112½	111½	111½	3
Third Avenue con. 4s	64	64	64	64	8
Third Avenue con. 4s, tr. r., stpd	64	64⅜	64	64⅜	24
Third Avenue 1st 5s	106¼	106½	105½	105⅞	8
Toledo, St. Louis & West. prior lien 3½s	90	90	90	90	5
Toledo, St. Louis & Western 4s	80	80	78¼	79½	17
Tri-City 5s	97⅜	97⅜	97⅜	97⅜	1
Underground El. Ry. of London, Inc. 6s	88¼	88¼	88¼	88¼	1
Union Pacific 1st 4s	100½	100⅝	100½	100⅝	118
Union Pacific 1st 4s reg	104½	104½	104½	104½	12
Union Pacific conv. 4s	108⅝	108⅝	106½	107¼	150
Union Pacific 1st & ref. 4s	97	97⅜	96⅞	97	64
United States Leather 6s	104½	104½	104½	104½	8
United States Rubber s. f. 6s	103½	103½	103½	103⅝	124
United States Realty & Improvement 5s	90½	90½	90	90	81
United Rys. of San Francisco 4s	70	70½	70	70¼	29
U. S. Steel Corp. 2d mtge. s. f. 5s	104¼	104⅜	104½	104⅝	230
U. S. Steel Corp. 2d mtge. th 5s, reg	104⅝	104½	104	104	2½
Virginia-Carolina Chemical 1st 5s	99¾	99¾	98½	98⅝	47
Virginia & Southwestern gensd. 5s	97	97	97	97	3
Virginia Iron, Coal & Coke 5s	97	97	97	97	2
Virginia Midland, Serial D	104½	104½	104½	104½	1
Wabash 1st 5s	109	110	108¾	110	15
Wabash 2d 5s	101	101	101	101	8
Wabash ref. & ext. 4s	72	72¼	70½	70⅝	291
Wabash Pittsburg Terminal 1st 4s, tr. r.	40¾	40½	39⅜	40	84
Wabash Pittsburg Terminal 2d 4s	5	5	5	5	18
Wabash Pittsburg Terminal 2d 4s, tr. r.	5¼	5¾	5¼	5¼	15
Western Maryland 4s	84½	85	84½	85	70
Western New York & Penn. 1st 5s	110⅜	110⅜	110⅜	110⅜	2
West Shore 4s	100⅜	100⅜	100	100	4
West Shore 4s reg	99⅜	100	99⅜	100	6
Western Union Tel. coll. tr. 5s	100	100	100	100	8
Western Union Tel. real estate 4½s	96¼	96¼	96	96	6
Western Union Tel. conv. 4s, Series A	100¼	101	100¼	101	11
Wheeling & Lake Erie con. 4s	82⅜	82⅜	82¼	82¼	5
Westinghouse Elec. & Mfg. conv. 5s	90	90	89¼	89¾	36
Wisconsin Central gen. 4s	93	93¼	93	93¼	9
Total sales					$8,910,000

FOREIGN GOVERNMENT BONDS.

Argentine 5s	96¼	96¼	96	96	22
Imperial Japanese 4s	92¼	92¼	92¼	92⅛	9½
Imperial Japanese 4½s	95¾	95¾	95½	95⅝	25½
Imperial Japanese 4½s, 2d series	95½	95½	95¼	95¼	35½
Sao Paulo 8s	97	97	97	97	1
Republic of Cuba 5s	102	102	101¾	101¾	39
United States of Mexico 4s	96¼	96¼	96½	96½	27
United States of Mexico 4s, Series A	96¼	96¼	96¼	96¼	5
United States of Mexico 5s	99½	99½	99	99	7
Total sales					$191,500

CITY BONDS.

New York City 4s, 1957	99½	99¾	99⅜	99⅜	1
New York City 4s, 1959	99¼	99¾	99¼	99⅜	145
New York City 4s, 1958	99½	99½	99½	99½	23
New York City 4½s, temp. ctfs	101¼	101¼	101½	101½	285
New York City 4½s, 1917	103½	103½	103½	103½	12
New York City 4½s, 1957	108½	108½	108½	108½	9
New York City 4½s, 1957, new	108½	108½	108½	108½	24
Total sales					$501,000
Grand total					$9,602,500

MUNICIPAL BONDS.

	Highest.	Lowest.	Last Sale.
N. Y. City 3¼s, 1934 M. N.	88⅝ Feb. 25	88⅝ Mar 4	88⅝ Mar. 4, 1910
N. Y. City 3½s, 1954, reg. M. N.	88 Feb 17	88 Feb 17	88 Feb. 17, 1910
N. Y. City 4s, 1918 M. N.	99¼ Mar. 8	99⅛ Mar 8	99¼ Mar. 8, 1910
N. Y. City 4s, 1957 M. N.	100½ Jan. 4	99 Mar 21	99½ Apr. 18, 1910
N. Y. City 4½s, 1957 M. N.	110 Jan. 7	108 Jan 24	108¾ Apr. 21, 1910
N. Y. City 4½s, 1957, reg. M. N.	108¾ Jan. 3	108¾ Jan 31	108¾ Jan. 31, 1910
N. Y. City 4½s, 1957, new M. N.	109¾ Jan. 7	107¾ Jan 25	108½ Apr. 22, 1910
N. Y. City 4½s, 1917 M. N.	104 Apr. 12	102½ Feb 3	103½ Apr. 22, 1910
N. Y. City 4½s, 1917, new M. N.	103¼ Apr. 15	103¼ Mar 15	103½ Apr. 15, 1910
N. Y. City 4s, 1958 M. N.	100⅝ Jan. 3	99 Mar 29	99½ Apr. 18, 1910
N. Y. City 4s, 1959 M. N.	100¾ Jan. 3	99 Mar 17	99⅝ Apr. 19, 1910
N. Y. City 4s, 1959, reg	99¼ Mar. 23	99¼ Mar 23	99½ Mar. 23, 1910
N. Y. City 4½s, temp. ctfs	101⅜ Mar. 22	101 Mar 23	101¼ Apr. 23, 1910

YEAR'S RANGE IN PUBLIC SECURITIES.

Where no sale occurred in 1910 the last previous price is given.

	Highest.	Lowest.	Last Sale.
Alabama Currency Fund 4s, J. J.			111 Mar. 20, 1904
Louisiana consol. 4s, 1914 J. J.			100 Feb. 18, 1898
N. Y. H'y Imp. 4s, March 1, 1958			118⅝ Jun. 19, 1909
North Carolina 6s, 1919 A. O.	114¾ Mar. 28	114¾ Mar 28	114¾ Mar. 28, 1910
North Caro. consol. 4s, 1910 J. J.			99⅝ Feb. 3, 1909
North Caro. consol. 4s, small			100¼ Apr. 8, 1907
North Caro. special tax A. O.			117 Dec. 11, 1903
South Carolina 4s, 1933 J. J.			117 Jan. 22, 1909
Tennessee 6st. 3s, 1918 J. J.	94⅝ Mar. 9	94⅜ Mar 9	94⅝ Mar. 9, 1910
Tennessee 6st. 3s, 1913, small	93½ Mar. 9	93½ Mar 9	93½ Mar. 9, 1910
Virginia def. ctfs			11½ Dec. 22, 1904
Va. def. 6s, Brown Bros. & Co. ctfs	56 Jan. 4	48 Feb 8	49½ Apr. 16, 1910
Va. fund. debt 2-3s, 1991 J. J.	90¾ Jan. 20	90¾ Jan 20	90¾ Jan. 20, 1910
Virginia Riddleberger			90 Dec. 20, 1907
U. S. 2s, 1930, reg Q. Jan.	101¼ Mar. 4	100¾ Jan 20	101¼ Mar. 4, 1910
U. S. 2s, 1930, coupon J. Jan.	100¼ Feb. 5	100¼ Feb 5	100¼ Feb. 5, 1910
U. S. 4s, 1925, reg Q. F.	115¼ Jan. 3	114¾ Mar 29	114¾ Mar. 28, 1910
U. S. 4s, 1925, coupon Q. F.	115¾ Jan. 28	114¾ Jan 17	114¾ Mar. 9, 1910
U. S. 3s, 10-20, 1918, reg Q. F.	103 Mar. 22	101¾ Jan 5	103 Mar. 22, 1910
U. S. 3s, 10-20, 1918, reg Q. F.	102¾ Feb. 24	101¾ Feb 5	102¾ Mar. 16, 1910
U. S. 3s, 10-20, 1918, small	102¼ Mar. 11	102¼ Mar 11	102¼ Mar. 11, 1910
Panama 2s, 1936, reg			100 Oct. 27, 1909
Panama 2s, 1938, reg			101 Feb. 11, 1909
Panama 2s, 1908-18, reg			100⅝ Oct. 11, 1909
Argentine 5s	97 Feb. 4	95¾ Jan 4	96 Apr. 23, 1910
Imp. Jap. Gov. 4½s, Feb. 15, 1925 F. A.	96¼ Apr. 2	94⅜ Jan 3	93⅛ Apr. 22, 1910
I. Jap. Gov. 4½s, 2d ser. Jy. 10, 1925 J. J.	95¾ Mar. 10	93¾ Jan 3	95¼ Apr. 21, 1910
Imp. Jap. Gov. 4s, Jan. 4, 1925 F. A.	92½ Apr. 6	88⅛ Jan 23	92¼ Apr. 22, 1910
Dist. of Columbia 3-65s, 1925 F. A.			110 Nov. 28, 1909
Philippine 4s, 1914-1931 Q. F.			111 May 3, 1906
Phil Isl. p.w. & imp. reg. 4s, 1935 Q. M.			108⅜ Feb. 26, 1908
Republic of Cuba 6s M. S.	104 Feb. 7	101¼ Mar 28	101¾ Apr. 23, 1910
Republic of Cuba 5s reg	98¾ Mar. 7	97 Jan 17	98 Apr. 8, 1910
Sao Paulo (U. S. of B.) 5s, 1919	97¼ Feb. 3	96⅜ Jan 3	97 Apr. 21, 1910
U. S. of Mex. s. f. 6s Q. J.	99¾ Apr. 15	97½ Jan 4	99¾ Apr. 21, 1910
U. S. of Mex. 4s, Dec. 1, 1963 J. D.	97¼ Mar. 7	95⅜ Jan 7	96¼ Apr. 21, 1910
U. S. of Mex. 4s, Series A	96⅜ Mar. 7	95¾ Jan 24	96¾ Apr. 23, 1910
U. S. of Mex. 4s, Series B	95¼ Feb. 8	95⅜ Jan 24	95¼ Feb. 8, 1910

THE COMMODITIES MARKETS.

Insects Threaten Wheat—Storm Checks Corn Planting; Oats Are Seeded—Cotton Trade Nervous.

The wheat market during the past week declined to new low levels for the season, following which there was a very sharp recovery in price, with active covering of shorts. The decline in the market came from general and persistent liquidation, brought about by conviction that the crop conditions had been materially improved by the weather conditions since the first of April and that there was sufficient moisture in the ground for the present development of the Winter wheat crop. The statistical developments of the week were also bearish, and there was a weakening in the position of the cash and near-by deliveries. The rally in the market seemed to start from oversold conditions, and as prices worked upward there developed a decided change of tone. Reports which had been ignored from the Southwest on the decline were brought to the front, and it was asserted that the rains had not improved the condition of wheat in Kansas, Nebraska, and parts of Missouri, and also that there were indications of more insect life than usual.

From the crop standpoint the weather was quite favorable. It is true the temperatures were low in the Missouri Valley and Mississippi, but the wheat has not been advanced sufficiently to be harmed by cold weather. Snow was quite general over the Central West as far south as Kentucky, furnishing a great deal of moisture, and in this respect was a very favorable condition. The conditions in the Northwest were also favorable. The seeding operations have been very nearly completed, and the rains and snow gave ample moisture through the entire American and Canadian Northwest for the germination and early growth of the crop. While it is true that the amount of snow and rain may possibly delay the very late seeding, particularly of the later grain crops, the sampling of ample moisture for the early start is a very favorable condition.

The statistics for the week showed a little falling off in the interior receipts, although the total was still in excess of last year. There was an increase in the visible supply, while the world's visible showed a large increase. The total gain was 1,331,000 bushels, against a decrease a year ago of 7,685,000 bushels last year. With the steadily increasing stocks of wheat this year compared with heavily decreasing stocks a year ago, the present visible supply has now reached the point where it is 21,000,000 bushels in excess of a year ago. Europe continues independent of the American position, and world's exports largely from others countries are from one-third to one-half more than during the corresponding time a year ago. Russia continues to ship very heavily, and India and Australia are shipping freely, so that the total shipments are more than making up for the decrease in the Argentine movement compared with a year ago. Foreign crop advices are of a satisfactory character. There is a moderate amount of wheat going out from North America, but a great portion of it appears to be Canadian, with only a very small amount of American-grown

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Tuesday, April 26,
at 12 o'clock noon, at the Exchange Salesroom, Nos. 14 and 16 Vesey St.
FOR ACCOUNT OF WHOM IT MAY CONCERN.
An assignment of an undivided 1-3 interest in $57,000 mtge. on property located at Rosedale, L. I., made by Arthur D. Weller to Catherine M. Galvin, dated May 25, 1909.
An undivided ⅓ interest in quitclaim deeds for two parcels of land, 5 35-100 and 4 168-1,000 acres each, Rosedale, L. I.
A quitclaim deed for 44 acres of land, Rosedale, L. I.
Interest in certain option for purchase of land at Rosedale, L. I., made by Margaret V. McNulty, Edward C. M. Fitzgerald, and Bernard V. Lott to Edward J. McCormack, Inc.
Interest in certain agreement to procure a loan made by Bernard V. Lott and Margaret V. McNulty with Edward J. McCormack, Inc.

$56,275 STOCK OF HIGH-GRADE
BOYS' AND CHILDREN'S
CLOTHING
formerly of the well-known firm of Phil. Wolkoff & Co. of 632-634 Broadway, and known as makers of the Indestructible Suits for Boys, will be sold at public auction
THURSDAY, APRIL 28, 10:30 A. M.,
by D. Hartmann, Auctioneer.
For further particulars follow this paper.
TELEPHONE 534 FRANKLIN.

MACHINE SHOP & STOCK
of Rogers & Rogers, Auctioneers, will sell
TUESDAY, APRIL 26, 10 A. M.,
on the premises American Developing Co., 25 (RETIRING FROM BUSINESS)
174½ EAST 87TH ST., NEW YORK,
all the up-to-date almost brand new MACHINERY AND TOOLS,
as well as all the stock in trade of finished and unfinished Goods, Materials etc., of said company.
For full particulars see advertisement day of sale.
Goods on exhibit Monday, 10 to 4.

FOR SALE.

Second-hand National cash registers, office furnitures, chairs, time clocks, partition, stenographs, $6; safes, typewriters, filing cabinets, showcases. Nathan's, 4 White.

Rare thread lace shawl, black, beautiful pattern, large size; will sacrifice; make overture. Write to L. Munroe, 176 West 87th St., The Curtiss.

TYPEWRITERS ALL MAKES, $10 to $50; rented, bought, repaired. Smith P. Co., 312 B'way.

Highest cash price paid for furniture, pianos, rugs & bric-a-brac. Griffin, 115 University Place; 'phone 2200 Stuyvesant.

FOREIGN HOTELS AND RESORTS.

ALL ROADS LEAD TO
CONRAD UHL'S
HOTEL BRISTOL, BERLIN
The finest Hôtel of Berlin
situated in the world-famous Thoroughfare
UNTER DEN LINDEN
The Time-honoured "Rendez-vous" of Distinguished Americans in Berlin.
ALL ROADS LEAD TO
FAMOUS RESTAURANT
Magnificent Apartments. Superb suites with Bathrooms.
Every modern comfort and convenience.
CUISINE of the HIGHEST ORDER
Illustrated Tariff Booklet free from Town & Country Travel Bureau, 389 Fifth Avenue, New York.

Booklets on Brussels and its great 1910 exhibition free from Town and Country, 389 5th Av., New York City.

Hotels and Restaurants

WHERE TO DINE.
Travelers' Co., 20 West 34th St. Tel. 2472 Murray.

LUCHOW'S
108 to 114 EAST 14TH ST. (Tel. 1480 Stuyvesant).
FAMOUS GERMAN RESTAURANT.
A LA CARTE AND TABLE D'HOTE.
Music by THE VIENNA ARTIST ORCHESTRA.

5th Avenue Restaurant
A la carte Table d'hote $1.50
5th Ave. Bldg. 5th Ave. and 24th St.

CAFE BOULEVARD
FAMOUS HUNGARIAN ORCHESTRA
and SELECT VOCAL QUARTETTE.
Second Ave. and Tenth St. Tel. Orch. 4040.

CAVANAGH'S RESTAURANT, GRILL and BANQUET ROOM.
258-260 W. 23d St. MUSIC, Vocal and Instrumental.

Little Hungary 257 E. Houston. Tdh., with wine. Hungarian Music and Singers Every Evening.

MARLBOROUGH
HOTEL. B'way & 36th St. Music.
Table d'Hote Dinner $1.00. Theatre Suppers.

Herald Square Hotel 34th St., just west of B'way. A la carte.

Port Arthur Chinese Restaurant. Alc., Tdh. 7 & 9 Mott St. See Eve. Telegram.

NEW CAFE
MORETTI
51-53-55 West 35th St., bet. 5th and 6th Avs.
The New Addition
(Formerly Cafe Francis) Now Open.
BEST DINNER IN TOWN 65c
With red or white wine. MUSIC, SONG.

MOTOR CAR BUSS
Automobile Tours from N. Y., (illust'd.) 10c.

Consumers Park Hotel, 1077 Wash. Av., B'klyn, & Cafe E. of Prosp. P'k. Alc. Tdh.

STAUCH'S CONEY ISLAND. Open all yr. High-class Rest. Alc. Music.

FOR SALE.

David Kramer
43 BROAD STREET
WAIT.
We can furnish you with desks, tables, and chairs, any size or style, in oak, birch, or mahogany. Call now and you will be satisfied.

TYPEWRITERS
RENTED
$5 for 3 Months.
Compare This Price with Others!
Our trade connections give us the pick of the latest models. Every machine is in fine working order, and we will keep it so during term of rental. WE SELL rebuilt machines of all makes at a saving of 50% to 75%, with a year's guarantee.
TYPEWRITER EXCHANGE, 1½ Barclay St.
5 Doors from B'way. Tel. 5915 Barclay.

ROLL TOP DESKS
Office Furniture
in great variety of Style and Price.
T. G. SELLEW
111 FULTON ST.

MANHATTAN DESK CO.
Roll, Flat & Bookkeepers' Desks, Files, Chairs, Cabinets, Partitions, Railings. 'Phone 47-49 CENTRE ST.

New and second-hand desks, typewriter, bookkeeper, roll and flat top; chairs, tables, partitions, and railings. QUICK & McKENNA, 2 Reade St.

DIRECT FROM FACTORY TO YOU.
OFFICE DESKS
FRANKLIN DESK FACTORY, 41 E. 42d St.

TRAVELERS' GUIDE—STEAMBOATS.

HUDSON RIVER NIGHT LINES
Travel De Luxe—Fine Accommodations—Splendid Cuisine and Service.

PEOPLES LINE
NEW YORK AND ALBANY
Magnificent steamer ADIRONDACK or TROJAN leaves Pier 32, N. R., foot Canal St., at 6 P. M. daily, Sundays included. Leave Albany daily (Sundays included) at 8 P. M.
ROUND TRIP $2.50 via both lines; 10 day limit.
Direct rail connections at Albany and Troy for points North, East, and West; horses and automobiles carried at reasonable rates.
THE POPULAR SEARCHLIGHT ROUTE.

CITIZENS LINE
NEW YORK AND TROY
New steel steamer RENSSELAER leaves Pier 46, N. R., foot W. 10th St., at 6 P. M., Monday, Wednesday, Friday. Sunday steamer touches at Albany. Leaves Troy on alternate days at 7:30 P. M. Other days passengers can take Peoples Line at New York or Albany.

Central Hudson Line
for Newburgh, Poughkeepsie and Kingston week days 4 P. M. For Newburgh and intermediate landings week days 5 P. M. Sundays 9 A. M.

SPRING AND SUMMER RESORTS.
NEW JERSEY—Atlantic City.

HOTEL TRAYMORE
Atlantic City, N. J.
Open Throughout the Year
Famous as the hotel with every modern convenience and all the comforts of home.
TRAYMORE HOTEL CO., D. S. WHITE, Pres.
CHAS. O. MARQUETTE, Mgr.

Hotel Iroquois South Carolina Ave. and Beach.
Capacity 400; one of the most modern and up-to-date hotels. 100 front, ocean side sunny rooms; private baths; elevator, steam heat, music, sun parlor, white service, elegant table. Special Spring rates; $12 up weekly; $2.50 and up daily. Booklet. W. C. SHAW.

Marlborough-Blenheim
ATLANTIC CITY, N. J.
Josiah White & Sons Company.

NEW YORK—Briarcliff Manor.
Briarcliff Lodge
Briarcliff Manor, New York
open Saturday April 30th under the management of David B. Plumer. Geo. W. Tuttle, Assistant Manager. New York Office, Windsor Arcade. Telephone, 3278 Murray Hill.

NEW JERSEY—Lakewood.
SPRING ATTRACTIONS AT LAKEWOOD
AMONG THE HEALTH-GIVING PINE FORESTS OF NEW JERSEY.
POLO CARNIVAL,
March 20th to April 30th.
REPRESENTATIVE PLAYERS OF AMERICA, AS WELL AS THE LEADING PLAYERS OF ENGLAND AND IRELAND, WILL TAKE PART.
GOLF,
WEEKLY HANDICAP EVENTS THROUGH THE SPRING MONTHS. MOTORING, RIDING TO HOUNDS, BOATING, TENNIS, AND A VARIETY OF OTHER OUTDOOR SPORTS.
LAUREL HOUSE
Now Open. A. J. Murphy, Manager.
LAUREL IN THE PINES
Now Open. Frank F. Shute, Mgr.

NEW YORK.—Seneca Lake.
Avoid the danger of discomfort of an ocean voyage by taking your course of Nauheim Baths at
THE GLEN SPRINGS
THE AMERICAN NAUHEIM.
A Health Resort and Hotel.
The only place in America using a Natural Brine for the Nauheim Baths. Complete Hydrotherapeutic, Mechanical and Electrical equipment. For descriptive booklets and full information address Wm. E. Leffingwell, President, Watkins, N. Y.

CONNECTICUT.
EDGEWOOD INN
Greenwich (On the Sound), Conn.
Season May 28th to October 15th.
28 miles from New York, 45 minutes' ride. Superior stables and new up-to-date garage this season.
New Colonial Tea Rooms; Casino; Golf; Tennis; Bowling; Music Daily.
D. P. SIMPSON, Manager.

NOVA SCOTIA.
DIGBY, NOVA SCOTIA
Lour Lodge and Cottages.
Write for illustrated booklet to A. Brown, Digby, N. S.

HOTELS AND RESTAURANTS.
103 W. 38th, near B'way. RIVOLI Pr. Din. Rms. L 40c. Din. 65c. Wine. Music.
Tel., 1436—38.
VANDERBILT ½ 42d St. & Lex. Av. block from Grand Central.

TRAVELERS' GUIDE—STEAMBOATS.

BOSTON AND POINTS IN NEW ENGLAND
FALL RIVER LINE Via Newport and Fall River. Lv. Pier 19, N. R., foot Warren St., week days and Sundays, 6:30 P. M. Strs. PROVIDENCE and PRISCILLA. Orchestra on each.
NORWICH LINE Via New London. Lv. Pier 40, N. R., foot Clarkson St., week days 5:00 P. M.; Pier 70, E. R., foot E. 23d St., 6:30 P. M. Strs. CITY OF LOWELL and NEW HAMPSHIRE.
NEW HAVEN LINE For New Haven, Hartford, Springfield, and North, week days only. Leave Pier 28, E. R., 3:00 P. M. Str. CHESTER W. CHAPIN.
BRIDGEPORT LINE Week days only, leave Pier 27, E. R., 11 A. M., Str. NAUGATUCK.
Tickets, staterooms, and information at City Ticket Office, 171 Broadway, near Cortlandt St. Telephone 5121 Cortlandt. Also at N. Y. Transfer and Tourist Offices and at Piers.
NEW ENGLAND NAVIGATION CO.

$1 MANHATTAN LINE to Albany
Round Trip, $1.50. Good 10 Days.
Steamers leave Pier 29, North River, ft. Houston St., 6:30 P. M. daily, Sundays included. Tele. 9226 Spring.

CATSKILL EVENING LINE
Steamers leave Pier 43, N. R., ft. Christopher St. WEEK DAYS at 6 P. M.
Catskill-Hudson Cozsackie.
Phone 1098 Spring

TRAVELERS' GUIDE—STEAMSHIPS.

†S. S. AMERIKA
23,000 TONS
Leaving New York
APRIL 30
10 A. M.
HAMBURG AMERICAN LINE
All Modern Safety Devices (Wireless, &c.)
LONDON, PARIS, HAMBURG.
†Unexcelled Ritz-Carlton a la Carte Restaurant. Gymnasium, Elec. Baths, Elevator, Palm Garden.
*Cincinnati..Apr. 28, 11 AM | §Graf Waldersee...May 18
†America .....April 30 | †Kais'n Aug. Vic..May 21
*Pres. Grant .....May 4 | Bluecher .....May 25
‡Pennsylvania .....May 11 | Deutschland.....May 28
‡Hamburg direct. *New.
ITALY VIA GIBRALTAR, NAPLES and GENOA.
S. S. BATAVIA (Naples only).May 5, 2 P. M.
S. S. HAMBURG.....May 10
S. S. MOLTKE.....May 31
TRAVELLERS' CHECKS ISSUED.
Tourist Dept. for Trips Everywhere.
Hamburg-American Line, 45 Broadway, N. Y.

Clyde Line General Offices, Pier 36, North River.
To CHARLESTON, S. C., and JACKSONVILLE, Fla. From Pier 36 North River, at 1 P. M.
Mohawk..Tues., Apl. 26 | Apache..Fri., Apl. 29
Comanche..Wed., Apl. 27 | Iroquois..Sat., Apl. 30

Mallory Line General Offices, Pier 36 North River
From Pier 45 North River, 12 noon.
GALVESTON SERVICE.
S. S. Nueces.....Sat., April 30th
S. S. Concho.....Sat., May 7th
KEY WEST, TAMPA AND MOBILE.
S. S. ALAMO.....Wed., April 27th
ATLANTIC, GULF & WEST INDIES STEAMSHIP LINES
Clyde, Mallory, Porto Rico and Ward Lines.
CITY TICKET OFFICE, ALL LINES,
290 Broadway, New York City

California Raisin Day
April 30th
LOW RATES
EAT RAISIN BREAD
SOUTHERN PACIFIC STEAMSHIPS
New York-New Orleans
In connection with SUNSET ROUTE.
To all Pacific Coast Points.
L. H. Nutting, G. P. A.,
1188-866-1 Broadway, New York.

TRAVELERS' GUIDE—STEAMSHIPS.

INTERNATIONAL MERCANTILE MARINE LINES
From Piers 58, 59, 60, 61, and 62, North River, New York City.

American Line
Plymouth—Cherbourg—Southampton.
St. Paul...April 30, 10 AM | St. Louis..May 14
Philadelphia..May 7, 10 AM | New York..May 21

Atlantic Transport Line
London Direct.
Min'tonka..April 30, 9:30 AM | Min'apolis..May 21
Min'waska..May 14, 10:30 AM | Min'tonka..May 28

Red Star Line
New York—Dover—Antwerp.
Kroonland..April 30, 11 AM | Vaderland..May 14
Finland.....May 7, 11 AM | Lapland..May 21

White Star Line
Queenstown—Holyhead—Liverpool.
Cedric.....April 30, noon | Baltic....May 14
Arabic.....May 7, 9:30 AM | Celtic.....May 21
Plymouth—Cherbourg—Southampton.
Majestic...Apr. 27, 9:30 AM | Teutonic..May 11
Adriatic.....May 4, 2 PM | Oceanic..May 18
Also Regular Sailings between
N. Y. & BOSTON—MEDITERRANEAN.
All Steamers of the American Line, Atlantic Transport Line, Red Star Line, White Star Line Are Equipped with Wireless Telegraph, Submarine Signalling Apparatus, Etc.
Our Travelers' Checks Good Everywhere.
PASSENGER OFFICES, 9 BROADWAY AND PIER 62, N. R., (WEST 23D ST.,) N. Y.

The Most Picturesque Place in the World
BERMUDA $20 and up Round Trip
By 6,000 Ton S. S. "OROTAVA." Sailing every Wednesday at 10 A. M. from Pier 53 North River, N. Y.
WIRELESS TELEGRAPHY AND BILGE KEELS.
Orchestra. High-Class Cuisine. Electric Fans in All Rooms.
SPECIAL TOURS OF 12 DAYS, $45 according to location. The right trip at the right time for a short vacation.
During April and May, when Lilies and Oleanders are in bloom. This includes transportation, meals, hotels, drives, visit to Stalactite Caves and Submarine Gardens, etc.
Apply to the Royal Mail Steam Packet Company, Sanderson & Son, General Agents, 22 State Street, N. Y.

Safety, Speed, Luxury—$20.00 and up
BERMUDA Round Trip
Forty hours to the land of flowers.
By TWIN SCREW LINE
Largest and Fastest Steamers
S. S. Bermudian, 5530 Tons, $20 and up
Every Wednesday from New York, 10 A. M. Wireless on both Steamers; also bilge keels.
S. S. Oceana, 8000 Tons, $30 and up
Sailing every Saturday from New York, 10 A. M. Gymnasium, Orchestra, Electric Fans.
For illustrated pamphlets with full information apply to A. E. OUTERBRIDGE & CO., Gen'l Agts., QUEBEC S. S. CO., LTD., 29 Broadway, New York. THOS. COOK & SON, Pass. Agts., 245 and 1200 Broadway, 649 Madison Ave., 563 5th Ave., N. Y., or any Ticket Agent, or Quebec S. S. Co., Ltd., Quebec.

Kronprinzessin Cecilie
Sails April 26th for
LONDON—PARIS—BREMEN
North LONDON PARIS BREMEN TUESDAYS 10 A. M.
Express Sailings
Kronprinzessin Cecilie .....April 26
*Kronprinz Wilhelm .....May 5
Kaiser Wilhelm II. .....May 10
Kaiser Wilhelm der Grosse..May 17
German Plymouth Cherbourg Bremen THURSDAYS 10 A. M.
Twin-Screw Sailings
*Zieten .....April 28
*Oldenburg .....(Sat.) April 30
George Washington.....May 5
Bremen .....May 12
*Bremen direct.
Lloyd GIBRALTAR NAPLES GENOA SATURDAYS 11 A. M.
Friedrich der Grosse.....April 30
Neckar .....May 7
Koenig Albert .....May 14
Princess Irene.....May 21
Wireless and Submarine Signals.
Independent Round the World Tours.
Travelers' Checks good all over the World.
OELRICHS & CO., Gen. Agts.
5 Broadway, New York

AUSTRO-AMERICAN LINE
MEDITERRANEAN, ADRIATIC
ITALY, GREECE, AUSTRIA. Calls at AZORES and GIBRALTAR (east), ALGIERS (west). SS. MARTHA WASHINGTON, etc., Wednesdays, 1 P. M. Thro bookings via AUST. LLOYD SS. CO. to Adriatic E. C. points (Dalmatia, etc.), the Orient and Far East (India, China, Japan).
PHELPS BROS. & CO., General Agents, 17 Battery Place, N. Y. City.

EUROPE
Uptown Steamship Office, All Lines.
Choicest Rooms. Lowest Rates.
INTERNATIONAL SLEEPING CAR CO., Headquarters for Travel de Luxe, 281 FIFTH AVE., COR. 30TH ST.
Write for "Ocean Sailings" and "Return Sailings."

LLOYD ITALIANO
Twin-Screw Service. Cabin $65.
NEW YORK—NAPLES—GENOA.
Florida.....April 28 | Virginia.....May 17
Luisiana.....May 7 | Mendoza.....May 31
C. B. Richards & Co., Genl. Agts., 31 B'dway, N Y

FABRE LINE
NEW YORK—NAPLES—MARSEILLES
J. TER KUILE G. A., 32 Broadway, N. Y.

CUNARD LINES
Piers 54 and 56 North River, foot of 14th St.
Offices 21-24 State St., opposite the Battery.
LUSITANIA—MAURETANIA
Largest, Fastest, Finest Steamers Afloat.
New York to London Direct
VIA FISHGUARD,
is the most expeditious route also to
PARIS—BERLIN—VIENNA
Leave New York Wednesdays, 9 A. M.
MONDAY IN LONDON TUESDAY IN PARIS
Wireless Telegraph. Submarine Signals.
Campania .....April 27 | *Caronia..May 14, 10 AM
Carmania .....May 4 | Lusitania.....May 18
Mauretania.....May 11 | Campania.....May 25
*Will call at Queenstown and Fishguard.
HUNGARIAN-AMERICAN SERVICE.
To FIUME, via
GIBRALTAR, NAPLES, TRIESTE.
§Ultonia...April 28, noon | Pannonia.....June 2
†Carpathia..May 19, noon | §Ultonia.....June 16
*Calls at Genoa. §Carries second and third class passengers only.
Travellers' checks issued—good everywhere.

FRENCH LINE
Compagnie Générale Transatlantique
Direct Line to Havre—Paris (France).
Sailing every Thursday, 10 A. M. from Pier 57, North River, foot West 15th St.
La Bretagne..April 28 | *La Provence..May 19
*La Lorraine..May 5 | *La Touraine..May 26
*La Savoie...May 12 | *La Lorraine..June 2
*Twin screw steamers.
GENERAL AGENCY, 19 State Street, N. Y.

THE ROYAL MAIL STEAM PACKET COMPANY R. M. S. P.
JAMAICA-COLON, BARBADOS, Etc.
Atrato.....Apr. 30 | Oruba .....May 28
Tagus .....May 14 | Trent .....June 11
Tours of 12 to 25 days from $95 up.
Cruises to the North Cape by R. M. S. P. 11,500-Ton Twin Screw S. S. Avon, June to Aug.
SANDERSON & SON, G.P.A.F.A., 22 State St., N. Y.

ANCHOR LINE
GLASGOW via LONDONDERRY
Columbia, Apr. 30, 11 A.M. | California, May 14, noon
Caledonia, May 7, 3 P.M. | Furnessia, May 21 3 P. M.
FIRST CABIN, $67.50 AND $72.50.
SECOND CABIN, $45 AND $47.50.
THIRD CLASS, $28.75 AND $30.
HENDERSON BROTHERS, 17-19 Broadway.

HOLLAND-AMERICA LINE
Twin-Screw Passenger Service
New York—Rotterdam via Boulogne
Ryndam..Apr. 26, 10 AM | New Amsterdam...May 10
Potsdam..May 3, 10 AM | Noordam.....May 17
Holland-America Line, 39 B'way, N. Y.

Shipping and Mails.

Miniature Almanac for To-day.

Sun rises, 5:09 | Sun sets, 6:49 | Moon rises, —

TIDES TO-DAY.

	High Water. A.M.	P.M.	Low Water. A.M.	P.M.
Sandy Hook	8:15	8:28	2:11	8:32
Governors Island	8:40	8:50	2:36	9:02
Hell Gate	10:30	10:40	4:27	10:52

Arrived—Sunday, April 24.

SS St. Paul, Southampton, April 16.
SS C. F. Tietgen, Christiansand, April 12.
SS Columbia, Glasgow, April 16.
SS Florida, Naples, April 9.
SS Lux, Shields, April 9.
SS George Washington, Bremen, April 20.
SS Prins Sigismund, Kingston, April 18.
SS El Monte, Galveston, April 18.
SS Alamo, Mobile, April 16.
SS City of Atlanta, Savannah, April 21.
SS Comanche, Jacksonville, April 21.
SS Maria Luiza, New Bedford, April 23.
SS Katahdin, Georgetown, April 21.
SS Hamilton, Norfolk, April 23.
SS Delaware, Philadelphia, April 23.
SS Ragnarok, Macoris, April 16.
SS Maracas, Grenada, April 17.
SS Oregonian, Philadelphia, April 23.
SS Chelston, Boston, April 22.

Outgoing Steamships.

SAIL TO-DAY.

	Mails Close.	Vessels Sail.
Suriname, Trinidad	11:00 A.M.	1:00 P.M.
Colon, Cristobal	11:30 A.M.	3:00 P.M.
Re d'Italia, Naples	———	12:00 M.

SAIL TO-MORROW.

Kronp. Cecelie, Bremen	6:30 A.M.	10:00 A.M.
Norman Prince, Rio Janeiro	12:00 M.	3:00 P.M.
Grecian Prince, Pernambuco	12:00 M.	3:00 P.M.
Ryndam, Rotterdam	———	10:00 A.M.
Europa, Naples	———	12:00 M.
Manzanillo, Cienfuegos	———	12:00 M.
City of Atlanta, Savannah	———	3:00 P.M.
Mohawk, Jacksonville	———	1:00 P.M.
Hamilton, Norfolk	———	3:00 P.M.

SAIL WEDNESDAY.

Campania, Liverpool	5:30 A.M.	9:00 A.M.
Majestic, Southampton	6:00 A.M.	9:30 A.M.
Laura, Naples	———	———
Bermudian, Bermuda	8:00 A.M.	10:00 A.M.
Seminole, Santo Domingo	10:00 A.M.	1:00 P.M.
Orotava, Bermuda	———	10:00 A.M.
Proteus, New Orleans	———	12:00 M.
Comanche, Jacksonville	———	1:00 P.M.
Alamo, Tampa	———	12:00 M.
Colorado, Galveston	———	12:00 M.

Supplementary mails at double postage rates are open on the piers of the American, English, French, and German transatlantic lines until within ten minutes of the hour of sailing.

Incoming Steamships.

DUE TO-DAY.

Hellas	Hamburg	April 17
Duca di Genova	Naples	April 18
Cedric	Liverpool	April 16
Bretagne	Havre	April 16
Eltonia	Libau	April 12
Kroonland	Antwerp	April 16
Minnesota	London	April 16
Potsdam	Rotterdam	April 16
Chicago	Havre	April 16
Maracaibo	La Guayra	April 16
Orotava	Bermuda	April 24
Bermudian	Bermuda	April 24
Coamo	San Juan	April 20
Advance	Cristobal	April 18
Jose	Port Antonio	April 20
Comus	New Orleans	April 20

DUE TO-MORROW.

Kronprinz Wilhelm	Bremen	April 19
Oceania	Algiers	April 15
Kansas City	Swansea	April 12
Havana	Havana	April 21
Marowijne	Trinidad	April 18
Bayamo	Progreso	April 21
El Dia	Galveston	April 20
City of Columbus	Savannah	April 21

DUE WEDNESDAY.

Adriatic	Southampton	April 20
Koenig Albert	Gibraltar	April 15
San Giorgio	Naples	April 13
Sibiria	Kingston	April 21
Atrato	Kingston	April 22
Nueces	Galveston	April 20
Monroe	Norfolk	April 24

By Marconi Wireless.

SS Kronprinz Wilhelm, incoming from Bremen, was reported 1,146 miles east of Sandy Hook at 4:30 A. M. yesterday; due at her pier if not delayed by fog, Tuesday morning.

SS Kaiser Wilhelm der Grosse, outgoing, was reported 150 miles southwest of Brow Head at 8:10 P. M. yesterday; due at Plymouth this morning.

SS Minnetonka, incoming from London, reported 263 miles east of Sandy Hook at 9 P. M. yesterday; due at her pier, if not delayed by fog, this afternoon.

SS Cedric, incoming from Liverpool, was reported 230 miles east of Sandy Hook at 7 A. M. yesterday; due at her pier, if not delayed by fog, this morning.

SS Chicago, incoming from Havre, was reported 333 miles east of Sandy Hook at 7 A. M. yesterday; due at her pier, if not delayed by fog, this morning.

SS Duca di Genova, incoming from Naples, was reported 310 miles east of Sandy Hook at noon yesterday; due at her pier, if not delayed by fog, this morning.

By United Wireless.

SS Havana, Havana, 620 m. S. of Scotland Lightship 8 P. M., 24th.
SS Nueces, Galveston, 534 m. S. of Scotland Lightship 8 P. M., 24th.
SS Coamo, San Juan, 90 m. S. of Scotland Lightship 8 P. M., 24th.
SS Prinz Sigismund, Port Limon, anchored off Scotland Lightship 8 P. M., 24th.
SS Advance, Cristobal, 205 m. S. of Scotland Lightship noon, 24th.
SS City of Columbus, Savannah, 478 m. S. of Scotland Lightship 8:45 A. M., 24th.
SS Ossabaw, Texas City, 156 m. E. of Galveston Bar 8 A. M., 24th.
SS Mexico, Vera Cruz, 20 m. E. of Progreso 8 P. M., 23d.
SS Lampassas, Mobile, 175 m. W. of Tampa Bar 8 P. M., 23d.
SS Bermudian, Bermuda, 254 m. S. E. of Scotland Lightship 8 P. M., 24th.
SS Orotava, Bermuda, 240 m. S. E. of Scotland Lightship 8 P. M., 24th.

Foreign Ports.

Arrived.

SS Baltic, at Holyhead, April 24.
SS Caronia, at Liverpool, April 24.
SS St. Louis, at Southampton, April 24.
SS Pannonia, at Gibraltar, April 24.
SS Kaiserin Auguste Victoria, at Plymouth, April 24.

Sailed.

SS Carmania, from Queenstown, April 24.
SS Arabic, from Queenstown, April 24.
SS Caledonia, from Moville, April 23.

Passed.

SS California, New York for Glasgow, passed Malin Head.
SS Minnewaska, New York for London, passed Brow Head.
SS Vaderland, New York for Dover, passed Brow Head.
SS Rhein, New York for Bremen, passed the Lizard.

Pacific Steamships.

Destination and Steamer.	Mails Close in New York.
Japan, Korea, China, and Philippine Islands, (via Tacoma)—Tacoma Maru	Apr. 25 6:30 P.M.
Hawaii, Japan, Korea, China, and Philippine Islands, (via Vancouver and Victoria, B. C.)—Empress of Japan	Apr. 29 6:30 P.M.
Guam and Philippine Islands, (via San Francisco) —U. S. transport	Apr. 30 6:30 P.M.

For Latest Arrivals See Page 1.

THE WEATHER.

WASHINGTON, April 24.—There has been a decided fall in temperatures in the lower Arkansas and lower Mississippi Valleys and the East Gulf States, where they are from 10 to 35 degrees below the seasonal average. Low temperatures also continue in the Missouri, Upper Mississippi, and Ohio Valleys and the lake regions, although in the valleys they are somewhat higher than on Saturday. Local rains or snows will continue Monday in the lake region and showers in the Atlantic States, followed by generally fair weather Tuesday, except in New York and New England, where unsettled weather probably will continue.

The winds along the New England Coast will be moderate and mostly east; Middle Atlantic Coast, moderate and variable; South Atlantic Coast, moderate southwest to northwest.

Steamers departing Monday for European ports will have moderate east winds with unsettled weather to the Grand Banks.

FORECASTS TO-DAY AND TUESDAY.

Eastern New York—Showers and cooler Monday; Tuesday, unsettled, moderate variable winds.

New Jersey and Eastern Pennsylvania—Showers and cooler Monday; Tuesday, partly cloudy; moderate variable winds.

New England—Showers Monday, cooler in western portion; Tuesday, unsettled, probably local showers, moderate winds, mostly east.

The temperature record for the twenty-four hours ended at midnight, taken from the thermometer at the local office of the United States Weather Bureau, is as follows:

	1909.	1910.		1909.	1910.
8 A. M.	40	53	4 P. M.	51	57
6 A. M.	39	51	6 P. M.	51	55
9 A. M.	42	55	9 P. M.	49	52
12 M.	48	54	12 P. M.	49	51

This thermometer is 108 feet above the street level. The average temperature yesterday was 54; for the corresponding date last year it was 48; average on the corresponding date for the last thirty-three years, 52.

The temperature at 8 A. M. yesterday was 54; at 8 P. M. it was 52. Maximum temperature, 57 degrees at 4 P. M.; minimum, 50 degrees at 6:40 A. M. Humidity, 82 per cent, at 8 A. M., 87 per cent at 8 P. M.

WESTCHESTER—SALE OR TO LET. | WESTCHESTER—SALE OR TO LET. | WESTCHESTER—SALE OR TO LET. | WESTCHESTER—SALE OR TO LET. | WESTCHESTER—SALE OR TO LET.

THE
SECOND SECTION
OF
PELHAMWOOD
30 Minutes From Grand Central Station

WILL BE OPENED NEXT SUNDAY.

Special Inspection Train Leaves 42d Street, 2 P. M. 125th Street, 2.10 P. M.

A Life Insurance Contract and a Non-Forfeiture Agreement with Every Purchase

Advantages Pelhamwood Offers to Residents and Investors

1.—Located in the heart of the most aristocratic section of Westchester County.

2.—Only a mile and a half from the city limits in the direct line of New York City's growth.

3.—An established suburb as beautiful as a villa colony with all the conveniences of a great city.

4.—The second stop out of New York on the celebrated New Haven Road. Station is right on the property.

5.—New York, Westchester and Boston Railway to have station on the property—where work has already begun.

6.—The knowledge that the founder of Pelhamwood has developed a hundred other successful suburbs.

7.—New strength from country air; new wealth from rising values.

Persons considering a suburban home or a suburban investment should not fail to see our EMBOSSED RELIEF MAP, which shows the exact elevation and grade of every lot and is almost as good as seeing the suburb itself—besides which it gives one a chance to compare Pelhamwood with other suburbs. Call, write or 'phone for complimentary railroad tickets for to-day or for next Sunday.

Send for Our Book of Views.
AGENTS ON THE GROUNDS DAILY AND SUNDAY.

Terms, $10 Down Per Lot. The Balance on Monthly Payments.

CLIFFORD B. HARMON & CO.
42ND ST. AND MADISON AVE.

ENTRANCE TO PELHAMWOOD

REAL ESTATE AT AUCTION | REAL ESTATE AT AUCTION

At Brooklyn Real Estate Exchange, 189 Montague St.

TO-MORROW!
(TUESDAY, 11 A. M.)

Greatest Auction Sale

Absolutely to Be Sold Without Reservation to Highest Bidder
104 Desirable Parcels

South Brooklyn and Bay Ridge Properties
Along Line of 4th Av. Subway

All situated within 3 minutes' walk of surface or "L" lines.

All Titles Guaranteed. Liberal Terms.

Remember, this is the last chance. Opportunity knocks at your door only once in a lifetime. Be sure to take advantage of this.

David J. Smith, AUCTIONEER. Leonard Moody Real Estate Co.
Telephone 4393—Main.
189 Montague St., Brooklyn.

QUEENS—FOR SALE OR TO LET. | QUEENS—FOR SALE OR TO LET.

Beechhurst

a highly restricted residential park on the north shore of Long Island with

WATER FRONT

35 minutes out; this Park is handsomely laid out with 80 foot boulevard and drives, cement sidewalks, curbs, electric lights, gas, sewerage, and depot on property; yacht club with large ball room; also 200 ft. pier running out into the Sound; private sandy beach; property owners of this Park have

WATER FRONT RIGHTS

Several houses strictly up to date, $6,300 to $15,000; plots 80x100, $2,200 and up; 10% down, balance easy terms; 10% discount for cash. Booklets and maps mailed on application. Automobiles and carriages for the convenience of our customers.

SHORE ACRES REALTY CO.
146 E. 34th St., New York. Phone 1481 Madison.
395 Bridge St., Brooklyn. Phone 1470 Main.

MAYOR GAYNOR STATED
AT A SUBWAY HEARING APRIL 11th, 1910: (The Steinway tunnel is to be operated. The line is to be built under 42d St. to Broadway, thus giving Queens connection with present Subway. The Interborough will operate the new line and transfer for single 5c. fare.)

BEAUTIFUL
ELMHURST HEIGHTS
15 MINUTES TO BROADWAY BY TROLLEY.
We reserved a few choice plots for late comers at old prices.
THE BEST AND SAFEST INVESTMENT IN NEW YORK CITY.
WRITE NOW for particulars before it is too late.
YOUR MONEY WILL TRIPLE WITHIN A SHORT TIME.
BANKERS LAND CORPORATION,
887 Manhattan Ave., Brooklyn, N. Y.

FLUSHING.—Brick and stone dwelling; all improvements; 18 rooms; 2 bathrooms; large lawn; Washington and Lawrence Sts.; $35,000, or will rent. Elliott & Bush, 194 Broadway, New York, or local agents.

MORTGAGE LOANS.

MORTGAGE MONEY LOW RATES AND CHARGES.
For quick decision see H. H. Hazelton 9 Church Street. Phone 4545 Cort.
MONEY IN ALL AMOUNTS.

MONEY
at 4½% for first mortgage on Manhattan property; private dwellings or apartments preferred. Alexander Wilson, 489 5th Av.

FIRST MORTGAGE MONEY.
LOW RATES—LOW NET CHARGES.
BROOKS & MOMAND, 115 Broadway. Tel. 2573 Cort.

MORTGAGE LOANS, Manhattan and Bronx. Quick Results. S. M. BIER, 60 Liberty St.

SECOND mortgages for sale, $1,200 each, at 6% one year; 6 months to run; liberal discount. Particulars, Polak, 4,030 3d Av.

$70,000 estate funds to loan; will divide; low rates. Ferdinand H. Mela, 96 Broadway.

NEW JERSEY—FOR SALE OR TO LET | NEW JERSEY—FOR SALE OR TO LET

DON'T DIE

BEFORE YOUR TIME AS A RESULT OF MORBID EXISTENCE IN THE STIFLING ATMOSPHERE OF OUR CITY FLATS AND APARTMENTS. COME INTO THE OPEN—OWN A HOME WHERE NATURE INTENDED YOU SHOULD BE.

CALL, WRITE, OR PHONE 507 BRYANT AND WE'LL TELL YOU ALL ABOUT LOVELY

MORSEMERE

ON THE PALISADES—NEW JERSEY
The Handy Moderate Priced Suburb

SPECIAL SALE, SATURDAY, MAY 7, 2-5 P. M.

HINT NO. 4.
HOT WEATHER'S COMING—THE CITY ISN'T PLEASANT THEN; WHILE YOU ARE PAYING RENT OTHERS ARE REAPING THE BENEFITS OF THE HUDSON RIVER BRIDGE IN COMFORT AND INVESTMENT.

COLUMBIA REAL ESTATE COMPANY
"ALL THAT'S BEST IN NORTHERN NEW JERSEY"
Times Building, New York.

LONG BRANCH
An Ideal Summer Resort

Located on high coast plateau, without mosquitoes or malaria.

Combines attractions of Ocean, River and Lakes.

Offers every city convenience amid all country charms.

Summer home of five Presidents. Rejuvenated by vast improvements.

First point on Jersey coast reached by N. Y. express trains—62 minutes. Two railroad and two steamer Routes.

Why not lease a cottage NOW?

Literature and information free from B. B. BOBBITT, Publicity Director, 200 Broadway, Long Branch, N. J.

WEEQUAHIC PARK
NEWARK **TRACT** NEWARK

A Handsome Residential Development.

This tract is almost as accessible from New York as it is from Market and Broad Streets, Newark. This property is directly opposite Weequahic Park, one of the handsomest park developments in Essex County. The Lehigh Valley "Park View" Passenger Station is located at the property. This Railroad is operated over the Pennsylvania R. R. tracks and ferries to New York.

Upon completion of Pennsylvania R. R. tunnels under the North River, this development is only 20 minutes from New York City, WITHOUT CHANGE OF CARS ON JERSEY SIDE.

TERMS THAT WILL PERMIT YOU TO BUY—MONTHLY PAYMENTS.

Agents on Property. Maps and Particulars, Take Lehigh Valley Train (Sunday), Pennsylvania Railroad Ferries. Or take Jersey Central, Pennsylvania or Lackawanna Railroad to Newark, and take Mt. Prospect Ave. or "Main" Line trolleys to property.

FRANK J. BOCK, 800 BROAD ST., NEWARK.

KEYPORT, N. J.
On RARITAN BAY

One hour from N. Y. via N. J. C. R. R. or P. R. R., Trolley connections to other Sea Shore Resorts. Best drinking water in the world. Healthy climate; unexcelled Boating, Bathing and Fishing; Rich farming section. Lots $150 to $2,500. Houses $2,000 to $7,500. Further particulars
Publicity Bureau, Keyport, N. J.

LAKE HOPATCONG
ATTRACTIVE BUNGALOW SITES
with private lake. Less than ten minutes from Hopatcong Station; close to hotels and cottages. From $150 upward. Write or call. HOPATCONG MOUNTAIN LAKE DEVELOPMENT CO., 165 Broadway, New York.

DO YOU CARE TO JOIN A HOME COLONY?

The writer is organizing such a project in view of getting together a number of people of social standing and congenial tastes. Our idea is to have the homes on three-quarter acre plots, with all improvements, each home to cost about $25,000. The members can practically make their own restrictions and can take as many additional plots as desired to hold for future increase in value.
Address Room 921, 67 Exchange Place, New York City.

Baldwin Park—South Orange Heights

300 feet elevation; extended mountain view; 40 minutes to Hudson Terminal Building, D., L. & W. R. R.; 90 trains daily; select residential suburb; restricted property; all improvements; fifty New York families have already made this their home; houses range from $7,000 to $15,000; also a few choice building plots for sale; terms and payments made satisfactory; write or call for booklets. Cornelius A. Baldwin, 30 Church St., N. Y., or 451 Summit Av., So. Orange, N. J.

Write for FREE TICKETS to
ASBURY PARK
To Visit ASBURY PARK ESTATES
Large Bungalow plots $275 to $375.
Easy terms. Improvements.
L. SMADBECK, Mgr.,
45 West 34th St., N. Y., third floor.

Fifty large lots in Westfield; only $5,000; paved street near, stone walk, new houses, &c.; big chance for speculation. H. C. Lockwood, 141 Broadway.

Big plot Westfield, 125x120; only $825; many new houses near; $10 cash, $6.50 monthly; free tickets; send for map. H. C. Lockwood Co., 141 Broadway.

Westfield house, $4,250; easy payments; 8 rooms; heat, plumbing, light, hardwood, decorations, large lot, high ground. H. C. Lockwood Co., 141 Broadway.

New eight-room house; modern improvements; elevated; easy terms. Charles Ruegger, Wood Ridge, Bergen County.

Artistic Nutley houses, $4,750 up; choice lots $250 up. Lambert, 99 Nassau St., N. Y.

NEW ENGLAND—FOR SALE OR LET.

Norwalk, Conn.
FARMS—RESIDENCES.
ACREAGE—BUILDING SITES.
Cottages
Furnished and unfurnished houses to let.
H. E. DAUN & SON, Inc., Wall St.

Two Choice Farms—One of 300 acres and the other of 400, both advantageously located near city; both highly developed. Address Quien, Danbury, Conn.

The Beautiful Flower Estate
Dobbs Ferry-on-the-Hudson
is to be divided at once into villa sites of various sizes. Most attractive prices and terms may be had prior to development. All improvements, including sewers, water, and gas mains, street lights, and fire hydrants, will be installed without expense to purchasers. Here will be found a most ideal condition for a Suburban home. This estate adjoins
River View Manor
which is conceded by all who have seen it to be the most beautiful home place in near New York—combining, as it does, panoramic views unequaled; magnificent old forest trees; homes of all types, quaint and artistic in design and setting, and above all a colony of fine people for neighbors.
River View Manor Lodge
is now open for the season, and will be found an ideal resort for refined people. Excellent cuisine and service, fine rooms, and an inspiring outlook from its broad piazzas To reach take New York Central to Hastings-on-Hudson. Our carriages meet all trains.
For full information and photographs address,
Hastings Homes Co.
105 WEST 40TH ST.
Tel. 385 Bryant.

Mount Vernon.

Important Auction Sales AT MT. VERNON, N. Y.
CITY OF HOMES.
1st—On Saturday, May 7th, at 2 P. M. on the premises.
Three of the choicest Restricted Residence Lots — Unequalled location.
Two Restricted Dwellings on best Avenue — Chester Hill.
2d—Saturday, May 14, at 2 P. M. on the premises.
Six of the best building Lots for business or apartments, located at entrance to Restricted Section of Chester Hill.
Photographs, Diagrams, and full particulars of
GEORGE W. BARD, Auctioneer
Office 11 Depot Place, City Hall Bldg. Tel. 249—Mt. Vernon, N. Y.

A modern and attractive house; 11 rooms, 2 baths; hot-water heat, electricity; large living room, studio, or billiard room; hardwood trim and floors; plot 50x100; $11,500; can secure 100 feet front if desired. Cooley & West, Inc., Mount Vernon, N. Y.

PURCHASE AND EXCHANGE.

What am I offered for one Roneo letter copying machine in first-class condition? Same has NEVER been in use. Address A. S., Box 14 Times.

VILLA PLOTS AT LARCHMONT
City conveniences with country charms. Low prices, easy terms. Will help you build. Pay same as rent. No taxes or interest 1910. Free commutation for 1 year, and building plans free to those who build now. Booklet T, containing 18 beautiful house plans, sent free. For transportation address
J. N. GARDNER,
12 East 42d St., New York.

MT. VERNON Factory sites; low taxes; water and rail transit; low insurance. Booklet free.
Write Chamber of Commerce

AT RYE, N. Y. TO RENT, UNFURNISHED,
Gentleman's Place, very attractive new Colonial house. 11 rooms, 2 baths, all modern conveniences; dining room in mahogany; 1¼ acres lawn, garden, etc. Fine stable....$100 per month. COOLEY & WEST, Inc., New Rochelle, N. Y.

White Plains.

AN UNUSUAL CHANCE TO RENT,
At $45 a month, a nice home at White Plains, with 2 baths, billiard room, and paneled work. Last tenant paid $60. Cooley & West, Inc., White Plains. Phone 412.

Yonkers.

PINECREST.
A Gem in an exquisite setting of Hudson River landscape on immediate banks of the river in North Yonkers. 5c. trolley ride from Broadway Subway. Lots $600 up. Acreage. Write PINECREST CO., 87 Nassau St.

BUILDING MATERIAL.

"The Largest Distributors of Front Brick in the World"
Bath Portland Cement
FREDENBURG & LOUNSBURY
289 4th Ave.,
New York City

PLUMBING INVESTIGATE. regularly inspected and kept in repair. 50 cents monthly per tenant. Sole Plumbing Inspection System, 1,601 Park Ave. 'Phone 859 Harlem.

MANHATTAN—FOR SALE.

Protect
all loans on Real Estate by Title Insurance issued by this Company which will prevent any loss from defective Titles or otherwise.
Lawyers Title Insurance and Trust Company
CAPITAL - - $4,000,000
SURPLUS - - 5,500,000
160 Broadway, New York.
188 Montague Street, Brooklyn.
375 Fulton Street, Jamaica.

House and lot, 315 East 84th St. Particulars from Wm. Anderson Co., Real Estate, 954 Lexington Av.

West Side.

A BARGAIN A BARGAIN
227 WEST 66TH STREET
Absolute sale public auction; must be sold Tuesday, April 26th, at 12 o'clock noon, Exchange Salesroom, 14 Vesey Street, five-story and basement brick tenement, one large store, four apartments on each floor; full size lot.
JOSEPH P. DAY, AUCTIONEER.

A Doctor's Great Chance.
24 West 50th St.
Especially fitted and adapted for a Doctor. See Auction column.

REAL ESTATE.

HOW TO PLAN THE HOUSE
Radford's publications on Home Planning give particular attention to the needs of the homebuilder. Bungalows, 208 designs, floor plans, arrangement, etc.; Artistic Homes, 250 designs; Cement Houses, and How to Build Them, 87 designs; Stores and Flats, over 50 designs; House and Barn Plans, over 300 designs; Garages, and How to Build Them, only book of its kind published. All cloth bound, 8x11 inches. Each $1.00, postpaid. RADFORD ARCHITECTURAL CO., 178 Fulton St., New York.

REAL ESTATE FOR EXCHANGE.

Trade Mine Stocks For Real Estate
Am prepared to take any reputable high grade non-dividend paying mining stock with market value between $7,000 to $8,000, with chance that same will reach dividend stage later, in exchange for equity valued at $14,000 of high grade income bearing country property near New York, yielding $1,500 per year. S. V., 50 West 84th St., New York City.

INSTRUCTION.

Distinguished lady (French) wishes to give French conversational lessons to lady of only the best social standing. Q 168 Times.

MANHATTAN—FOR SALE.

OUR Reputation as conservative lenders is so well established that many investors never trouble to look at the properties covered by our guaranteed mortgages. They care more, they say, for our guaranty than for the underlying security. That is complimentary, but unwise. No guaranty of a mortgage company is sufficient—no matter what its capital—if its investments be unwisely made. We wish all buyers of guaranteed mortgages were real estate experts and would carefully examine the mortgaged premises.

Then they would know why our offerings are the best.

New York Mortgage & Security Co
Capital and Surplus, $2,500,000
135 Broadway, Manhattan
203 Montague St., Brooklyn

Geo. R. Read & Co
REAL ESTATE
Head Office: 60 Liberty St., nr. B'way. Branch: 3 East 35th St.

J. ROMAINE BROWN & CO
Manager of Estates
Brokers, Appraisers,
53 WEST 33D ST., NEAR BROADWAY.
J. Romaine Brown. A. P. W. Kinnan.

Washington Heights.

5 Washington Terrace, 186th St., half block west of Amsterdam; 3-story and basement, brick, private house; 10 rooms and bath; cabinet trim, open plumbing, newly decorated from top to bottom; rents $60 per month; will sell on easy terms; $1,000 cash. Ernst, 35 Nassau.

A two-family, four-story, stone and brick dwelling, near 187th St. Broadway Subway station; eight rooms and bath to each apartment; everything new and modern; big sacrifice to right party. Knight, 319 West 43d St.

BROOKLYN—FOR SALE OR TO LET.

Kinko Duplex-Houses
for small families who can't feel really at home in any apartment house.
¶ *For families who find the one-family house too large or too expensive.*
¶ *KINKO HOUSES are designed as ideal little homes; all large light rooms—wonderful closets and all of the most approved conveniences and comforts.*
¶ *Practically two small houses of 6 or 7 rooms each beneath one roof, with entire separation and privacy.*

Two groups now ready for occupancy—Brooklyn Av. & St. John's Place, rentals $55 to $70; Third St. and Prospect Park West, rentals $65 to $70. For sale at a moderate price. They are investments of exceptional interest.

Kings & Westchester Land Co.
350 Fulton St., Brooklyn-New York

Flatbush houses my specialty, from cottage to mansion; 47 varieties; one special 8-room house, perfect gem, $5,500; worth $7,500. Open Sunday. Edwards, Church Av., Brighton Beach Station.

EXAMINE OUR HOUSES
on 29th St. and Broadway, Flushing, before buying or building; it will pay. Your own terms. CHRISTENSEN, 1 West 34th St.

NEW YORK STATE—SALE OR LET.

Specialists in
Rockland County Farm Lands.
Rockland & Orange Counties Realty Company,
Room 207—Bryant Park Arcade
47 W. 42nd St., Tel. 4153 Bryant.

BRONX—FOR SALE OR TO LET.

$400 CASH BUYS
Two family house, 11 rooms, 2 baths, all modern improvements. Beautiful finish throughout. 3340—3348 Newell Ave., Bronx. One block to Bronx Park.
Bronx Development Co., 2804 3d Ave. Tel. 4520 Melrose.

ONE-FAMILY BRICK HOUSES,
Briggs Av., North of 194th St., Fordham. ALSO ONE-FAMILY FRAME HOUSES. 263-265 Kingsbridge Road, facing Poe Park. Wm. H. Wright & Son, Inc., Builders.

For Sale—Brick detached 2-family house; lot 25.7x100; 13 rooms, 2 baths; oak trim, hot water heating, electric light; complete in every detail; terms to suit. Inquire of owner, German Real Estate Co., 391 East 149th St., (cor. of 3d Av.)

Sacrifice at $4,000; $300 cash, $25 monthly; elegant new cottage, 6 rooms, every improvement; hot water heat; high, healthy, restricted; half hour out; two railroads, trolleys; commutation, 8 cents. Carl Hallberg, owner, Ridgefield, Park, N. J.

Fine Westfield corner, 70x100; high ground; near depot and street cars; 8 houses opposite; only $800; $10 cash, $8 monthly; guaranteed titles free; send for map of Westfield. H. C. Lockwood Co., 141 Broadway.

Beautiful corner cottage; improvements; 7 rooms; near school and station; 25 minutes cut Lackawanna R. R.; price $2,600. Nicholson Co., Lyndhurst, N. J.

Accept any reasonable offer; 12-room Colonial mansion; choice location. H. Hardesty, Rahway, N. J.

Farms, country homes all kinds everywhere; bargain list mailed. Lebkuecher, 71 Bible House, Manhattan.

APARTMENTS TO LET—Unfurnished. Bronx.

Apartments of the "Different" Kind!

More space, more light, more comfort and less rent.

They are SINGLE DETACHED APARTMENTS of seven and eight rooms, near Jackson Avenue subway station. Electric lights, parquet floors, showers, steam, and hot water supply. LIGHT AND AIR ON THREE SIDES. Rents $45 to $50.

The best apartments ever offered at the price.

Apply to Agent on Premises, AVENUE ST. JOHN, between Beck and Kelly Streets.

Free Tennis Courts,
Children's Playgrounds,
Swings, Sand Piles, etc.

All these go with A-RE-CO Park—the private park which is an adjunct of these most beautiful and homelike of city apartments—

The A-RE-CO Apts.

At Simpson Street Subway Station. Only 30 minutes from Downtown.

ELEVATOR	NON-ELEVATOR
4 to 6 rooms	4 to 6 rooms
All-night Service	$21 to $33

Large, light, perfectly ventilated rooms. Electric lights. Hardwood floors. Artistic decorations. HOT WATER AT ALL TIMES.

Apply to Rental Office
1028 SIMPSON STREET
(At Simpson Street Subway Station)
Take Lenox Ave. Express

Make your NEW HOME in this NEW Apartment

Light and air mean health. You will find all three in

"The Hunts Point"

Most Modern Elevator Apartment in City.

163D AND SIMPSON STS. SOUTHERN BOULEVARD.

Don't wear away life tramping to find your IDEAL HOME. It is right here and just RIGHT in every particular. Nothing in New York equals it for the money.

Faces THREE wide streets and a PRIVATE PARK. Tennis and Croquet for the sole use of the tenants.

HANDSOMEST ENTRANCE HALL IN THE CITY.

Lacking in nothing YOU want.

Apartments of 2 and 3 rooms, kitchenette and bath; 4, 5, 6, 7, 8 rooms, 1 to 3 baths, at the extremely low

Rents, $300 to $1,000

HENRY MORGENTHAU CO.,
Tel. 4600 Melrose.
Open for inspection day and night.

High Class Apartments
901-903 Prospect Ave.
1 block north of Prospect Ave. Sub. Station.
8 Rooms and Bath.

New apartments. They are specially designed to meet the demands of people accustomed to every luxury and comfort.

SUMMER INDUCEMENTS
5 and 6 All Light Rooms.

Elegantly finished, modern, up-to-date improvements. Large, handsomely decorated dining room.

948-50-52 TRINITY AV.
Just east of 161st St. 3d Av. "L" Station.
RENTS $24 UP.

636 Faile St., Hunts Point.—Seven large rooms in elegant two-family house; concessions.

West Side.
Above 110th Street and Washington Heights.

CONVENT COURT
149th St. and Convent Avenue
Two Blocks East From Broadway.
Kitchenette Apartments

2 Rooms and Kitchenette	$30, $35
3 " "	$40, $45

Housekeeping Apartments

6 Rooms and Bath,	$60, $65

Every room an outer one. Smartest of decorations, wall safes, garbage closets, shower baths. Telephone service.

'Phone 1868 Audubon.

THE MIDLOTHIAN
353 West 117th St.
5 and 6 Rooms, $35.00 to $45.00.

Elevator, telephone, steam heat, hot water, tiled bath, uniform service, electric light; all rooms outside light and air. See janitor.

At Yonkers, Near Van Cortlandt Park.—The Belfort Elevator Apartment, Post Street and Hamilton Av.; luxurious apartments 5, 6, 7, 8 rooms, one and two baths, $40, $50, $60, $70. Write for booklet. Gerbereux Co., 369 South Broadway, Yonkers.

Tyndall Av. and 261st St., Riverdale.—Apartment eight large, light, elegant rooms; all improvements; in new two-family house. Plunkett. Take Subway to Van Cortlandt Park. Inquire premises.

150th St., 513 West.—Lower part of two-family house for rent; 8 rooms and bath, heat and hot water. W. D. Morgan, Broadway and 147th St., or on premises.

Bachelor apartment, two rooms and bath; unfurnished; $50. 38 Union Square.

East Side.

Flats of six and seven extra large light rooms and bath, in the well kept apartment houses, 720, 732 3d Av., near 45th St.; rents low; possession May 1. Cruikshank Company, 141 Broadway.

Studio apartments, 22 East 10th St.; large rooms; fireplaces, steam heat, hot water; house newly decorated; five rooms and bath; concessions to October 1. Janitor.

72 EAST 122D ST.
Single flat; 8 large, outside rooms; bath; connected by a large private hall; steam heat; hot water; renovated throughout; rent, $50.

KINGSTON—129 E. 76th STREET.
Handsome apartment; 8 large, light rooms.

APARTMENTS TO LET—Furnished.

Apartment to rent at reduced rate at the Hotel Gotham until May 24, during absence in Europe. Apply H. E. Prindle, 527 5th Av., City.

Handsomely appointed, elegantly furnished apartment; seven rooms, two baths; 38th St., near 5th Av.; reasonable terms to desirable tenant; can be seen upon application to L. J. Phippe & Co., 482 5th Av.

Corner Broadway and 87th St.—A bright, airy, furnished apartment, 6 rooms, to rent from May 1 until Oct. 1, or longer if desired. F. B. Hibbard, 251 West 87th St.

Will sacrifice attractive modern furnished apartment; delightfully located facing Central Park; bargain. Telephone 2020 Riverside.

44th St., Near Times Square.—Nicely furnished two, three rooms; all outside; kitchen, bath; sublet. H 7 Times.

Single rooms; cosily furnished; rent, May to October; near "L" station; telephone 7384 Riverside.

SEVEN ROOMS AND BATH, $35.
Corner; all rooms on street; steam heat, hot water supply. 1,100 Franklin Av., corner 166th St., one block from 3d Av. "L."

A.—Choice apartments in two-family houses to desirable tenants at reasonable rates. Apply on premises, 165th St. and Walton Av.

West Side.

Life Building Apartment
21 WEST 31ST.

For rent, unfurnished, 4 rooms and bath, $1,500. Immediate possession. Apply William Harvey, Supt.

WASHINGTON & JEFFERSON
318-328 West 51st St.

Beautiful modern apartments, 6 and 8 large, light rooms; electricity; elevator. Apply Superintendent, or Alexander Wilson, 489 5th Av.

20 WEST 65TH STREET

Between Central Park and Broadway; seven rooms and bath; all conveniences; $33.00. Seen after Sunday.

102 WEST 89TH ST.

7 all light rooms and bath, $40-$45. All improvements.

80 WEST 92D ST.

7 rooms and bath; all improvements; $42.

We store your furniture, $3; moving, $3 van-load; also boxing and shipping at moderate charges; send postal. American Storage Co., 604-608 West 48th St. Telephone 2667—Bryant.

CITY HOUSES TO LET—Unfurnished. Bronx.

Eleven rooms, all improvements; 40x90; $35; 828 South Oak Drive, Bronxwood Park, Williamsbridge.

TO LET FOR BUSINESS PURPOSES.

OFFICES

Singly or in Suites

BANKING ROOM
4,400 sq. ft. on Ground Floor.
PROVIDENT BLDG.
W. S. NORTON,
Agent on Premises
TEL. 5999 CORT.
Full Commission to Brokers.

35 NASSAU STREET,
S. W. Cor. Liberty Street.

MASONIC HALL

71 West 23d St.
46-54 West 24th St.

New Office Building with All Modern Improvements

A LOCATION WELL WORTH CONSIDERING

Apply to Superintendent on Premises

Store & Basement, 60x109
Engineering Building, Liberty St., nr. B'way

Entrances on Liberty and Cedar Streets. Formerly occupied by Worthington Pump Co. Suitable for machinery business.

ALSO A FEW OFFICES WITH SHOPS ATTACHED

Herbert A. Sherman, Agent,
9 Pine St. & 532 5th Ave., cor. 44th St.

GROSS & HERBENER BUILDING
E. E. COR. B'WAY AND 158TH ST.
MODERN OFFICES,
En suite or singly; all improvements; rents $120 to $600. Full particulars
PORTER & CO.
159 West 125th St.

ST. PAUL BUILDING
Cor. Broadway and Ann Street.
A FEW OFFICES FOR RENT
HERBERT A. SHERMAN, Agent,
on premises, 9 Pine St. & 532 5th Ave., cor. 44th St.

12 WEST BROADWAY

First loft, $1,500; third loft, $1,000. Large, light, airy. Front on two streets. H. P. Beach, 20 West 14th St.

Stores, Lofts, Buildings, TO LET
in downtown business districts.
Send for List.
WARREN & SKILLIN
174 FULTON ST. 'PHONE 5077 CORT.

FOR LEASE

TERM YEARS, PLOT ON THE WEST SIDE AV. B, BETWEEN 19TH AND 20TH STS. 9 LOTS. VACANT, SMALL STABLE AND OFFICE. JOHN U. BROOKMAN, OWNER, 88 WALL ST.

NO. 13 WEST 30TH ST.
Large basement store to let, with large plate glass show window; steam heat and electric lights; possession May 1st. Cruikshank Company, 141 Broadway.

28TH ST., CORNER 1ST AV.
Loft containing 3,000 square feet; exceptional light, four sides; large elevator, steam heat, and power. Owner, on premises.

Factory, 50x95; 6-story and basement; fireproof; whole or part; light on 4 sides; 415 and 417 East 93d St. Inquire Adam Happel, 408 East 93d St.

Columbus Circle, 311 West 59th St.—Lofts and offices in modern light elevator building. Apply on premises. Rent moderate.

Large, light offices; entire floor or part; elevator. 6 East 42d St.

Pittsburg, Pa.

To Let—Pittsburg.
Fine large store building, three floors, basement; alley in rear; elevator.
Penn Ave., near Sixth St.
Good retail district; low rental.
For immediate possession communicate with Commonwealth Real Estate Co., Pittsburgh, Pa.

WANTED FOR BUSINESS PURPOSES.

Double deck studio, between 20th and 48th Sts., Madison and 6th Avs. Particulars G 162 Times.

REAL ESTATE AT AUCTION.

Bryan L. Kennelly, Auc'r
will sell at auction

TO-DAY

at 12 o'clock noon, at the Exchange Salesroom, 14-16 Vesey St.

Estate of Richard P. Herrick, Deceased.

24 West 50th St.,
NEAR FIFTH AV.

The four story, basement and cellar high stoop brownstone Dwelling, with three story kitchen, dining room, and bedroom extension, four rooms deep on parlor floor; nearly covers lot; hardwood trim; size 16x100.5; Columbia College leasehold; ground rent $689 per annum, with three renewals of 21 years each. This house is especially adapted for a doctor, having suitable plumbing and fixtures in extension. Seen by permit.

1,270 Amsterdam Av.,
NEAR WEST 123D STREET.

The five story brick Apartment House, with two stores and one basement store; two families on a floor, six rooms and bath; hot water, steam heat, &c.; size of plot 27x100.

221 East 71st St.,
NEAR THIRD AVENUE.

The four story and basement brownstone single Flat, seven and nine rooms and bath to each family; steam heat, hot water, open plumbing, hardwood trim; size of lot 21.11½x102.2.

55 West 117th St.
NEAR LENOX AV.

The five story brownstone and light brick Apartment; two families on a floor; five rooms and bath to each family; open plumbing, steam heat, hot water; size of lot, 26x100.11.

Maps, &c., at auctioneer's offices, 156 B'way.

LONG ISLAND—FOR SALE OR TO LET

BABYLON
On the Great South Bay
35 minutes from new Penn. depot,

has not felt the effect of the new transit facilities, and prices are very low. The properties we offer for house lots and

BUNGALOW SITES

are 10 minutes' walk from station; can have village water and electric light. No property having equal advantages is offered at anything like the prices we ask. 3 cents per square foot upward. Houses for sale. Furnished Houses to rent.

F. A. DALTON & J. W. EATON,
1,265 Broadway, N. Y.

WOODMERE, L. I.

For Sale.—New house, fully completed and furnished; never been occupied. Good location between Broadway and the water. House is painted white, and contains hall, large living room, sun parlor, dining room, butler's pantry, kitchen, laundry; 5 master's, 2 servants' bedrooms, 3 bathrooms. Electric light; hot water heat. Price, including furniture, $14,500. Would sell unfurnished. Full particulars of Country Department of

PEASE & ELLIMAN, Inc.,
309 Madison Av., New York.

BAYBERRY POINT
ISLIP, L. I.

For rent for season of 1910, very attractive, fully furnished houses belonging to the ESTATE OF H. O. HAVEMEYER, directly on the Great South Bay. All modern conveniences, boating, golf, tennis, stabling for horses and automobiles.

Rents $1,200.

ONLY ONE LEFT
HERBERT A. SHERMAN, Agent,
on premises, 9 Pine St., & 532 5th Ave., cor. 44th St.

FREEPORT, L. I.

Bungalows, all the year Homes; near station; only a step to the Bay. All improvements; many luxuries; 39 minutes from Herald Square; $3,200 to $4,500; terms to suit. We have no agents. Full particulars on application to the owners.

PETTIT & LAMB,
110 West 34th St., N. Y. City.

FRONTAGE ON LONG ISLAND SOUND
$30—PER ACRE—$30

3,000 Acres at Rocky Point, L. I., specially adapted for bungalow sites or small farms. Great opportunity for operators; favorable terms. WILL NOT DIVIDE.

CHAUNCEY R. E. CO.,
191 Montague St., Brooklyn, N. Y.

If you want HOMESITES or SMALL FARMS in nearby suburbs on Long Island, send for a free copy of the

A. B. C. OF SUBURBAN REAL ESTATE.

It tells what you want to know.
I. F. MINCHER, Dept. E, 351 5th Av., N. Y. C.

North shore of Long Island; water front; house fully furnished; six master bedrooms and two baths; garden planted; servants' cottage and garage; rental for the season, $2,000, including gardener's wages. Stephen Yates, 146 East 34th St.

BRONX—FOR SALE OR TO LET.

GREAT BARGAIN

On easy terms; $1,000 cash, balance long time payments; beautiful modern new 8-story 2-family detached brick house, finished basement, 25x125; extra large plot; 2 baths, hardwood trim, inlaid floors, all modern improvements; No. 55 East 176th St., near Jerome Av.; must be seen to be appreciated; quick purchaser can secure a bargain. Ernst, 35 Nassau St.

PUBLIC NOTICES.

PURSUANT TO STATUTORY REQUIREment, notice is hereby given that an act, Assembly bill, Printed No. 1,854, Int. No. 882, has been passed by both branches of the Legislature, entitled

AN ACT

To amend chapter four of the laws of eighteen hundred and ninety-one, entitled "An act to provide for rapid transit railways in cities of over one million inhabitants," generally.

Further notice is hereby given that a Public Hearing upon such bill will be held at the Mayor's Office in the City Hall in the City of New York, on Tuesday, April 26, 1910, at 11 o'clock A. M.

Dated City Hall, New York, April 22, 1910.
WILLIAM J. GAYNOR, Mayor.

This bill will be the first one heard.

PURSUANT TO STATUTORY REQUIREment, notice is hereby given that an act, Assembly bill, Printed No. 1,510, Int. No. 1,059, has been passed by both branches of the Legislature, entitled

AN ACT

To amend chapter four hundred and ten of the laws of eighteen hundred and eighty-two, entitled "An act to consolidate into one act and to declare the special and local laws affecting public interests in the City of New York," in relation to Coroners' physicians.

Further notice is hereby given that a Public Hearing upon such bill will be held at the Mayor's Office in the City Hall in the City of New York, on Tuesday, April 26, 1910, at 11 o'clock A. M.

Dated City Hall, New York, April 22, 1910.
WILLIAM J. GAYNOR, Mayor.

This will be the third bill heard.

PURSUANT TO STATUTORY REQUIREment, notice is hereby given that an act, Assembly bill, Printed No. 1,858, Int. No. 783, has been passed by both branches of the Legislature, entitled

AN ACT

To amend the Greater New York charter, in relation to the licensing and regulating of certain trades or business.

Further notice is hereby given that a Public Hearing upon such bill will be held at the Mayor's Office in the City Hall in the City of New York, on Tuesday, April 26, 1910, at 11 o'clock A. M.

Dated City Hall, New York, April 22, 1910.
WILLIAM J. GAYNOR, Mayor.

This will be the fourth bill heard.

PURSUANT TO STATUTORY REQUIREment, notice is hereby given that an act, Senate bill, Printed No. 958, Int. No. 843, has been passed by both branches of the Legislature, entitled

AN ACT

To amend chapter six hundred and six of the laws of nineteen hundred and two, entitled "An act to incorporate the Brooklyn Public Library and to permit libraries in the Borough of Brooklyn of the City of New York to convey their property thereto, and limiting and defining the powers thereof," in relation to the appointment and reclassification of the members thereof.

Further notice is hereby given that a Public Hearing upon such bill will be held at the Mayor's Office in the City Hall in the City of New York, on Tuesday, April 26, 1910, at 11 o'clock A. M.

Dated City Hall, New York, April 22, 1910.
WILLIAM J. GAYNOR, Mayor.

This will be the sixth bill heard.

Personal.
40 cents per agate line each insertion.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT I AM living separate and apart from my wife, CLAUDIA T. WHEELER; that I have made ample and sufficient provision for her separate maintenance and support; and that she has no authority to purchase on my credit; and anyone who gives her credit must look to her separate estate for payment of any obligation she incurs; and that I will not be responsible therefor.

Dated New York, April 23d, 1910.
ALBERT C. WHEELER, JR.

Lost.
25c. a line 1 time; 3 times 20c. a line a day; 7 times 15c. a line a day.

LOST.—Saturday, April 23, gold bracelet, chain catch, 9th Av. elevated, between 98d and 155th or Jerome Av. car to 184th St.; liberal reward. 60 West 94th St.

LOST.—Gold watch, fob, and pin, Saturday afternoon, between Ditson's, 34th St., and 121st St. via Broadway Subway. Sammis, 323 West 121st St. Reward.

LOST.—Lady's silver bag, left on bench at Riverside Drive and 123d St.; reward. Mrs. J. Levy, 320 St. Nicholas Av.

LOST.—In Lenox local (Subway) Saturday, between 8:30 and 4:30 P. M., silverware in parcel; liberal reward. M. Fishbein, 264 Greene St.

LOST.—Friday, possibly Harlem, gold nugget pin belt buckle; heirloom; reward. Brady, Room 36, Ninth Floor, 15 Broad St.

LOST.—Gold watch fob engraved "G. A. S."; reward. Geo. A. Stevenot, 3,458 Broadway.

$100.00 REWARD for gold chain purse set with diamonds and uncut sapphires; lost April 17, between New York and Mount Kisco. Tiffany & Co., Fifth Av., 37th Street.

Lost and Found—Cats, Dogs
25c. a line 1 time; 3 times 20c. a line a day; 7 times 15c. a line a day.

LOST.—Wednesday, white Maltese terrier; answers name of Ruffles; vicinity of 1,017 Madison Av.; liberal reward; no questions asked. Stiegelberg, 1,017 Madison Av.

UNWANTED DOGS AND CATS should be taken to the A. S. P. C. A. Shelter for Animals, 102d St. and East River, or the Ambulance House at 111 East 22d St. Owners of lost dogs and cats and responsible persons wishing to secure pets should apply at the Shelter.

Found.
25c. a line 1 time; 3 times 20c. a line a day; 7 times 15c. a line a day.

ADVERTISE FOUND ARTICLES.
The Law:

"A person who finds lost property under circumstances which give him knowledge or means of inquiring as to the true owner, and who appropriates such property to his own use, or to the use of another person who is not entitled thereto, without having first made every reasonable effort to find the owner and restore the property to him, is guilty of larceny."—New York State Penal Code.

Lost and Found advertisements for The New York Times may be left at any Advertising Agency, or call 1000 Bryant.

FOUND, April 23.—INTERBOROUGH R. T. CO. Apply 9 Morris St. 2D AV. ELEVATED. Umbrella, handbag, breastpin, eyeglasses books, photos, music, oilcloth bag, bottle liquid. 3D AV. ELEVATED: Five umbrellas, satchel, wristbag, books, school card, 2 pads, 3 pairs gloves, bow and pin, skirt, package silk shirt, pair corsets, cloth bag, square, piece wood, bottle liquor, 2 drills, package cheese. 6TH AV. ELEVATED: Six umbrellas, box cigars, capsules, purses, 2 cardcases, books, blue print, package papers, 3 pairs gloves, 2 letters cloth bag, doll, package lace, towels, spoon. 9TH AV. ELEVATED: Umbrella, 2 pair gloves, sample book, neckpiece, hat, bottle water, mesh bag. SUBWAY: Suitcase, 7 umbrellas, purse, handbag, book, purses, breastpin, charm, eyeglasses, 3 pairs gloves, blue prints, package cloth, 2 envelopes and papers, pair rubbers, cardcase, 2 cans benzine, 3 glass jars oil, racks, screwdriver, can grease, sword.

FOUND, April 23.—L. I. R. R. Apply Lost Property Bureau, Long Island City: Umbrella, package.

FOUND, April 23.—WEST SHORE R. R. Apply Station Master's Office, Weehawken, N. J. R. R. TRAIN: Umbrella.

FOUND, April 23.—ERIE R. R. Apply Information Desk, Jersey City, N. J.: Umbrella, rubbers, book, keys, glove, photograph.

FOUND, April 23.—D., L. & W. R. R. Apply Information Desk, Hoboken, N. J.: Six umbrellas, three packages, pair gloves, necklace.

FOUND, April 23.—PENNSYLVANIA R. R. Apply Baggage Master, Jersey City, N. J. R. R. TRAINS: Three backages, book, three umbrellas, memorandum book, stickpin. JERSEY CITY STATION: Two hats, lady's umbrella, two packages. 23D ST. BOAT: Handbag.

FOUND, April 23.—N. Y. CENTRAL R. R. Apply Lost Article Office, G. C. S.: Package of fishing rods, black veil, wallet, coat, book, six umbrellas, lunch box, two pairs rubbers, pair gloves, handbag, railroad ticket, eyeglasses.

FOUND, April 23.—CENTRAL R. R. OF N. J. Apply Lost Property Bureau, foot of Liberty St., city. LIBERTY ST. STATION: Pair eyeglasses found in ladies' dressing room. FERRIES: Package of medicine. TRAINS: Ruler, bundle, four umbrellas.

FOUND, April 23.—NEW ENGLAND NAVIGATION CO. S. S. PRISCILLA, Fall River Line: Nightdress, shirt, and towel, jewel box, powder box, silk muffler and veil, book, pair rubbers, nightshirt, pair gloves, eyeglasses and case, two overcoats.

Help Wanted—Females.
15c. a line 1 time; 3 times 12c. a line a day; 7 times 10c. a line a day.

OFFICE ASSISTANT.—American woman about 30 for lady's office; must be well bred, socially well connected, of good appearance; experience not necessary. X. Z., Box 242 Times.

WANTED—Lady musicians; trombone, tuba, alto, clarinette, and bass; 30 weeks' contract; travel in Pullman cars; fine Summer's outing; all nice people engaged; show opens May 5. Write C. R. Gerdes, Alcazar Theatre, 108 East Madison St., Chicago, Ill.

YOUNG WOMEN, between 17 and 23 years of age, to learn telephone operating for Central Office positions; for those who qualify salary of $5 a week paid while learning. Apply after 9 A. M. at Application Department, New York Telephone Co., 58 West Houston St., cor. Wooster St.

Help Wanted—Males.
15c. a line 1 time; 3 times 12c. a line a day; 7 times 10c. a line a day.

BRIGHT YOUNG MAN wanted to learn a business; salary small to start with; prospects of advancement. G 135 Times.

DRAUGHTSMAN, first-class; mechanical line; give experience and salary. G 126 Times.

GOVERNMENT EMPLOYES WANTED.—Write for New York examination schedule; preparation free. Franklin Institute, Dept. 260N, Rochester, N. Y.

MEN WANTED
for galvanizing, tinning, and soda fountain work. Apply 189 Cook St., Brooklyn, N. Y.

SALESMAN WANTED.—A leading lace and embroidery importing house has an excellent opening for a competent salesman to cover Brooklyn and part of New York City; only those well qualified and with first-class references should apply in writing to Goldanberg Brothers & Co., 109 6th Av., New York.

SALESMEN.—Wanted, men employed during the day to sell houses and lots on Saturday, Sunday, and evenings. David P. Leahy Realty Co., 22 Court St., Brooklyn.

SALESMAN wanted for side line of misses' and children's coats and suits; one who handles cloaks. C Box 89 Times.

SALESMEN to carry side line of Irish crochet ladies' neckwear throughout United States. G 165 Times.

WANTED—Man who can introduce us to possible customers for fine real estate sold at low prices and on easy terms; big plots; $10 cash, $5 monthly; everything right; prefer those having employment; no soliciting; good pay. Address B 174 Times Downtown.

WELDERS and machine hands wanted. Apply 189 Cook St., Brooklyn, N. Y.

$100.00 WILL BE PAID by The New York Times for the arrest and conviction of any person who may have obtained money under false pretenses through the medium of a misleading or fraudulent advertisement appearing in The Times.

Situations Wanted—Females
15c. a line 1 time; 3 times 12c. a line a day; 7 times 10c. a line a day.

NURSE, &c.—Graduate nurse and masseur for nervous patient; gentleman or lady; call or write. Helen Cleary, 168 8th Av.

SECRETARY, &c.—College graduate; secretary, stenography, manuscript work; experienced; best references. Box 172, Westwood, N. J.

STENOGRAPHER, business school graduate, anxious to make good start, small salary with advancement. Miss Riley, 605 Madison Av.; 'phone 2993 Plaza.

STENOGRAPHER, SECRETARY.—First-class correspondent, office assistant; thoroughly conversant modern business methods. N 174 Times.

STENOGRAPHER. — Experienced, careful; any machine; transcribes accurately, intelligently; $12; references. D 71 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER.—Secretary, five years' experience; takes technical dictation; academic dictation. Brewster, 183 Times Downtown.

Situations Wanted--Females.
15c. a line 1 time; 3 times 12c. a line a day; 7 times 10c. a line a day.

STENOGRAPHER, six months' experience, desires position where faithful and competent discharge of duties will gain advancement; excellent references; $7. Refined, 103 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER.—Five years' practical experience; competent to hold difficult position; accustomed to handling high-class work; references from previous employes; $15. Miss S., 192 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER.—English girl, 19, graduate Brooklyn High School; experienced; $8. Langhan, 179 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER.—Excellent speller; reads notes well; operates machine neatly; $8. W 44 Times Downtown.

YOUNG WOMAN, several years with charge of office, very responsible position, with power of attorney, expert bookkeeper and stenographer, is open for position; highest bank and commercial references. Capable, 187 Times Downtown.

Situations Wanted—Males.
15c. a line 1 time; 3 times 12c. a line a day; 7 times 10c. a line a day.

A1 BANK BOOKKEEPER. NO SUPERIOR. Unemployed because of bank failure; combination of speed, accuracy, neatness you have always wanted; specialist in finding differences; $900 to start. Apply, if interested only, Hart, 226 Monroe St., Brooklyn.

ACCOUNTANT.
156 Fifth Av.
Room 923; telephone 2458 Gramercy; audits, investigations, systematizing, reports; books kept for small concerns, trustees, and estates; highest references; reasonable rates.

A.—A.—ACCOUNTANT, expert, opens, writes up, disentangles, balances, supervises, closes, audits books; $5 monthly upward; financial statements rendered; references. Accountant, 320 Broadway, Room 1,204. 'Phone 2114—Worth.

A PROGRESSIVE young man seeks work for evening hours; good calculator; knowledge of German and French. H 78 Times.

ACCOUNTANT.—Expert; books opened, closed, balanced, systematized, audited, written up; kept part time; reasonable. Accountant, 32 Union Square. 'Phone 2259—Stuyvesant.

BOOKKEEPER - ACCOUNTANT. — Books opened, audited, systems installed; firms not employing bookkeepers, $2.50 weekly. Accountant, Room 184, 280 Broadway. Telephone 2825 Worth.

BOOKKEEPER.—28, thoroughly competent; wide experience; 11 years; references; salary, $20, with opportunity for promotion. S. Howard Johnson, 439 1st St., Brooklyn.

CHAUFFEUR.—Prefers position in country where ability as useful man would be of value; age 25; single; neat appearance; experienced repair man; willing worker; moderate salary. G 134 Times.

CHAUFFEUR.—Young man wishes position as chauffeur; good references. Bohringer, care Prasch, 517 East 80th St.

COACHMAN.—Understands business; 15 years' reference; has five months' experience with automobiles. M. K., 137 East 44th St.

COACHMAN.—Life experience; highest testimonials for driving and riding. G 117 Times.

COLUMBIA UNIVERSITY STUDENT EMPLOYMENT COMMITTEE can furnish thoroughly competent men and women tutors and companions; also clerks and draftsmen for part time and Summer work. Employment Committee, Sub-station 84, City. Telephone 1460 Morningside.

COLLEGE STUDENTS.
College men to fill all kinds of permanent and vacation jobs; vacation June 1 to Oct. 1. B 168 Times Downtown.

CONGENIAL OCCUPATION, no insurance or canvassing, desired by educated, refined gentleman of 60, in excellent mental and physical condition; as an assistant in almost any established business, and especially as a correspondent, would be found competent and valuable; salary question not important, as advertiser has an ample income. Absolutely Dependable, G 128 Times.

DETECTIVE seeks work by day or week; shadowing, investigating. Dean, 392 Tompkins Av., Brooklyn.

EXECUTIVE-CLERICAL position wanted; 32 years old; 14 years' experience with one of the best financial institutions in New Jersey from the bottom to the top; character beyond reproach; unquestionable reference; any business. Executive, G 129 Times.

LANDSCAPE GARDENER.—Arranges private gardens; cares for the same. Koller, 26 Scholes St., Brooklyn.

MASSEUR.—European expert; open for engagements. Waldher, 41 West 42d St. 'Phone 1580—Bryant.

MASSAGE.
Scientific, Manual, Electrical, and Vibratory manipulations in your home by appointment; Graduate Nurse and Masseur, (Bellevue Hospital.) 'Phone 4590 Audubon, 241 W. 187th. Arthur G. Blood, R. N.

SALESMAN, (outside,) well acquainted with builders and architects especially, now employed and controlling considerable trade, desires to make change. R J 117 Times.

SPANISH technical translations; speedy; accurate; cheap. W. F. Beers, 3,750 Broadway. Telephone 490 Audubon.

TUTOR.—A Columbia junior of good family would like a position as tutor for the Summer months in Latin, Greek, French, German, and mathematics; no objection to traveling; excellent references from the professors of Columbia College. S. F. W., 304 West 109th St.

YOUNG MAN, High School education, desires position with chance of advancement in office of wholesale concern; references. Address Israel Siegel, 236 Henry St., city.

Say you saw it in The Times.

Boarders Wanted.
15c. a line 1 time; 3 times 12c. a line a day; 7 times 10c. a line a day.

West Side.

1.—Attractive suites, single rooms, with and without board; all locations; references; doctors' offices. Leland Board Directory, 4 West 83d St.

5TH AV., 46.—Well-furnished large, small rooms, with board; also parlor suite, bath.

11TH ST., 28 WEST.—Large room, comfortably furnished; running water; telephone; good table.

40TH ST., 309 WEST.—Single and double rooms with good board; $7.

48TH ST., 103 WEST.—Desirable large and single front rooms; superior board optional; table guests.

58TH ST., 135 WEST.—Large and small rooms; near "L" and Subway; parlor dining; references.

74TH ST., 149 WEST.—Handsomely furnished back parlor; also smaller room; excellent table; conveniences; references.

74TH ST., 102 WEST.—Rooms; high-class accommodations; cuisine unexcelled; moderate; references; table guests accommodated.

82D ST., 74 WEST.—Newly furnished rooms, with board; large private bath; furnished to suit; references.

83D ST., 57 WEST.—Superior home table, $4; attractive, south, single room, with board, $7.50.

83D ST., 28 WEST.—Accommodations for two or three persons in high-grade Jewish house.

91ST ST., 29 WEST.—Desirable, large room; private bath; dressing room; also single room; telephone.

96D ST., 122 WEST.—Desirable room; all conveniences; southern exposure; good board; telephone; references.

93D ST., 128 WEST.—Few more table guests in high-class boarding house; parlor dining.

102D ST., 243 WEST, Near Riverside.—Unusual opportunity; large, handsome room; strictly private bath, shower, high-class private house; every requisite for comfort; excellent table; Subway; ideal Summer locality.

123D ST., 168 WEST.—Airy large rooms; 'phone; substantial board optional; well-kept house; references.

126TH ST., 108 WEST.—Desirable rooms; all conveniences; Summer terms; near Subway; telephone; table board.

ALLIANCE HOUSE, 258-260 West 44th St.—Small family hotel, centrally located; elevator and telephone service; baths and writing rooms on each floor; excellent cuisine; moderate rates; quiet place for quiet people. Telephone 793 Bryant.

THE MARBLE HOUSE,
Broadway at 215th St., OPPOSITE SUBWAY STATION; ONLY PLACE OF ITS KIND IN CITY; FIRST-CLASS ACCOMMODATIONS; large, small rooms; suites; immense grounds; overlooking Hudson, Palisades, Harlem River. Telephone.

Why go to country when you have more comfort in town? Move to beautiful Washington Heights. THE AUDUBON, 540 TO 546 WEST 149TH ST., NEAR B'WAY, located in the most beautiful section in city, offers first-class accommodations at very reasonable rates.

Large reception parlor, billiard room, parlor dining rooms; food the best and plenty; large porch and gardens in rear of building; social surroundings, musical entertainments a real home.

Boarders Wanted.
15c. a line 1 time; 3 times 12c. a line a day; 7 times 10c. a line a day.

West Side.

145TH ST., 613 WEST.—Large room, overlooking Hudson; running water; good board; telephone; table guests.

East Side.

15TH ST., 218 EAST.—Most desirable rooms; view of Stuyvesant Park; excellent table; references; 'phone.

17TH ST., 116 EAST.—Front parlor, suitable light business or small family; table board; telephone.

21ST ST., 145 EAST, Gramercy Park.—Desirable rooms; large, small; excellent table; reference; park privilege.

MADISON AV., 694-696.—Second floor; suites and separate rooms with excellent board; reasonable.

MADISON AV., 169, Corner 33d St.—Exceptional table board by the week or single.

Brooklyn.

78TH ST., Brooklyn.—Lady owning cottage in Bayridge, wishes to board and care for one or two children of parents that do business at Summer resort; can also have home in same house. Board $5 per week. Box H 5 Times.

Long Island.

Douglas Manor Inn, Douglaston, on Little Neck Bay; easy commuting distance; special rates starting season early. Apply direct or 1,123 Broadway.

Say you saw it in The Times.

Country Board.
20c. a line 1 time; 7 times 18c. a line a day; 30 times 16 2-3c a line a day.

New York State.

Windlemere, Tarrytown, N. Y.—Convenient location; beautiful scenery; modern improvements; eight-room cottage, with board.

New Jersey.

Summer accommodations may be secured at the Hillcrest, 115 Paulison Av., Passaic, N.J.; located in the best residential part of town, short distance from well-known golf course and 35 minutes from New York City.

Say you saw it in The Times.

Furnished Rooms.
15c. a line 1 time; 3 times 12c. a line a day; 7 times 10c. a line a day.

West Side.

12TH ST., 41 WEST.—Attractively furnished, clean, light rooms; running water; telephone; references.

12TH ST., 126 WEST.—Large room; running water; telephone.

15TH ST., 252 WEST.—Large, newly furnished room; hot and cold water; telephone; private house.

23D, 264 WEST.—Large, neatly kept, well-furnished rooms with private bath.

44TH ST., 142 WEST.—Beautifully furnished bachelor apartments; 80 modern paintings; cannot be appreciated until seen. Can be seen between 2 and 4 P. M. Mrs. Stanley.

44TH ST., 216 WEST.—Desirable, well-furnished rooms; quiet, refined; board optional; gentlemen; references.

44TH ST., 210 WEST.—Large and small rooms, with or without board; telephone.

48TH ST., 134 WEST.—Nicely furnished large room for gentleman; house quiet; references. 3043 Bryant.

50TH ST., 51 WEST.—Private American family; elegantly furnished large room, connecting bath; gentleman; reference.

51ST ST., 247 WEST.—Large and small furnished rooms, with running water; use of phone.

55TH ST., 103 WEST.—Large outside room, furnished or unfurnished; conveniences; refined surroundings; references. Tappan.

64TH, 119 WEST.—Unusually pleasant room; attractively furnished; all improvements; low rental until September.

68TH ST., 38 WEST.—Rooms for gentlemen; absolutely clean; daintily furnished; private house; electric lights, telephone; private baths; every modern convenience; exceptional service; breakfast if desired; highest references only.

68TH ST., 67 WEST.—Handsomely furnished suite; private bath; physician or family; other large and small rooms; board optional; near Central Park.

71ST ST., 73 WEST.—Large room; suitable two; gentlemen; twin bed; adjoining bath; $4 each.

71ST ST., 235 WEST.—Large front south room, second floor; private house. Tel. 470—Col.

71ST ST., 143 WEST.—Large sunny room, bath; electric light; Subway, "L" stations; gentlemen.

73D ST., 179 WEST.—Handsomely furnished small back room; all conveniences; American family; Subway express.

76TH, 125 WEST.—Handsomely furnished large second-story front room; breakfast optional; telephone; references.

79TH ST., 121 AND 131 WEST.—Rooms, with board; every convenience.

80TH ST., 122 WEST.—Bachelor's handsome, airy, rear room; quiet, refined surroundings; private residence; reference.

80TH ST., 132 WEST.—Private house; large, medium rooms; newly furnished

EX-COWBOYS GATHER TO BID CODY GOOD-BYE

Three from Panama Discourse on Progress There and the Bigger Jobs They Have.

BUT WON'T RIDE THE PONIES

One of the New Hands Tossed by a Buffalo, Horse and All, at a Garden Round-Up.

Like a page from Col. Roosevelt's hunting annals was the conversation that flowed reminiscent across a table in Preston's Hotel, opposite Madison Square Garden, last night.

It was a party of cowboys who furnished the talk, and the tales they had to tell made the other diners in the usually placid dining room sit up and pay distinct attention. Some, but not all, of the cowboys were from Buffalo Bill's show, that was making ready across the street. What made their party more joyous was that three of their kind who had gone far afield from the show days of years ago had come back again.

Not hardened now to the saddle and spur, and not so wiry as the men who still can throw a daily lasso for an admiring populace, these cowboy visitors still had the twang of the showman in their voices. But it was from the Canal Zone that they came, all for the purpose of whooping up a large rough-riding whoop for Col. Cody at the opening of his farewell American tour.

The last time the three saw the Colonel or his show was when Roosevelt led them off to Cuba as handy men in the saddle and handier still with the trigger finger. Since then one has become famous in the tropics as a Captain and organizer of the Cuban police, and later as a Police Inspector along the Pacific end of the canal.

Before the war one was the head cowboy of the Buffalo Bill show. The man who succeeded him in that post was host of last night's reunion.

The visitors were Capt. Bert Schenck, Wyoming cowboy before 1894, Buffalo Bill showman until 1905, and a Panama policeman since that date; George Shanton, a Kentucky-born mountaineer and showman until 1898, who since then has been in Cuba and Panama, and Police Inspector Andy Belnap, who left the show with Schenck to go South on Shanton's invitation.

The Old Trick Jumpers.

The cowboys still familiar with the correct way to dodge a mustang's heels and gain his back as he wheels to kick told the bronzed and fattened men from the canal all about the things their horses do now, that make them as hard to ride as were the mustangs of the old days, while the men from the Canal Zone told the others what a great man Roosevelt was, and how nearly equal to him was Leonard Wood.

"Do you know we never had anything in the show like that old horse Jubilee you showed them French officers a trick or two about?" remarked the man who has succeeded Shanton as chief rider in the cowboy group.

"What was that?" put in a youngish-looking cowboy with a tow head and a shamefaced expression due to an occurrence of the afternoon in which a buffalo had bunted him and his pony with disastrous effects to both and much merriment to the others.

It was one of the local showmen who answered. "Why, when the show first went over to Paris, back in '89, Shanton had along with him two of the meanest horses we ever knew. Only the best of us could stick 'em, and even then they throwed us every now and then. One night some French cavalry officers came along and allowed that the horses was trained to buck and they could stick 'em if we'd give 'em a chance. The officers came from the regular cavalry school at Saumar, which is just the same as our West Point. Well, we fixed it up with their commander for three of us to tackle their horses while three of them tackled ours.

"Everything went along all right, and both sides showed they had the stuff in 'em, till it came to Jubilee, an old high-stepper. One at a time the three Frenchmen was sent biting the dust, and Jubilee sent the last one so far over his head that he didn't even cling on to the bridle.

"And that was where Shanton came in. He upped with his rope and lassoed Jubilee, and before you knew it he was on his back and they were going for it.

"All at once I see Jubilee go down and start to roll over. Sure as I'm sittin' here he rolled over three times, and Lord, I says to myself, he's dumped us, the same as he dumped them. But when that fool horse got up there sat Shanton in the saddle, and, bless me, to this day I never could tell how he did it.

"How'd you do it, George?

"Oh, well, I was in the show business then, and takin' chances was a regular part of the game. I'm out of it now, though, and I wouldn't ever want to take a chance like that again.

Arrests in 72 Languages.

"But, say, you ought to have been down in Panama when Roosevelt came down on his visit. All the regular entertainers in my bailiwick were late to greet him once, and I had my police all lined up ready for him. He gave me a mighty fine compliment then, and that's the best thing I remember out of the whole diggings. You know we're makin' the dirt fly down there in seventy-two different languages now, and I have to pinch a man occasionally in all seventy-two of them. I learned to parley Francais with the show in Paris, and I picked up Spanish in Cuba, and I can blat the rest from what I've learned around the shovels."

They have a horse with the show now that's styled High Tower, and he is the successor of all of Jubilee's ferocious reputation. When the Panama visitors called on Col. Cody yesterday afternoon to pay their respects to the veteran of the West, who plans soon to retire to the little remnant of it that still hovers about his Wyoming ranch, the Colonel invited all three of them to try out High Tower "and see if you can come back into your own."

"I won't accept the Colonel's invitation," said Shanton, "although I'd do more for him than any man alive. But riding isn't my game now. When it was I took every chance I needed to. My brother Harry, who also used to be with the show, is now a New York policeman. Maybe he'd like to try."

Tossed by a Buffalo Bull.

"What was the name of the tow-headed cowboy the buffalo bunted?" Shanton was asked.

"I wouldn't dare tell you, boy," he answered. "It wouldn't be professional and it wouldn't be safe."

The tow-headed cowboy, who perforce must here be nameless, was one of three who were mounted and composed a "surround" for the buffalo yesterday afternoon, while their quarters in the Garden basement were being prepared for them. The animals were herded into the centre of the main arena, and the cowboy was sitting lazily on his horse smoking a cigarette, rather nearer to the animals than the other two. Without any show of anger a large buffalo bull stepped past, jerked his head up under the horse's flanks, and sent both horse and his rider into the air. The horse landed on his feet, but the rider landed in the sawdust fully twelve feet away from his horse. The buffalo bull, after his quiet little bunt into his herder turned back among his companions as if nothing had happened, and the tow-headed victim remained the butt of his fellows for the rest of the day.

Mine Men Deny Crucifixion Story.

AVELLA, Penn., April 24.—A story of the crucifixion of a Slav which has been published as having taken place at the hands of employes at the Pittsburg and Washington Coal Company's works here is a falsehood, according to Justice W. W. Weighmann, Mine Superintendent Boggs, and the county Sheriff. The Rev. George Rabbish, the alleged victim of the crucifixion, is not known and cannot be located here.

HACKETT MAY REMARRY.

Actor Explaining Divorce Decree Says He's Bound Only in This State.

Special to The New York Times.

BOSTON, April 24.—James K. Hackett, the actor whose wife, Mary Mannering, obtained a divorce from him in New York last week, has given out this statement in regard to the case:

"So much of partial truth and so much of total untruth have found their way to public print the last three years in regard to this unfortunate affair that I feel in duty bound to myself and to my friends to issue the following simple statement of facts:

"In June, 1907, I demanded through my then attorneys, Messrs. A. L. and S. F. Jacobs, a legal separation from my wife. I did not then nor never have desired a divorce because of the child.

"One year thereafter, in June, 1908, Mrs. Hackett commenced action for divorce. I filed my answer, and for one year subsequent thereto, the case remained dead-locked and in statu quo.

"In August, 1909, Mrs. Hackett withdrew her action for divorce. I withdrew my answer, and on Aug. 25, 1909, the action was stricken from the calendar of the court, by order of Judge E. D. Amend.

"Another action which was not opposed to me was then commenced and it is upon this second and undefended action that the interlocutory decree made final yesterday was granted. This decree provides for the custody of the child, pursuant to an agreement entered into between the parents over two years ago by which the companionship and custody of the daughter is to be awarded to the mother during her tender years, the father to have access to the child at all reasonable times until the age of 7 shall be reached, after which the parents shall consult together regarding their daughter's education, custodians, and general welfare, but in the event of their failure to agree, the father's decision shall be final.

"No costs, counsel fees, or alimony are granted by the decress nor can they, under a stipulated agreement, be applied for at any time while the decress remains in force.

"The prohibition to remarry as voiced in the decress, is merely a legal form and technical point under the laws of New York State and does not prohibit my remarriage at any time in any other state or country."

GYPSY PRINCESS BACK HOME.

The Funds of Liberia's Suitor Soon Ran Out in Jersey.

PATERSON, N. J., April 24.—Siberia, the fifteen-year-old gypsy Princess who went away last week with William Stanley, a member of a gypsy tribe encamped at Dover, returned to her own camp at North Paterson to-day, and a very tired and bedraggled young Princess she was. The pair disappeared last Monday night, and since then nothing had been heard of them, although the aid of the Paterson police had been enlisted by the girl's parents, Chief Wells and Queen Sarah.

Siberia told her parents on her return that she and Stanley had had a hard time of it and that she was glad to get home again. The couple had been wandering about the country, and on one occasion they got lost in the woods and were caught in a heavy downpour of rain and drenched to the skin.

Stanley had only a little money with him and when his funds were exhausted and they were both in danger of starvation they decided to go back to their respective camps.

Chief Wells was so glad to get his daughter back that he said he would not prosecute Stanley for abduction, as he had threatened to do. On the contrary, he said, he would permit Stanley to marry the handsome young Princess when she reaches the age of eighteen, if she then feels so inclined.

ETHICAL LEADER QUITS.

Prof. Sprague of Brooklyn to Work in the Christian Church.

Prof. Leslie Willis Sprague, founder and for nearly five years the leader of the Brooklyn Society for Ethical Culture, occupied yesterday morning the pulpit of Immanuel Congregational Church, Decatur Street, Brooklyn, of which the Rev. John Stapleton is pastor. Prof. Sprague has resigned from the Ethical Society, and it is understood that he may take up some field of labor in the Christian Church.

"The social movement needs the motives of religion," said Prof. Sprague, "and religion needs to hear and heed the challenge of the social life. What is wanted is not so much a new doctrine, a new religion, as a renewal of the spirit and truth of the religion that still is; not a new Church, but a renewed Church is our want. There is need, not of a new Golden Rule, but of the consciousness of the truth and value of the Golden Rule that Jesus gave. Not a new Decalogue, but a quickened sense of the value of the old code, and its application to the widening range of life."

HYDE CASE PAPERS STOLEN.

Prosecutor Declares Grand Jury Notes Were Taken from Assistant.

KANSAS CITY, Mo., April 24.—Prosecutor Virgil Conkling is satisfied that the Grand Jury notes which Dr. Hyde's counsel produced in court last Wednesday were stolen from Ruby B. Garrett, an assistant Prosecutor.

"The Grand Jury notes were stolen," Mr. Conkling said. "No doubt remains about this. They were taken from the pocket of Mr. Garrett on Saturday, April 16, while he was riding on a street car. What am I going to do about it? I can't say. In the course of time action will be taken, but just now the trying of the case against Hyde is keeping me too busy to attempt any other work. I will say this, however, the defendant's testimony will not be the same as it would have been if the papers had not been taken."

Judge Latshaw said to-night that he intended to leave to the Prosecutor the whole investigation of loss of the notes. Frank P. Walsh, representing Dr. Hyde, will resume his cross-examination of Miss Anna Houlihan, a nurse, when the trial is resumed to-morrow.

FOUND HIS UNCLE DEAD.

Retired Builder Thought to Have Turned On Gas Accidentally.

James Vanderbeck, who, with several other nephews of Richard B. Vanderbeck, a retired builder, live at 442 East 135th Street, the Bronx, went home yesterday afternoon at 12:30 o'clock. None of the nephews had been at home on Saturday night. James Vanderbeck smelled gas, which he traced to his uncle's room. On breaking open the door he found his uncle dead on the bed. He was partly dressed. The gas was coming from one gas jet.

Dr. W. A. Boyd of 232 Willis Avenue, the Bronx, who was called in, said that Mr. Vanderbeck had been dead several hours. He was 55 years old, and often went home late at night. His relatives assumed that he had come home early Sunday morning, had taken his clothes partly off, turned the gas off and then on again, and had then lain down on the bed to sleep. The police considered his death accidental.

TO INSTRUCT THE FARMER.

New York Central to Send Out Another Train Through Upper New York.

The New York Central Railroad announced yesterday that during the week beginning May 9, it will run another Educational Farm Train through the farming and dairy section of Northern New York, covering Lewis, Jefferson, St. Lawrence, Franklin, and Clinton Counties. The train will start from Utica on Tuesday, May 10. The train will be run under the auspices of the New York State School of Agriculture of Cornell University, assisted by members of the faculty of the State School of Agriculture of St. Lawrence University, New York State Department of Agriculture, State Forester and New York State Grange.

Demonstrations and lectures upon the subjects of Farm Crops and Management, Fertilizers, Orchards, Spraying, Pruning, Forestry, Insect Pests, &c., will take place simultaneously in different cars.

WILD JOY RIDE ENDS IN A CRASH

Auto Wrecked Against a Tree in Jersey After Upsetting a Carriage and Injuring the Driver.

ESCAPE IN ANOTHER CAR

Police Have the Name of the Owner, Though, and He Is Said to be a New Yorker.

Special to The New York Times.

ATLANTIC CITY, April 24.—An automobile bearing a New York and a New Jersey license raced across the meadows at a high rate of speed between 4 and 5 o'clock to-day, smashed into a carriage driven by John Bloom, and knocked it to one side of the road. The axle was broken, the wheels were dished, and Bloom was thrown out. He was not seriously hurt.

The driver of the automobile, which contained three other persons, did not stop. He put on more power and sped on to Pleasantville. He did not slow down as he attempted to make the turn from the Boulevard into the Shore Road. The automobile struck and uprooted a tree, broke down a sign, and then turned a somersault. The occupants were unhurt, beyond some slight cuts and bruises, but the automobile was wrecked. The front axle was broken and three of the wheels were smashed.

The autoists managed to escape the authorities of the country village, hired another auto, and so got away. It is reported here to-night that the owner of the auto lives in New York, and that he and his party came down yesterday and stayed at Young's Hotel last night. The authorities here have taken the matter up, and it is likely arrests will follow. Bloom will bring a suit for damages.

Louis Schmeld of 164 West Eighty-fourth Street died in St. Joseph's Hospital, Yonkers, yesterday, of injuries suffered on Saturday when he was run down by an automobile driven by William Phinney, a civil engineer of Yonkers. Schmeld suffered, in addition to concussion of the brain, fractures of both legs and four of his ribs. He was run down on Lakeside Drive, Yonkers, and, according to witnesses, Mr. Phinney was not to blame. Mr. Schmeld was talking to Charles H. Runnison, with whom he lived in Manhattan, and had plenty of time to get out of the way of Mr. Phinney's auto had he used ordinary caution. Instead he is said to have walked directly in front of the car, the distance being so short that Mr. Phinney was unable to stop in time to prevent running him down.

After the accident Mr. Phinney picked up the injured man and carried him to the hospital. Mr. Phinney was arrested yesterday afternoon, and was paroled in the custody of his father pending an investigation of the accident by the Coroner.

Ludwig Johnson, a schoolboy living with his parents at 228 West Sixty-third Street, was run down by an automobile owned and driven by Herbert S. Queal, a lawyer of 929 West End Avenue, yesterday afternoon.

The accident occurred at Eighth Avenue and Fifty-eighth Street. The boy had stepped from behind a trolley car in front of Mr. Queal's motor. Mr. Queal, who was accompanied by his wife, picked up the lad and drove with him to Roosevelt Hospital, where the doctors said his injuries were not serious. Policeman McDonald of the West Forty-seventh Street Station arrested Mr. Queal on the technical charge of assault, and Mrs. Queal pledged their home, in West End Avenue, as security for his appearance in the West Side Court this morning.

In the Oranges they are waging war against automobile speeders. Among those captured yesterday was the chauffeur for Theodore Roosevelt Robinson, a son of Douglas Robinson of this city and a nephew of ex-President Roosevelt. Mr. Robinson was not in the auto at the time, and arranged for the release of his chauffeur on bail by telephone. Theodore W. Church of this city was another person arrested by the Orange police. He was released on $50 bail.

There have been many complaints received lately of speeding in the Borough of Queens, and yesterday Commissioner Baker sent a detail of Headquarters men from Manhattan to try and stop it. As a result several arrests were made, among them Julius Fleischmann, ex-Mayor of Cincinnati, who with his family is stopping at the Plaza. Mr. Fleischmann was driving the auto when arrested on the Hoffman Boulevard. He deposited $100 cash bail for his appearance in court this morning.

The chauffeur of Clarence H. Mackay was also arrested. The police said Mr. Mackay was in the car at the time. The Mackay home at 10 West Fiftieth Street was given as security for the chauffeur's appearance in court to-day. John Major, the chauffeur for Mrs. Thomas Palmer of 247 Fifth Avenue, was another prisoner, and so was also Theodore Starritt, the builder, of 352 West Forty-eighth Street.

Miss Evelyn Buckman of 248 West Fifty-first Street, who was arrested for speeding her automobile in Queens Borough on Saturday, forfeited her bond yesterday. She telephoned to Magistrate Fitch in the Jamaica Police Court, asking that she be excused from appearing until this morning.

The Judge warned her the bond would be declared forfeited if she did not appear before court adjourned. She did not appear, and the forfeiture was entered.

The court may recall it in case she presents a good excuse.

DIE AFTER SALOON ROW.

Italians Mortally Hurt in a Fight in Bronx.

There were five or six Italians in John De Mattia's saloon at 709 East 214th Street last night at 11 o'clock. One of these was Salvatore Scacco, 28 years old, a machinist of 3,627 Carpenter Avenue, a nephew of De Mattia's. Two old enemies of his came in through the side door of the saloon that opens into the hallway of the tenement house in the basement of which the De Mattia saloon is, Stefano Marra, 40 years old, a baker of 709 East 214th Street, and Francesco Grasso, a laborer of 717 East 214th Street.

Scacco and his two enemies immediately drew knives and attacked one another. De Mattia snatched a pistol out of a drawer and began shooting. The five or six other men in the place shielded themselves behind whatever they could find handy.

The fight was over in a minute. Marra lay on the floor dead, with a bulet wound through his liver and another through his right thigh. Scacco lay there dying, with seven or eight wounds. De Mattia got him to his home, and sent for a doctor to attend him. Grasso, who was later taken to Fordham Hospital, had two stab wounds in the left thigh. He will live.

The police of the Wakefield Station House arrested De Mattia, and held as witnesses the five or six Italians who were in the saloon when the fight took place. De Mattia denied that he had done any shooting, but the police say they have plenty of evidence that he did. His pistol was found in the hallway just outside his inner saloon door.

NEWARK ACCOUNTS TANGLED

Discovery Made After the Disappearance of the City Auditor.

The disappearance of City Auditor George Forman of Newark, N. J., has brought to light a tangle in his books which has caused the taxpayers of that city much apprehension. They fear that there may be something wrong with the system of the Municipal Government because Forman failed to keep his books straight for nearly three years.

It has been found that the missing Auditor failed to make any monthly trial balances for three years, such as required by the Newark city charter.

Arrested Grand Juror Discharged.

Jacob Doblin, an auctioneer, living at 251 West 111th Street and a member of the Grand Jury, was arraigned in the Morrisania Court yesterday morning, charged with causing a disturbance in the Subway station at 149th Street and Third Avenue, the Bronx, on Saturday afternoon, in a dispute with a guard about a transfer from the elevated road. The Magistrate discharged Mr. Doblin.

TOM LEE WON'T CONFER.

Refuses to Meet Rival Tong Leader at the Police Station.

Despite the efforts of Capt. Hodgins of the Elizabeth Street Station to bring about a peace agreement between the leaders of the two warring Tongs in Chinatown after the First Secretary of the Chinese Legation at Washington, Dr. Ou Shou-Tchun, and the Chinese Consul here, Yung Yu Yang, had failed, the situation was practically unchanged yesterday.

Tom Lee, the aged leader of the On Leong Tong, refused yesterday afternoon to leave his stronghold in 14 Mott Street and go to the Elizabeth Street Station, where Sam Lock, leader of the Four Brothers Company, was waiting to discuss the situation with Capt. Hodgins.

Tom Lee told two detectives who had been sent to escort him to the station house that the leaders of the Four Brothers Company had refused last Friday to sign the peace agreement when drawn up by Dr. Ou Shou-Tchun and Yung Yu Yang, and that so far as the On Leong Tong was concerned, it would not entertain any overtures of peace until those two officials should open the negotiations again.

The narrow streets of the quarter were as crowded yesterday as ever with visiting Chinese from neighboring settlements. Plain-clothes men and Headquarters detectives stationed in the quarter were on the alert, and any Chinese known to be a society man was followed when he went into rival territory.

PALS SLAY BANK ROBBER.

Dying Man Confesses He Was One of McKees Rocks Yeggmen.

Special to The New York Times.

PITTSBURG, Penn., April 24.—At the Beaver Valley Hospital, in Beaver, this morning, Zete Polovic, a Polish mill worker, died from a gunshot wound inflicted in a fight in the woods near the town last night. Because of a deathbed statement made by the man, authorities are now scouring the entire upper Ohio Valley in the belief that the $5,000 which was stolen from the Victor Bank at McKees Rocks by robbers about ten days ago has just escaped them. The robbers killed Teller A. A. Friedman and Cashier Ignatz Schwartz in getting away with the money.

Beaver County authorities say to-night that the dying man admitted that he was one of the three who robbed the bank, and that he had been wounded mortally by his pals last night in a fight over a division of the spoils. The money appears to have been hidden by the trio in the woods a few miles below McKees Rocks, and it was not until yesterday afternoon that the three considered the coast clear enough to warrant their getting the money out and dividing it. They started down the river with the money, and, nearing Beaver Falls, it was decided to split up the money and separate. There was a battle in which Polovic was shot through the body several times, and he is now dead.

Details of his statement are being guarded by the Beaver County police, who this evening came to Pittsburg and are in consultation with the Pressed Steel Car Company as to the description of the men who escaped, furnished by the dying man. It is admitted that Polovic recently was an employe of the Pressed Steel Car Company.

BURGLAR PLAYS POSSUM.

Throws His Captor Off His Guard by Feigning Unconsciousness.

After overpowering a burglar who entered his home late yesterday, Abraham Gordon, a saloon keeper of 569 South Orange Avenue, Newark, N. J., wrested a revolver from the intruder and struck him two blows over the head. The burglar dropped to the floor apparently unconscious.

While Gordon was putting on his street clothes to call for the police the intruder arose, jumped for the open window, and made his escape.

The burglar gained an entrance to the place through a rear bedroom window.

TO RELIEVE CITY CONGESTION.

Bill in the Legislature Providing for a State Commission.

The Committee on Congestion has got Senator Brackett and Assemblyman W. G. Miller to introduce a bill in both branches of the Legislature providing for the appointment of a special State Commission to inquire into the distribution of population anywhere in the State.

"This bill," says the Congestion Committee's bulletin, "is of special interest to New York City, because, as every charitable agency in the city can testify, there are thousands of families here unable to earn the amount necessary to maintain them, and who are an intermittent if not a constant strain upon the charities of the city. Many could earn a good living on farms. They would, if scattered throughout the State, develop much more normally than is possible for them in New York City, and develop the State as well.

"The bill provides for an unpaid commission of sixteen people, comprised as follows: The State Commissioners of Labor, Agriculture, Health, and of Education, and the Secretary of the State Board of Charities and Correction. Three members are to be appointed by the President of the Senate and four by the Speaker of the Assembly, while the Government is to appoint four members. An appropriation of $10,000 for expenses is provided."

The committee announces that the bill has been indorsed by the State Grange and many other trade, commercial, and social organizations.

THIS BIRD A LINGUIST.

Mrs. Childs's Pet Can Talk English, French and Japanese.

Many expressions of regret followed the departure yesterday of Timothy from the Hotel Wolcott. Timothy is a bird, and although he cannot write he can talk by the hour. A member of the Myna species, peculiar to India and Ceylon, Timothy's kind was rare in this country.

Since he came into the possession of Mrs. D. M. Childs of Buffalo, twelve years ago, Timothy has thrice encircled the globe, and he speaks three languages—English, French, and Japanese. Timothy's gift was so unusual that he attracted much attention at the hotel. In appearance Timothy resembled a crow, except that his bill is pink. His voice tones are most natural and less harsh than a parrot's. In his stay in New York he picked up much local slang. He seemed to take special delight in asking callers if they had seen Kelly.

There were few words that he could not master, but, try as he would, he could not say sarsaparilla. When he became a bit flurried or excited, he would mix up French and Japanese with his English.

The Myna birds in India are chiefly found in the forests of the north, where they live in the tops of the trees and feed mostly on fruits. As they make engaging pets, and are easily taught to repeat words and sentences, they are often kept in confinement by the natives of India.

C. C. Minzesheimer Improving.

The condition of Clarence C. Minzesheimer, a member of the New York Stock Exchange and head of the firm of Charles Minzesheimer & Co., bankers, of 24 Bond Street, who underwent an operation for appendicitis on Saturday at the Hotel St. Regis, was said to be somewhat improved last night. The operation was performed in Mr. Minzesheimer's apartment at the hotel by Dr. Berg, chief visiting surgeon of Mount Sinai Hospital, assisted by Drs. Sternberger and Lipman.

YESTERDAY'S FIRES.

A. M.		Loss.
12:05	1,452 5th Av.; unknown	Trifling
12:20	8 James Slip; L. Allipolheritis	Trifling
12:40	73 Eldridge St.; Samuel Leunthal	$5
1:15	437 East 15th St.; A. Willego	$10
7:05	213-5 East 21st St.; George Newman	$50
7:50	346 East Houston St.; H. Rubin	Trifling
8:00	413 East 15th St.; David Goldman	$10
10:50	157 Ludlow St.; Joseph Fleischman	$5
11:45	175 Belvin Point Lane, the Bronx; C. Lawre	Trifling
11:45	299 Greenwich St.; Edward Davis	$2,500
P. M.		
1:35	320 East 11th St.; Morris Margolis	$20
8:25	729 Tinton Av., the Bronx; J. N. Haften	$10
3:30	456 West 57th St.; Peter Cunlert	$50
4:50	401 West 149th St.; C. Weiners	Trifling
4:55	119 East 102d St.; A. Marks	$10
6:17	158 St. Ann's Av., the Bronx; Harry Gurgness	Trifling
6:30	286 East 104th St.; H. Holstern	Trifling
6:35	249 East 146th St.; Tony Rosso	$5
7:05	382 East 140th St.; Michael Cogen	$60
8:35	142 Norfolk St.; Frank Foss	Slight
8:50	25 Pike St.; Marcus Blum	Trifling
8:57	789 Elton Av.; Tony Weitlauer	$300
9:58	340 West 59th St.; W. Waller	$200
10:—	382 Broome St.; Andrew Ponso	None
9:26	159 East 118th St.; J. Goldberg	Slight
11:10	1,924 2d Av.; J. Alexander	Trifling

SAYS FOREIGN LINES OPPOSE MAIL BILL

Secretary of Marine Committee, Favoring It, Denies Reports on South American Trade.

LINES DOWN THERE LOSING

But a Neutral Agent Declares That There Are as Many Steamers Going There as the Trade Warrants.

J. L. Elwell, Secretary of the Merchant Marine Committee of One Hundred, which is working on behalf of the Ocean Mail bill, now pending before Congress, issued a statement yesterday to say that he had investigated the opposition to the bill in this city and discovered that it emanated from the agents of foreign steamship companies engaged in the Brazil and Argentine trade from this port.

The letter sent to the newspapers on April 10, with the signatures of six New York firms doing business with South America, Mr. Elwell alleges, was drawn up by a member of the firm of Busk & Daniels, agents for the Lamport & Holt Line to Brazil and River Plate ports. It said that there were five lines a month sending vessels direct to Brazil and seven lines a month to the Argentine, which was as much as the trade with those countries warranted. It also said that freights from New York to South America were lower than those from Europe, and the northbound rates to the United States were lower than to any other country.

In reply Mr. Elwell says:

"There is but one real line to Argentina, a foreign enterprise dispatching one steamer a month and stopping at Brazilian way ports, so that the service is totally inadequate. The Postmaster General of the United States declares that the South American steamship service is irregular and unsatisfactory, placing our South American commerce 'at a marked disadvantage.' The National Association of Manufacturers, the National Board of Trade, the American Bankers' Association, the American Cotton Manufacturers' Association, and many other similar bodies have asked for the legislation recommended by President Taft, as it was recommended by his distinguished predecessor, President Roosevelt."

The American Consul General at Rio de Janeiro states:

Merchants complain that the high freight rates obtaining on goods from the United States to Brazil generally continue to act as a deterrent to trade in general. The conference rates (the conference is the European steamship trust) on goods from the United States to this part of South America are nearly twice as high as freight rates from Asiatic ports to the United States.

The head of one of the best-known passenger and freight steamship agents in New York, not himself concerned in the South American trade, said yesterday that at present there were five sailings a month to Brazil and five to ten to the Argentine Republic, which more than covered the amount of business. If the trade should increase tonnage would be increased in the same proportion. As to rates, this agent said that for the last five years there had been a rate war between the lines running to the Brazils, and rates were so low that the lines concerned were all suffering. Six months ago the companies, however, got together and made a rate, so that the cut-throat competition came to an end.

With regard to the River Plate, said the agent, the freight war was going on still between the five or six lines in the business, and freights from New York were far lower than they were from Europe. As a matter of fact, however, he added, the Lamport & Holt Line was the only company that ran its vessels on regular schedule, and until the companies came to an agreement, as the Brazil lines had, they would all continue to be losers.

LATEST CUSTOMS RULINGS.

Books from the Gordon Memorial College, Khartoum, Come In Free.

Collector Loeb has been overruled by the Board of United States General Appraisers in his assessment of a 23 per cent. duty on volumes containing the third report of the Wellcome Research Laboratories at the Gordon Memorial College of Khartoum. The Collector held that the books should be classified as "printed matter," whereas Tice & Lynch, who appeared for the owners of the volumes, alleged free entry under the provision in the tariff for "documents issued by foreign Governments."

It is stated in a special report filed with the Collector by Appraiser Wanmaker, that except the statement on the title pages of the books that they are published for the Department of Education, Soudan Government, there is no evidence that they are in any sense public documents. General Appraiser Fischer, who reviews the case for the Board of Appraisers, reaches the conclusion that the protest of the importers should be sustained. He says:

"We are of the opinion that the contention of the importers is correct. The books deal particularly with diseases peculiar to the Soudan, and are published for the Department of Education, Soudan Government. The fact that the books are sold for a price to the general public does not alter their status as Government documents. The protest is sustained and the decision of the Collector reversed."

The board approves of the contention raised by George M. Webb that free entry should be granted a cup won by him as a prize at a horse show held in London last year. The Collector's action in exacting duty at the rate of 45 per cent. as a "manufacture of metal" is reversed.

Ellis Island Matron's Loss.

Miss Lillie Ellis, a Customs matron, is anxious to regain a small silver card-case, a gift from a lifelong friend now deceased. She is stationed at Ellis Island, and discovered her loss before leaving the immigration station. She missed it soon after leaving the restaurant, where she took it out to pay her bill. She is trying THE TIMES Lost Column in the hope of recovering it.

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